

Mint of the United States,

Philadelphia,

185

I am very respectfully,

A. A. Sinderman.

I am very Respectfull

A. A. Sinderman

A. A. Sinderman

I have the honor to be
With great respect
Your faithful servant

I have the honor to be
With great respect
Your faithful servant

United States Assay Office.

New York, Oct. 26, 1854.

Sir,

I transmit herewith my Estimates of the expenses of this Office for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1856, and of the Appropriations required to be acted, I submit also the grounds upon which these estimates are based.

Not having a former experience to guide me, I have found it difficult to prepare estimates for a period so far in the future. These are submitted with the request that if, upon examination, you deem any correction necessary, you will advise me.

Very respectfully,

Your obt. Servt.

Saml. J. Puffermanth
Supt.

Col. J. R. Snowden,
Director of the Mint,
Philadelphia.

United States Assay Office
New York, Oct. 26, 1884.
Sir,
I have to acknowledge the receipt of
your letter of the 26th, enclosing transfer
draft for \$1225 on this office, in favor of
- the Treasurer of the Mint, in sum of \$500,000.
The object of this transfer is to restore
- the Public Fund the amount transferred
to the Office in New York, thus in addition
- to save your suggestions, approved by the Department,
- to make the draft payable in United States
- currency as it saves the expense of an ad-
- ditional transfer between this Office and the
- Treasury. However, some difficulties would
- arise in our totally paying the draft, other
- whole or in part, in United States
- currency as the object you have in view is
- equally affected in another manner. I
- venture to suggest a slight modification
- of your instructions. It is so indicated
- I propose, in accordance with my under-
- standing of the law, and with approbation
- of the Department.

of the Department already expressed, that all the bullion brought to this Office, "intended by the Depositor to be converted into coin", should, after melting and assay, be from time to time sent to the Mint, by such conveyance as the Secretary of the Treasury shall indicate, and that the same shall be received by the Mint as a deposit in the name of the Treasurer of this Office, the net proceeds being returned to him in coin. In this way the necessity for opening any accounts between the Mint & this Office would be obviated, and all complication as to the adjustment of charges would be avoided. In our calculation of value to determine the amount payable to the depositors the legal deductions will be made. But inasmuch as the bullion is to be operated upon by the Mint it is manifest that these deductions belong to you and not to us. Certainly the most convenient way to place them in your hands will be to allow you to retain them from the proceeds of our deposits precisely as in the case of other depositors. On a careful consideration of all the points involved, both as to practical convenience & in the matter of account, I am satisfied that ^{the} method I propose is the simplest & best.

If you coincide with me in this opinion you will be prepared for my suggestion as to mode of paying the present draft of \$50,000. It is that the impaid bullion now on hand be sent to the Mint, not as a payment on account of that draft, but as a deposit, and that subsequent parcels of bullion be transmitted to you in the same way. The proceeds of these deposits we propose to leave in your hands until the draft is satisfied. This arrangement will save the expense of transporting that amount of coin from the Mint to the Assay Office & also the expense of sending the same amount from the Assay Office in payment of the draft, which I take it is the object of the arrangement proposed by you. The literal payment of the draft in impaid bullion would involve the necessity of our computing its not value for the Mint, & also of making anomalous explanatory entries in our books.

If the arrangement proposed for the general transmission of bullion deposited at this Office for coinage meets your approval, I have to request that you will procure from the Department a general authority addressed to our Treasurer as to the mode of transmitting it. I do not see that any thing else is necessary, as both the law

and the instructions of the Department already
received make such transfers of bullion
the duty of the Treasurer of this office. It
is reasonable however that he should
be protected by authority of the Department
in selecting the mode of transmission.
I may remark that if at the close
of the current quarter, the amount of our
deposits for conveyance shall not have reached
\$50,000 it will be necessary for us to
transmit some balance that may remain unpaid
on the drafts, in coin, and for cash.
If, however, it shall be deemed objectionable
to prolong the payment of the drafts until
our deposits for conveyance reach the amount,
I respectfully suggest that the whole amount
be transmitted by express once, and that
the transmission of bullion be a distinct
transaction in the manner I have proposed.

Very respectfully,
Yours obedient servant,
Saml F. Beaman
Col. J. R. Anderson, Jr. Secy. Supt.
Director of the Mint
Philadelphia

From.

S. F. V. Butterworth Esq
Supt Atty Gen
N York

As to payment of transp
draft for 50,000 in
bullion, desires me
to obtain the ~~assent~~^{assent}
of the Department
as the Treas^r deliv-
ing it for transpor-
tation her

Oct, 28, 1854

Philadelphia Oct 25th 1854

Mint of U.S.

MERCHANTS,
Manufacturers, Banks,
INSURANCE COMPANIES, &c.
Supplied with every article used in the
COUNTING HOUSE.

Bought of WM. MANN,

Counting House Stationer,

No. 34 South Third Street.

2 doz. Pistol Boards

1.25 2.50

U. S. Assay Office, Treasurer's Department.

New-York. Oct 25th 1854

Daniel Sturgeon Esq
Treasurer of the U. S. Mint.

Sir

I have to acknowledge
the receipt of your letter of the 24th instant, and
bars, silver dollars, and change amounting to \$50,000,
in payment of Draft No 1224. Also 80 bars, amount-
ing to \$243,848.36, on account of Draft No 1223.

Very Respectfully
Your obt^d Servant,
J. M. J. Cisco
Treasurer,

upon at the present moment in different
amounts from what was anticipated. The Treasury
Branch has estimated more work than was
expected and the other branches are also
delayed in consequence of the delay in the receipt of
the estimates from the California Branch, and a delay in receiving
those from the Assay Office. I have not yet received
any estimates nor grounds of estimates from San
Francisco, nor the grounds of the estimates from the
Assay Office. But I have endeavored to supply the
former from the best information in my power. I expect
to receive the estimates by the next mail. When received
they will be transmitted to the Register, together with
the grounds of estimates, (every day expected) from
the Assay Office, and be the subject of a communication
to yourself.

October 26th 44

Sir,

Herewith I enclose for your examination copies
of the estimates for the mint and its branches
and the Assay Office at New York forwarded this
day to the Register. Their transmission has been
delayed in consequence of the nonreceipt of estimates
from the California Branch, and a delay in receiving
those from the Assay Office. I have not yet received
any estimates nor grounds of estimates from San
Francisco, nor the grounds of the estimates from the
Assay Office. But I have endeavored to supply the
former from the best information in my power. I expect
to receive the estimates by the next mail. When received
they will be transmitted to the Register, together with
the grounds of estimates, (every day expected) from
the Assay Office, and be the subject of a communication
to yourself.

I experience great difficulty and embarrassment
in preparing these estimates as we cannot anticipate
how the business for the balance of this fiscal year
and the year ending in June 1856, may be divided
between the several mints and the Assay Office. The
estimates which I presented on the 29th October 1855,
although nearly accurate as to the aggregate
amount of bullion received, as it had been operated

appropriation ~~is~~ from the Treasury.

The estimates however have been prepared with great care and may be regarded as sufficiently accurate for the purpose intended, but in view of the difficulties thus briefly brought to your notice - I suggest for your consideration the propriety of regarding the appropriations in question as a general appropriation for the support of these several institutions, and that authority be given to the Treasury Department to transfer them from one to another as occasion may require. A provision something like the following inserted in that part of the appropriation bill which relates to the Mints, would meet the object in view:

"These several appropriations for the Mints and the Essay Office, may at the option of the Secretary of the Treasury be regarded as general appropriations for their support, and may be transferred by his authority from one institution to another as the demands of the public service may require."

When I receive the estimates from San Francisco and the grounds of the estimates from New York I may have occasion to advert to this subject again. I may add that I would prefer having had those papers before me in preparing these estimates, but I cannot longer defer their transmission.

to the Department.

I have the honor to be,

With great respect

Your faithful servant

Samuel R. Anderson
Director

Hon. James Guthrie
Sec. of the Treasury
Washington City

Mint of the United States,

Philadelphia, Oct 26, 1854

Sir,

On the receipt from the Department of the
draft on your Treasurer for \$500,000 payable in
Coin, I wrote to the Department that as we did
not at present need Coin, I desired that it
should be paid in such bullion as you have
demanded for coinage and such other amount of
unparted gold ^{after the first arrival from California} as it might be convenient for
your office to send us. ^{The California to be sent in}
~~been approached; but before sending the draft~~

This suggestion has been
approved. I enclose the draft and you will
cause it to be paid in the manner indicated
and send ~~and proceed~~ per Adams & Co's Express.
You will send the ~~un~~ unparted gold first, and
await my further instructions as to sending the
Coin.

I have to request your ^{early} attention to the
payment to the Treasurer of the Mint of the
~~pay~~ ^{pay} ~~total~~ amount paid the workmen for
your office.

I am yours very Respectfully

To J. B. Butterworth
Sup. Miss. Mi.
MD

I. Enclose transfer
draft for \$10,000
& direct its payment
in bullion

I payment of
monies paid
to Workmen by
Mint for that
off

Oct 26, 1854

October 26th 4.

Sir, On the receipt from the Department of the
draft on your Treasury for \$500,000 payable in coin,
I wrote to the Department that as we did not at
present need coin, I advised that it should be
paid in various bullion as you have received for
coinage, and a such other amount of unparted gold,
after the next arrival from California, as it might be
convenient for your office to send us. The balance
to be sent in coin.

This suggestion has been approved. I enclose
the draft and you will cause it to be paid in
the manner indicated and send proceeds per Adams
& Co. Express. You will send the unparted gold first,
and await my further instructions as to sending
the coin.

I have to request your early attention
to the payment to the Treasurer of the United States of the
amount paid the Nation for your office.
I am, very respectfully,
Yours Obedt. Servant,
S. Lincoln.

Wm. F. Deane, Esq.,
Supt. of the Office of the

October 26 4.

Sir, On the receipt of your letter regarding the proper charge for casting standard bars of silver, I presented the subject to the Department and proposed to fix the rate of the same at one cent per ounce standard at the Assay Office and this Mint. This proposition has received the sanction of the Department. You will therefore charge at this rate one cent per ounce standard for silver cast into standard bars at your office.

I am, very Respectfully,
Samuel R. Knickerbocker,
Director.

Wm. E. Buller, Esq.
Asst. Assay Office,
N. York.

U. S. Assay Office, Treasurer's Department.

New-York,

Oct 21st 1854

Robert Patterson Esq.
Acting Treas^r U. S. Mint.

Sir

I have to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 25th inst, and also by Messrs Adams & Co 70 fine bars and change amounting to \$256,151.74/100, in full payment of Transfer Draft No 1223. The draft in my favor for \$2000. in silver dollars, was forwarded yesterday.

Very Respectfully
Your obt^d Servant.
Wm. J. Cisco
Treasurer.

Treasury department

First Auditors office

October 26 1854

Wm Daul Sturgeon
Treasurer U.S. Mint
Philadelphia

Sir:

In future you will please cause
to be entered on the Assayed Reports the Standard
weight and value of Gold Bullion, adding on the
reports the value of Silver particles for the depositor
and deducting the usual charges, in order to show
the net value of each deposit on the face of the
Reports — I should be glad if this could be
done in your Bullion accounts for the Quarter
ending 30th September 1854.

Very Respectfully

Yours obt. servt

J. S. Smith

Auditor

Oct 27, 4

Sir,
I enclose a bill of Walter Cressane
for implements furnished the Assay Office
which has been presented to me for payment.

I am, Very Respectfully

Director

Sam. F. Potterunk, Esq.,
Supt. Assay Office,
New York.

Oct 27th 4

Sir,


The grounds of estimate were scanned & dug, and I will transmit them to the Department. The estimate was sent forward yesterday. I think your estimate has been as well prepared as could be done under the circumstances. At best, under the peculiar circumstances of the case, we can only present probabilities.

As we cannot well anticipate how the business hereafter may be divided on the Atlantic side, and how much may be operated upon on the Pacific, I have suggested to the Secretary, that it seems to me desirable that the appropriations in question should be regarded as general appropriations for the support of these institutions, and that authority, from Congress, should be asked for giving the Secretary of the Treasury power to therefore the appropriations from one institution to another if the public interest requires it.

I enclose a bill - properly payable at your office - which has been presented for payment here.

Yours faithfully,
T. P. Smithworth Esq
Supr. of the office N. Y. & C.

and am with great respect
most obt. servant
Samuel Ross McMillin
Director.

 Farmers Bank
Hudson Oct 27 1854
United States Mint }
Philadelphia }

I this day
forward by Express 1000 dolls old
silver for Exchange in notes.
new coin

Yours truly
A. R. Holmes
per Bodinck

At Home Oct 31 1854

Mr. Hanson has deposited this
silver & the he examined Indenture
Rec'd No of dep. (1202)

H. R. Linderman
Dir. Off.

H. R. L.

Oct 27th 4

Sir,

I received this morning the proceeds of the estimates for the New York & Albany office, and transmit them today to the Register. I enclosed a copy of them for your examination.

I will receive any further remittance upon the subject of the estimates for the main office and branches and the Albany office, until I receive a communication from the Branch at San Francisco.

I leave the honor to be
with great respect,
Yours obt. servant,

Samuel R. Thompson
Director,

Hon. James Guthrie,
Sec. of the Treasury,
Washington City.

Should amount to

Abstract of the Expenses of the
U.S. Survey Office at New York, for the period
the end of the 1816.

Oct 27th 4

Sir,

Herewith I send you the grounds of
the estimates for the New York Survey Office, which
I received this morning.

I am very Respectfully,
Yours obedient,
Samuel R. Spencer

Director.

Hon. J. Bigger
Director of the Treasury
Washington City.

I am much obliged to you for the
information and assistance
you have given me in relation
to the Survey Office.

U.S. Survey Office
New York Oct 27th 1816

Amount Amount to

Schedule of the Expenses of the
U. S. Assay Office at New York, for the fiscal
Year ending June 30, 1856.

	Dollars	Cents
For salaries of Officers & Clerks:		
Superintendent	3,500	
Treasurer	2,000	
Assayer	2,500	
Melter & Refiner	2,500	
Assistant Assayer	1,500	
Assistant Melter & Refiner	1,500	
Two clerks at \$2,000 — 4,000		
One do at 1,500	1,500	
Three do at 1,500	4,500	
	10,000	
		64,400
For Wages of Workmen		40,000
For incidental and Contingent Expenses and Repairs, including fuel and materials and Wastage on Gold and Silver		70,000
		134,400

U. S. Assay Office
New York Oct 26, 1854.

Amount Amount to

*Grounds of the Estimates of the Expenses of the U.S. States
Library Office at New York for the fiscal year ending June 30. 1856*

1. Salaries of Officers & Clerks

*The appropriations under this head for
the fiscal year ending June 30, 1854 is*

Dollars

Dollars

12,900

Amount paid for salaries to same date

4,468

Available balance

8,432

*The appropriation for salaries for the
current year is*

25,500

*The aggregate compensation of Officers
and Clerks is at present per annum \$25,500*

*It is probable that some increase of
salaries will be deemed necessary,
and also one additional Clerk, requiring say*

2,462

23,962

Available balance

1,538

Total balance available for year ending June 30, 1856

10,000

I estimate the salaries for the year ending

June 30, 1856, per Schedule A.

24,400

Deducting the above balance

10,000

There will be needed to be asked for the sum of

14,400

2. Wages of Workmen

*The appropriation under this for the year ending
June 30, 1855, is*

16,500

*The appropriation for the current year ending,
(June 30, 1856) is*

38,000

42,500

*The aggregate annual compensation to
workmen, as at present established is*

41,490

*Deducting for the months of July, August and
September in the current year in which the Office
was but partially organized, the proportional sum of*

7,760

*The total expenditure for the current year
should amount to*

32,820

General Office of the Treasury	1854	1855
Expenses of the Treasury	1854	1855
Expenses of the Treasury	1854	1855
Expenses of the Treasury	1854	1855

General Office of the Treasury
Expenses of the Treasury

The present rate of wages per year
is about \$1.50
It is proposed to provide for an increase
of the rate of wages and in the matter of men
to the extent of
\$7,000
\$8,600
\$8,600
Taking from the available balance of 1856
There will remain to be asked for wages of
workmen for the year ending June 30, 1856
as per Schedule A.

3. Incident and Contingent Expenses & Repairs

The appropriation under this head for the
year ending June 30, 1854 is

Appropriation for the Current Year

There are accounts against this Office for
expenses incurred at New York and Philadelphia,
in the getting up and furnishing the establishment,
which are probably to be provided for out of this
fund amounting to about

Leaving for the Current Year a balance of
Adding to this the deductions from deposits
(amounting to \$40,000,000) which are by law available
for Ordinary Expenses and estimated at
The total amount available for the
Current Year will be

As it is quite impossible to determine
the expenses of this Office in advance of actual
experience I do not deem it prudent to anticipate
any surplus of funds at the close of the year.
On the contrary the demand upon this fund
for the getting up and furnishing the establishment

[Faint, mostly illegible handwritten text at the top of the page, possibly a continuation from the reverse side.]

already alluded to, will probably create a
 deficiency of means for the current year of
 The Accidental and Contingent expenses
 of the year ending June 30, 1866 may be estimated
 at - - -

Dollars	Dollars
20,000	
100,000	

Total

120,000

Taking from this the deductions from
 deposits for the same period (still assuming
 a basis of \$20,000,000)

100,000

There will remain to be asked for the
 Accidental and Contingent expenses of the
 year ending June 30, 1866 as per Schedule A.

20,000

U.S. Army Office,
 New York
 Oct 30, 1864

United States Assays Office.

New York, Oct 27 1854

Sir

I enclose a communication this day rec^d from Prof Kent the Meltin Refiner at this office, I think his suggestions important and worthy of consideration. If you concur with the Prof in his views as to the mode of remedying the evil complained of, I hope you will authorize their adoption.

Respect

Saml V. Butterworth
Supt.

Rec^d
Jas. R. Snowden }
Director

P.S. I send you also a letter from Mr Frener which you will find interesting, he certainly excels in his art.

Respy 1.7.13

20 Oct. 4.

Sir,

The difficulty noticed by W. Kent, relative to his possible losses by weighing of fine bars, may be avoided by instructing the weigher, when the weight exceeds a half-hundredth to note it down as a full additional hundredth. Thus if a bar weighs 204.26½ let him call it 204.27. He need not be at pains very accurately to ^{test} see that the ½ hundredth is reached, since a little experience in watching the turn of the index will be a sufficient guide.

I may add that our Melted Clippings is not credited with the gross weight of the melts as found when he delivers them in mass, but with the weight as found by aggregating the separate weights subsequently determined. The latter should, if you cause the above system to be pursued, somewhat exceed the former, so that a slight advantage is gained by the Melted Clippings, & consequently by the Government, in the diminution of wastage.

S. P. Mottoworth, Esq.
Supt. of assay office,
New York.

Very respectfully yours,

Samuel Roper Hanson,
Director

The Board will please examine & report his
views upon this letter.

M. S. Assay Office

Melter & Refiners Department

New York Oct. 27 1854.

Sir,

I respectfully beg leave to present the
following subject for your consideration, and to
request that you will take such action as you
may deem proper, in relation to it.

On the 23^d & 24th inst, the first delivery of
fine bars, parted & refined in this department,
was made to the Treasurer of this office. The
aggregate weight of these bars was 17981.06 oz,
and consequently I claim that the Melter and
Refiner should be credited with the full amount
of the above weight. In weighing these bars
separately by the Treasurer, in order to stamp the
value upon each, a small loss in weight occurs
which is due to the use of weights the smallest of
which is .005 of an oz. This loss in weight amount-
ed in the aggregate to .23 of an oz, which in gold of
.995 fineness is worth \$4.72. The net value of
the 90 bars fine gold on which the above loss occurs, is
\$368.611.78, and at the same rate, the loss upon fifty
millions of fine gold would be about \$600. per year,
which by the present system is not only lost to the
Government, but deducted from the Melter & Refiner's acc.

I have been informed that the above deficiency & the Melter & Refiner's Credit is covered at the Mint by the two thousandths which is allowed by Law for wastage. If this is so in fact, I respectfully submit that it is not correct in principle, neither does such practice prevent the loss to Government, because the wastage allowed by Law is evidently intended to cover the loss which actually occurs in the operations of parting and refining, and not to cover that which may occur in another manner, after it has been delivered to the Treasurer.

It is evident that the Melter & Refiner should be in justice, as he is entitled to be by law, credited ^{with} the entire aggregate weight of all the bars delivered to the Treasurer, and if in subsequently weighing these bars separately a small fraction is lost in each in consequence of the want of weights of sufficient delicacy, this loss is certainly not due to the Melter & Refiner, and consequently it should not be deducted from the aggregate amount of the gold bars delivered by him to the Treasurer.

I beg leave to suggest the following methods, either of which if approved and adopted would prevent the loss to the Government, and also remove the embarrassment which now exists between the accounts of the Treasurer and the Melter & Refiner.

First. If the present weights, and only two decimals be continued in use, & authorize the adju-

stment of the difference on the second decimal in the weight of the separate bars. But as the second decimal when used for expressing the weight of gold of .995 fineness is worth 20.5 cts this would doubtless prove objectionable in practice.

Second. If the present weights are continued in use (the smallest of which is half a hundredth) & authorize the weight to be called, one hundredth below when less than the half, and one hundredth above when more than the half. By this method the same degree of accuracy will be attained, as now results in the usual practice of the Assayer in stating the fineness of bullion assayed by him.

Third. To authorize the employment of decimal weights smaller than those now used, so as to give the exact weight of each bar to the .001 of an ounce. and also to authorize the use of the third decimal in stamping or registering the weight of each bar. By this method the loss will be reduced to one tenth of that caused by the present practice, and if still greater accuracy should be considered advisable, the small fraction remaining could then be adjusted on the third decimal when the value is reduced to 2.05 cts without sensibly affecting the value of a single bar, or the result of any subsequent weighing by other parties into whose hands the bar may pass.

It may perhaps be thought egotistical in

one who has so recently assumed the responsible
duties of this office & attempt to suggest any
alteration of a practice which has long been in
use at the Mint, but if in so doing I can be
successful in saving upwards of \$600. yearly
to the Government, and of relieving the official
account of the Minter & Refiner of an embar-
rassment which does not properly belong to it, I shall
doubtless be justified in laying the above statement
before you.

Very Respectfully

Your obt. Servant

Edward W. Clark

Minter & Refiner

Saml. F. Butterworth Esq
Superintendent

U.S. Assay Office.

October 28th

Sir,

I herewith enclose a Schedule, marked B. in reference to the appropriations required for the Army office at New York for the fiscal year 1855-6. It will be seen, that by reference to the grounds of the estimate from that office, that a part of the appropriation for the past and present years, for Salaries will be undrawn on the 30th of June next, and may therefore reduce the appropriation to the amount ~~shown~~ presented in the Schedule, if that be so then to be taken by the Department. I have just a copy of the report to the Acting Secretary of the Treasury with some explanatory remarks.

Not having received, by the mail of today, as was expected, any estimate from the Bank of the United States at San Francisco, we must, for the present, rely upon those which have been forwarded to you from that institution.

I am, very Respectfully,
Yours &c. Tarrant,
James R. Tarrant
Director.

Hon. J. Biggs
Register of the Treasury
Washington City

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 20th inst. and in reply to inform you that the same has been forwarded to the proper authorities for their consideration. I am, Sir, very respectfully,
 Your obedient servant,
 J. C. Smith

Oct 20 57

Schedule of Appropriations required
 for the expenses of the United States
 Assay Office at New York, for the fiscal
 year ending June 30th 1856.

	Dollars
For Salaries of Officers & Clerks, in addition to an available balance of former Appropriations	14,400
For Wages of Workmen in addition to an available balance of former Appropriations	40,000
For Incidental & Contingent Expenses & Repairs, in addition to an available means	70,000
	124,400

Note: See grounds of estimates from Assay Office

To
Hon J. G. Washington
Act Sec. of the Treasury

Suggesting that the
Secy of Army Office
be authorized ~~to~~
to deliver from time
to time certain parcels
of bullion for transport

Oct 28, 1834

October 28th 4.

Sir,

In order to carry into effect the suggestion
as to the mode of paying the draft for \$500,000 on
New York, approved in your favor of the 25th inst.,
the Superintendent of the Mails office desires some authority
from the department as to the mode of transmitting
it. May I therefore suggest that you address the Treasurer
of that office, and let him to me, authorizing him to
deliver to Adams & Co. from time to time, as convenient,
leaves of gold bullion intended to be transmitted to this
Point, which to be applied in payment of the draft
in question, or sent over for coinage under the authority
of your letter of the 13th inst.

I have the honor to be

with great respect

your obt. servant,

Samuel A. B. Johnston

Director

New. P. Co. Washington
Acting Secy. of the Treasury
Washington D.C.

Treasury Department
October 28 1856

Sir

A draft for \$50.000 has
this day been drawn on the Treasurer of
the Mint in favor of the Treasurer of
the States who desires to have, as nearly
as may be \$25.000 - Gold dollars - \$13.000 in
half dollars - and \$12.000 in quarters.

I am very Resp^l
P. H. Moulton
Act. Sec. Treasury.

J. R. Snowden Esq.
Director of Mint
Philad^a

P.S. Your telegraphic despatch was received and I
advised you by Tel - that the requisition referred
to, could not be found - requesting you to cause
duplicate to be sent.

October 28th 4

Sir,

I have to request that you will issue your requisition, in favor of the Treasurer of the Mint for thirty eight thousand two hundred and twenty five dollars, payable out of the appropriation for the current fiscal year, viz:

Two Salaries \$ 6,225.00

Wages 18,000.00

Contingent Expenses 14,000.00

\$ 38,225

I have the honor to be
With great respects
Your M^t Servant,

Hon. P. J. Washington
acting Sec. of the Treasury
Washington City.

James R. Buchanan
Directed.

Copy

Treasury Department
October 29, 1834.

Sir,
I have received your letter of
the 28th and enclose herewith the
authority to the Treasurer of the Assay
Office, as you request.

I am Very Resp^t
Ply Washington
Act Sec. Treasury.

Copy

Miss West
Oct. 31, 1854

Enclosed
The Enclosed Statement
Exhibits the Deposits &
Coinage at the Mint during
the month ending 30th day

I have to
S. P. West
Director

Wm. Guthrie

Treasury Department
October 29. 1854.

Sir

I have received your letter
of the 28th and enclose herewith the authority
to the Treasurer of the pay office, as you
request.

Your requisition in favor of the
Treasurer has also been received - and a
draft will be sent, if possible by tomorrow
mail.

I am very Res^{ly}
P. H. Washington
Acting Sec. Treasury.

Copy

Treasury Department
October 29, 1854.

Sir,

As a convenient mode of paying the draft on the Assay Office at New York in favor of the Treasurer of the Mint at Philadelphia for \$50,000 you are authorized to deliver to Adams & Co. from time to time, as convenient, taking proper receipts for the same, parcels of gold bullion intended to be transmitted to the Mint for coinage, whether to be applied to the payment of the draft in question or sent on under the authority of my letter of the 13th instant.

I am Very Resp^t
(Signed) P. Washington,
Acting Sec. Treasury.

Wm. Snowden Esq.
Director of the Mint
Phila.^a

P.S. When the draft shall have been paid it will be transmitted to you as your voucher - The amount of the gold sent for coinage you will receive from the Mint in the usual way.

Copy

U.S. Assay Office

New York 29. Sept. 1854

Sir,

The "Regulations" prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury for the Government of this Office, transmitted by you on the 13th inst., have been received, and I have given to them a careful consideration.

Although the operations of this Office have not yet been commenced, and I have not therefore had that practical acquaintance with the details of its business, which is requisite to determine intelligently all the regulations proper to be enforced, I am nevertheless convinced that among those now prescribed are some that require modification. To these I beg leave to call your attention; and if your larger experience shall confirm the correctness of my conclusions, I entertain no doubt that such alterations as you may deem reasonable will be at once assented to by the Department.

For more convenient reference I have num-

- under the regulations from 1 to 38.

The 8th regulation requires the Superintendent "to provide secure chests of iron with spring fastenings to the lids for the safe keeping as far as may be of such bullion as may be on hand, during the day, either in process of minting, or as being received or transferred from branch to branch." If it is the meaning of this regulation that the iron chests described are to be used "as far as may be," that is as far as shall be found practicable, no objection can be made to it. But if, as I suppose is intended, their use is imperative and prescribed, I cannot but think that great inconvenience and delay will be occasioned without any increased security. The transfer of the deposits from the weighing room to the Melting Room and their return is, by regulation 13, to be made in locked trunks or boxes. The only transfers, therefore, in which the iron chests could be employed, are those which take place in the department of the Melters & Refiners. These transfers are of such constant occurrence that the delay occasioned by putting the bullion into the chests & taking it out again, as well as by the increased labor of ~~transferring~~ trans-

porting heavy iron chest filled with heavier bullion, would prove a serious business; and inasmuch as the closing of the chests must necessarily be entrusted to the workmen who transport at least to a great extent, I cannot see that additional safety would be effected. I would remark also that in many of the transactions bullion is in an unfit state for such chests.

This regulation also requires that in a state of solution be removed to the close of business of each day only bullion that ever is in solution is Nitrate of Silver. The barrels of the would require to be reconstructed or enlarged if the Chloride of Gold after purification, and the precious metals must be kept in the event of this rule would cause those processes which could be going forward during the day. Reg. 10 requires that or other persons whose services

the regulations from 1 to 38.
The 5th regulation requires the Superintendent
to provide these chests of iron with Spring
locking to the lock for the safe keeping
as far as may be of such bullion as
remains, during the day, either in process of
counting, or as being received or transferred from Branch
to Branch. If it is the meaning of this regulation
that the iron chests described are to be used
as far as may be, that is as far as shall be
practicable, no objection can be made to it. But
I suppose is intended, their use is imperative
whenever I cannot but think that great inconvenience
may be occasioned without any increase of
safety. The transfer of the deposits from the night
to the Melting Room and then return is,
Regulation 13, to be made in locked trunks or boxes
transfers, therefore, in which the iron chests
be employed, are those which take
place in the department of the Melting Room.
These transfers are of such constant occurrence
occasioned by putting the bullion
chests taking it out again so much
increased labor of ~~transferring~~ ~~the~~

porting heavy iron chests filled with still
heavier bullion, would prove a serious impediment
to business; and inasmuch as the closing and
opening of the chests must necessarily be
entrusted to the workmen who transport it, at
least to a great extent, I cannot see that much
additional safety would be effected. It is proper
to remark also that in many of the transfers ~~of~~ the
bullion is in an unfit state for being placed
in such chests.

This regulation also requires that "all bullion not
in a state of solution be removed to its proper vault
at the close of business of each day." The
only bullion that ever is in solution is, I believe,
Nitrate of Silver. The basins of the Assay Office
would require to be reconstructed and greatly
enlarged if the Chloride of Silver, the Silver
after reduction, and the lye in the filtering
tubs must be kept in them. The enforce-
ment of this rule would also interrupt
those processes which could otherwise
be going forward during the night.

Reg. 10 requires that all workmen
or other persons whose services "may not

not be

actually required, according to the
business on hand, shall be dismissed.
During the intervals between the arrivals
of the California Steamers there will
sometimes be occasions when "the business
on hand" will not require half the regular
force of workmen. Is it practicable to
enforce this rule?

Reg. 12 requires the Treasurer and
the Melter & Refiner to attend in the Weigh-
Room and to witness the weighing of
every deposit. Reg. 13 requires the
same officers to be present in the melting room
to witness every melt. - The Treasurer of the
Assay office is also Asst. Treasurer of
the M. & A. at New York, and in this capacity
his time is almost wholly occupied.
It would be quite impossible for him
therefore to give any attention to the
duties imposed by this regulation, and
it is doubtless for this reason that he
is empowered by regulation 23 to designate
a clerk for their performance. As the
operations of weighing & melting
are necessarily going on at the same
time, however, two special clerks

would be
are to be en-
the author-
to appoint
But the
the same
who by reg 23
perform them
since the pro-
cess must
same time
Miss then
with them
for them to at-
tend

would be required, and if the 12th & 13th reg.
are to be enforced, I respectfully suggest that
the authority by the Secretary of the Treasury
to appoint them.

But these regulations (12th & 13th) require
the same duties of the Melted Refiner,
who by reg 20 may designate his Assistant to
perform them. You will observe, however, that
since the business of the deposit melting-
room must necessarily go forward at the
same time, the Melted Refiner and his
Assistant would both be fully occupied
with their duties, rendering it impossible
for them to attend to the appropriate business
of their department.

of Regulation 13 I would further remark
that the deposit melting-room is therein
regarded as belonging to the Melted Refiner's
department, and the delivery of the deposit
for melting is viewed as a delivery by
the Treasurer to the Melted Refiner.
Subsequently the melted bullion is to be
delivered to the Treasurer to be weighed

and by him Assay Slips are to be
delivered to the Assayer. It is then
re-delivered to the Melter & Refiner, the
weight having been diminished by the
removal of the Assay Slips. As
Sections 20 & 23 of the Mint Act
of Jan. 18, 1837 as amended, require
that the Melter and Refiner shall be
charged with all Bullion delivered
to him and credited with what he
returns, the effect of reg 13 would
not only be to charge and credit him
twice upon the Treasurers books
for the same identical metal, but
also to entitle him, probably, to a double
percentage if he should choose to
claim it.

Does not the arrangement of locked
hands (Reg 13) involve the necessity of melting
the deposits in their numerical order, with
out regard to weight? If so, I suppose
it would add materially to the delay
and expense of the process. When a
melting pot is once heated, convenient

and economy would suggest
that all the deposits of a size
might for that pot should be run
as long as the pot will last.
However, the pots must be frequently
engaged to suit the sizes of the deposits,
much time will be lost in heating
fresh ~~deposits~~ pots, and there
will be an increased consumption
both of melting pots & fuel.

In regard to the requirement
to add the weight after melting to
the receipt "when presented by the depositor"
(Reg. 13) I remark that these receipts are
rarely be presented except for payment.
This regulation would add not a
little to the labors of the High Clerk
merely to make this entry upon a
cancelled receipt. I believe that
clerical mistakes are very frequent
occasions by imposing not only to me
labor but too many duties upon one
person. It is desirable also to avoid
any repetition of needless entries.

and economy would suggest
that all the deposits of a size
suitable for that pot should be run
through as long as the pot will last.
If, however, the pots must be frequently
changed to suit the sizes of the deposits,
much time will be lost in heating
up fresh ~~deposits~~ pots, and there
will be an increased consumption
both of melting pots & fuel.

In regard to the requirement
to add the weight after melting to
the receipt "when presented by the depositor,"
(Reg. 13) I remark that these receipts will
rarely be presented except for payment.
This regulation would add not a
little to the labors of the Weigh-Clk.,
merely to make this entry upon a
cancelled receipt. I believe that
clerical mistakes are very frequently
occasioned by imposing not only too much
labor but too many duties upon one
person. It is desirable also to avoid
any ^{needless} repetition of ~~needless~~ entries.

The particulars of each deposit, including date, name, description of bullion, number, weight before and after melting, must necessarily be entered 1st in the Weigh Book; 2^d on the receipt; 3^d on the Assayer's report; 4th on the adjustment Book. Reg. 13 & 14 require in addition, 5th on the Melter's Requirers Card; (Reg. 13) 7th on the "tab" or Weekly transcript of the weigh book. Besides these the Weigh book keeps a signature and Residence Book, and an index book of deposits. It seems to me that the book kept by the Foreman of Deposits, showing date, number, description, weight before and after melting, loss or gain in ounces, and loss per cent, is precisely

submitted to the exam
Reg. 14, and that the
also that the return
equally well.
Reg. 15 requires an ac
slip delivered to charge him
with his report of the assay an
slip delivered to him, and
and if at the close of the year
amount delivered to him, when
was to go? But again, he
as a foundation
with any
del.

suitable to the examination required of the Melter and Refiner by Reg. 14, and that the weekly table might be dispensed with. I remark also that the returned cards would answer the same purpose equally well.

Reg. 15 requires an account to be opened with the Assayer. The Treasurer is to charge him with the "estimated value" of the Assay slips delivered to him, and "credit him with the same as returned with his report of the Assay and value thereof" (As the value of the slips delivered is to be estimated, it will sometimes be over-estimated, and if, at the close of the year, his returns should be less than the amount delivered to him, where is the Authority to allow him wastage? But again, how can the value of the Slips be estimated as a foundation for a charge to the Assayer? Can he be legally charged with any other than the Standard Weight of the bullion actually delivered to him? You will notice also that the Assayer is to be credited with the Slips, "as returned with his report of the Assay and value thereof." The weight of the Slips returned will be less than when delivered. I beg you to notice, therefore, the effect of regulations 13 & 15 upon the labors of the Calculating Clerk. He must determine 1st, The Standard Weight of each deposit delivered (and charged) to the Melter and Refiner for the purpose of being melted, 2nd The Standard weight of each assay slip delivered to the Assayer, 3rd By deducting the aggregate Standard weight of the Assay slips

from the aggregate Standard Weight of the Deposits to determine the standard weight of the bullion re-delivered to the Melter & Refiner after the Assay Slips are taken off. 4th The Standard weight, namely, of the remnants of Assay Slips returned daily by the Assayer "with his reports." When it is considered that the time of a careful and skilful clerk is wholly occupied in the first of these series of calculations, some estimate may be formed of the increased labor occasioned by making the Assayer an Accounting Officer. And what will be gained by it? By the present method at the Mint, I understand that the Melter and Refiner is charged with the Standard Weight of the Deposits, without deduction for the Assay Slips. His interest will therefore dictate the necessity of looking carefully to the rendition of the remnants of these Slips by the Assayer. The government is secured both by the Assayer's integrity, and by the official guarantee of the Melter and Refiner. By the proposed change, the guarantee of the Melter and Refiner is relinquished. In the Account of the Assayer, is any charge to be made for the Silver contained in gold Slips? If so, a series of infinitesimal calculations would be the result. If not the Assayer would receive

the course of a year's business, a considerable amount of charges, and which he could not be legally required to make also, that a considerable part of the operations of the Mint will be upon Slips taken from fine bars, prior to their delivery by the Refiner to the Treasurer. These Assays must be kept distinct from all others, and their remnants retained separately to the Melter and Refiner. It will be apparent, I think, that in opening an account with the Melter and Refiner, much inconvenience and perplexity will be occasioned, and that the officers to whom bullion is delivered and charged, themselves, will be much inconvenienced, and it would present the anomaly of all the officers to whom bullion is delivered and charged, themselves, being charged with its value.

The 18th Reg. involves a blending of the bullion and Gold accounts. These accounts are essentially distinct; and the Mint, in conformity with instructions from the Department, long been understood, to keep and render the Accounts.

The 19th Reg. involves a blending of the accounts and Assay Office with those of the Independent Treasury, and contemplates that they shall be kept distinct.

It is the design of Reg. 27 to prohibit an officer from, or of regular working hours? This will result in the truest economy. This regulation is intended that the process be suspended, even though it

in the course of a year's business, a considerable amount of silver without charge, and which he could not be legally required to return. I remark also, that a considerable part of the operations of the Assayer, will be upon slips taken from fine bars, prior to their delivery by the Melted and Refiner to the Treasurer. These assays must be kept distinct from all others, and their remnants returned separately to the Melted and Refiner. It will be apparent, I think, that in opening an account with the Assayer, much inconvenience and perplexity will be occasioned, without any conceivable advantage; and it would present the anomaly of allowing the officers to whom bullion is delivered and charged, himself to determine its value.

The 18th Reg. involves a blending of the bullion and Ordinary accounts. These accounts are essentially distinct; and the usage of the Mint, in conformity with instructions from the Department, has long been, I understand, to keep and render the Accounts, separately.

The 19th Reg. involves a blending of the accounts and money of the Assay office with those of the Independent Treasury; while Reg. 3. contemplates that they shall be kept distinct.

It is the design of Reg. 27 to prohibit an officer from leaving one or more ^{than one} trusty workmen to continue a process, not completed at the close of business, or of regular working hours? This will sometimes be necessary, and will be the truest economy. This regulation would require, that either that the process be suspended, even though attended with loss and

No 3356 = 1819. 11.
 48. 68
 Coin
 Bar 122 11. 38
 1819 06

inconveniences, or that the whole force of the department, in which the work occurs, shall be retained on pay when their services can be employed. Would it not also forbid the process of filtering being trusted to a night hand, unless attended by the Officer of the Department?

Is Reg. 29 intended to apply to cases of sickness and accidental detention? A deduction from the wages of the workmen in such cases would be extremely oppressive. Why should salaried Officers be treated with more leniency in this respect than those whose compensation is computed by the day?

Reg. 30, makes Christmas a holiday, though it is regarded as such in New York only to a limited extent; while it omits New Year's and Thanksgiving day, which are universally observed as holidays in this city.

Of Regulations 34, 35, 36 & 37, I remark that frequent annoyance, inconvenience, and delay must arise from placing the vaults under the joint custody of two Officers, and I cannot perceive that any additional security is afforded. During the day, when the Officer is present, he has sole custody; during the night, when he is absent, another has joint custody with him. It is a question as to how far the responsibility of an Officer and his surety may be affected by thus taking from him the custody of the bullion with which he stands charged, and committing it in part to another, not selected by him.

Will not the limitation of the time of access to the Treasurer's vaults from 8 and 9 in the morning to 3 P.M., prove a serious impediment

to business? The workmen in the Deposit, melting room will be unemployed before and after those hours, and the number of deposits that can be melted and assayed in a day will be considerably less than will be expected by those who have heretofore had dealings with the Mint.

Having thus adverted to what I regard as the objectionable features of these regulations, I notice that in your letter, enclosing you are careful to state that they have been prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, and that they are "transmitted" by you.

In accordance with instructions from the Treasury Department, the act of Congress creating this Office makes it the duty of the Director of the Mint, "to prescribe such regulations, and to order tests, as shall be requisite to insure faithfulness, accuracy, and

fidelity in the operations of said Office." Is a mere transmission of regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury a compliance with the requirements of this act? As you have not prescribed these regulations, I must infer that you have not approved them; and I therefore hope that you will see the necessity of their being materially modified. Before I can attempt to enforce them, I must know that they are prescribed by the Director of the Mint, upon whom the law devolves this duty, and whose professional knowledge, and experience, eminently qualify him to perform

Hon. James Ross Snowden
 Director of the Mint
 Philadelphia

I am with great respect
 Your Obedt. Servt.
 Saml. A. Button

that the whole force of the department in business? The workmen in the Depository melting room will be un-
derstand, but also forbid the process of filtering being carried before and after those hours, and the number of deposits
be intended to apply to cases of sickness and accident. It will be expected by those who have, heretofore, had dealings with
the Mint.
Why should salaries of the workmen in such cases be oppressive? Why should salaries of Officers be less than those whose compensations are prescribed by the day?
Christmas a holiday, though it is regarded as such only to a limited extent; while it omits New Year's
day, which are universally observed as holidays.
I remark that frequent annoyances, in-
delay must arise from placing the vaults under
of two Officers, and I cannot perceive that any ad-
vantage is afforded. During the day, when the Officer is
in custody; during the night, when he is absent,
entrusted with him. It is a question as to how far
of an Officer and his surety may be effected by
him the custody of the bullion with which he
and committing it in part to an thus not selected
limitation of the time of access to the Treasurer's vaults,
morning to 3 P. M. may prove a serious impediment

The workmen in the Depository melting room will be un-
derstand, but also forbid the process of filtering being carried before and after those hours, and the number of deposits
be intended to apply to cases of sickness and accident. It will be expected by those who have, heretofore, had dealings with
the Mint.

Having thus adverted to what I regard as the objectionable
features of these regulations, I notice that in your letter, enclosing
them, you are careful to state that they have been prescribed by
the Secretary of the Treasury, and that they are "transmitted" by you,
in accordance with instructions from the Treasury Department."
The act of Congress creating this Office makes it the duty of the
Director of the Mint, "to prescribe such regulations, and to order
such tests, as shall be requisite to insure faithfulness, accuracy, and
uniformity in the operations of said Office." Is a mere transmission
of regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury a compli-
ance with the requirements of this act? As you have not prescribed
these regulations, I must infer that you have not approved
them; and I therefore hope that you will see the necessity of
their being materially modified. Before I can attempt their
enforcement, I must know that they are prescribed by the Director
of the Mint, upon ^{whom} the law devolves this duty, and whose position,
knowledge, and experience, eminently qualify him to perform it.

Hon. James Ross Snowden
Director of the Mint
Philadelphia

I am with great respect

Your Obedt. Servt.
Saml. A. Butterworth
Sept.

Phila 30. Oct. 1854

Dear Sir

Your favor, naming several of my operatives for removal, has just been received. While I applaud your attention to the interests of Govt in reducing the operative force to a number commensurate with the work of the Mint, the same interests urge me to remark:

1st, that most of those named are among the most industrious, most skilful, faithful & unobtrusive men in my whole dept.

2nd that you have named 3 melters, leaving only two for the Gold & Silver Rooms; — that one of the three, H. Mayer, is one of the best, perhaps the very best, melters in the Mint, — that it will be difficult to replace one of the melters, as most of the others have been tried & proved inefficient.

Lastly, dear Sir, since the selection of workmen is in the hands of the Director, their removal must proceed directly from him, unless you wish me to communicate to my men your determination in relation to them. In this & in all other things relating to the welfare of the Mint, I shall be happy to cooperate with you

Very respectfully, yours,

J. A. Booth

Melter & Refiner

J. R. Snowden Esq

Director

U. S. Mint

Mint of the United States,

Philadelphia, Oct 31st 1854

Dear Sir,

I have your favor of yesterday.
As you regard H. Moyer as perhaps the
best melter in ~~the mint~~ ^{your department} and his place diffi-
cult to supply from your other workmen
you will consider his name withdrawn
from the list furnished you yesterday.

When the public service - as it is
now so evidently the case - requires
a reduction of the force employed in
the mint, I have no hesitancy in
taking the responsibility of the act. You
may therefore inform the persons named
that the resolution to dispense with
their services for the present proceeds
from the Director. but that he ^{dearly} regrets the
unpleasant necessity which is forced upon
him.

Yours Respectfully
J. R. V.

J. C. Beath Esq

Mint of the United States,

Philadelphia, Oct 30^A 1854

Dear Sir

I greatly regret that it becomes necessary, in consequence of the diminished supply of bullion, to diminish the force employed at the Mint.

For the present therefore the services of the following named persons will be discontinued with in your department.

By: Franklin Hulings
David Corbett
Geo Hulings
John M. Conner
Henry Moyer
John K. Brown
Charles Clymer
Timothy Linn.

~~Same as in C. G. 1~~
~~in order that they may have and~~
~~opportunity of seeking other employment. They will~~
~~have for a day and then be paid up & dismissed.~~
Yours Respectfully
J. C. Bristow
Mellor & Bristow U.S. Mint. Same Rep. Commander
Director.

N. C. Bryant about without cause.
M. D. Kelly

Oct. 31st 4.

Sir,

Your letter of the 28th inst. advising
me that a draft for \$50,000 had been drawn
on the Treasurer of the United States in favor of the
Treasurer of the U. States and specifying the
denominations of coin desired in payment
of the same has been received and the
amount forwarded this day as follows:

\$25,000.	Gold Dollars
13,000	H. Dollars
12,000	Do
<u>\$50,000.</u>	

I have the honor to be,

With great respect,

Your faithful servant,

Samuel R. Snowden

Director.

Hon. J. Washington,
Act. Sec. Treasury,
Washington City.

Mint of the United States,

Philadelphia, October 31st 1854.

Sir,

Your letter of the 28th inst. advising me that a draft for \$50,000 had been drawn on the Treasurer of the Mint in favor of the Treasurer of the U. States and specifying the denominations^{of coin}, which that Officer desired in payment of the above draft has been received. The draft has this day been received and the amount of the same forwarded in the following coins:

\$25,000	Specie Dollars
13,000	H. Dollars
12,000	D. "
<u>\$50,000.</u>	

I have the honor to be,
With great respect
Your faithful servant

Director.

Hon. J. M. Washington,
Act. Sec. of the Treasury,
Washington.

Mint of the United States,

Philadelphia, October 30, 1854.

Sir, On the 28th inst. I addressed the Department as to the mode of transmitting the proceeds of the draft for \$500,000 on your office as follows: "The Superintendent of the Assay Office desires some authority from the Department

October 31, 4

Sir,

In reply to your letter of the 24th inst I have to state that the transmission by mail of \$10 in copper coins is impracticable on account of the heavy postage expense which would attend the same.

Adams & Co. Express forward parcels to all the principal towns in your state and it is probable that the amount you desire, could be sent through the above Agency to some place in your vicinity.

I am very respectfully

Yours Respectfully
Samuel R. Proctor
Director

Wm. William R. Proctor
Post Master
Easton, Ky.

U.S. MINT GENERAL CORRESPONDENCE 1854/OCTOBER (CONT.)



Mint of the United States,

Philadelphia, October 20.th 1854

Sir,

In accordance with your instructions
I have caused a sale to be made of the old and
worn machinery and implements be. to at the Mint.
and enclose a copy of the sale list for your
information. The net proceeds \$1418.⁹⁸/₁₀₀, have
been placed in the ordinary fund of the Mint.

(copy)

Mint of the United States.

Philadelphia, October 19th 1854

Sir,

The Superintendent of the Assay Office at New York asks for \$500,000 in fine bars, in addition to that amount which we have supplied to him, and, among other reasons for making this request, he states that a defect in the chimney and flue for carrying off the noxious fumes has developed itself, so that it is difficult for the workmen to remain in the parting room. This difficulty he will take immediate measures to remove.

As I am desirous of working up our bullion into small coins, and have, heretofore, given directions to that effect, we can only supply the fine bars he asks for on being furnished with a like amount of bullion from the Assay Office. If, therefore, the Department concurs in the opinion that it is expedient to supply the bars in question, I suggest that a transfer draft for \$500,000, payable by the Treasurer of the Assay Office in unparted bullion, be issued in favor of the Treasurer of the Mint payable in fine bars. In 8 or 10 days after we receive the bullion from New York, we can make a return of fine bars. We could make an earlier return, were it not for the fact that we have diminished our force in the melting and refining department, having sent some sixteen of our experienced

workmen to New York; and I do not desire to supply them^{them}
by New workmen, wishing to keep the expense of this institution
as low a figure as possible.

In addition to the \$500,000, the Superintendent desires
\$50,000 in fine bars to pay for deposits now due. This amount
I can send at once, if you issue a transfer warrant for
it, and I recommend that it be done.

I have the honor to be,
With great respect,
Your faithful servant.

James Ross Snowden
Director.

Hon. James Guthrie,
Secretary of the Treasury,
Washington City.

UNITED STATES ASSAY OFFICE.

New York, Oct 20 1854

Sir,
I enclose a proposition rec^d today
from Thompson & Simpson & Co, you will see that
they propose to transport the bullion to & from
the Mint for $37\frac{1}{2}^{\text{c}}$ for Gold & \$1.00 for Silver.
In my former letter I mentioned that Adams
& Co had made an offer to transport bullion
at $37\frac{1}{2}^{\text{c}}$ for gold & \$1.50 for silver, per thousand
that offer was made by Mr Dinsmore the head
of the house here, on yesterday Mr Sanford (who
is a member of the firm residing at Phil^a/Catt^a
on our board that Mr Dinsmore had made a
mistake, the charge would be 50^c for the transportation
of gold & \$1.50 for silver per thousand. Mr Dinsmore
informed me that Thompson & Simpson & Co were associated
with Adams & Co, in this I think he was mistaken
for if they were members of the same association
we should not have such dissimilar offers for the
same service. Thompson & Simpson & Co are proprietors
of Harnden Express - Res^{ly}
Hon^{ble} J^{as} R^{ob} Harnden }
Director } Sam. T. Dullmanth Sept.

United States Assay Office.

New York, Oct. 20, 1854.

Sir,

In reply to your letter of yesterday I have to state that it will be impossible for us to pay a transfer draft for \$500,000 in imported bullion. All deposits, except for coinage, have been delivered to our Melted & Refined & are now in process of refining &c. I may state also that all bullion deposited prior to the 17th inst. was delivered to the Melted & Refined under the regulation of the Department of Sept. 28th., since which about \$10,000 has been deposited for coinage, & now remains in the hands of the Treasurer to be transferred to the Mint, in accordance with the conditions of your letter of the 14th inst. I cannot suppose it to be your intention that any of the bullion deposited here for bars should be transferred to the Mint, because besides apparently conflicting with the provisions of the law,

it would not increase our means of meeting promptly the demands upon us. It would take from our Meltin & Refining the material from which to make fine bars here, and would only come back to us after being operated on at the Mint.

One cover is this: We are called upon to pay the bulk of our deposits in bars. To do this promptly, we must have a fund in fine bars, & not in coins. If the Mint has not these bars on hand to give us, we must say to depositors. We can return your bars in 10 days & if they prefer to go to the Mint, they must do so.

I may state that our M. & R. promises to deliver about \$400,000 in bars by Monday or Tuesday next. This will ^{perhaps} be about half enough for the expected Steamers. I should be glad to know whether any ^{or what} amt. will be sent to us from the Mint by that time, so that we may give depositors exact information.

I remark further, that for the

transfer of bullion to the Mint for coinage, our Treasury requires simply an order from the Department, directing him to send, by Adams & Co. or any other conveyance, such bullion as may be from time ^{to time} deposited for coinage. This will relieve the Treasury from responsibility and will obviate the necessity of any transfer drafts. Please send the "Harbinger Flag".

I am with great respect

Yours M^d Sir

Sam. F. Dutton
Supt

P.S. - The Silver dollars have not come to hand. We were this morning obliged to issue two Certificates payable at the Mint in Silver Dollars. S.F.D.

Col. J. N. Snowden, }
Director of the Mint, }
Philad^a.

Thursday

United States Assay Office.

New York, Oct 20 1854

Sir,

In your letter of the 5th inst you suggested the propriety of "placing Mr. DeForest at this office for a few weeks in order that we might have the benefit of his experience acquired at the Mint." If you can spare him now I shall be pleased to have his services here at as early a day as possible.

I return the op. of Ann Harris for her signature to the rec^d, when signed please return it & the amt shall be forwarded.

Deposits made on Friday at 5 P.M. were paid on Saturday before 3 P.M.! About \$50^m from the last steamer ~~were~~ left here, of which only 25^m is intended for coin; how much did you receive? \$1,700.00 arrived & only one half of ~~the~~ amt was deposited here = Have the "sweep grinder" is physically unable to perform his duties, what shall I do with him? - The enclosed is evidently intended for you! -

Wm. J. H. Meadows
Director

Respy Saml. T. Bullenroth Sup^t
(over)

I propose to furnish you with the monthly
 report tomorrow and thereafter with a weekly
 report, I hope this will be satisfactory
 D.

W. H. D.

[Faint, mostly illegible handwritten text, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the page.]

[Handwritten text, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the page, appearing as a list or series of notes.]

[Faint handwritten notes in the top right corner of the right page.]

P.S. I propose to furnish you with the monthly
report tomorrow and thereafter with
reports, I hope this will be satisfactory
P.D.

Oct 30

Oct 31.

Sir,

I have received Mr. Jones letter
where you stated to me. It was in
reference to the situation of the mint being
an application by Mr. Jones, Capt. Jones,
a candidate to the position of Master
Inspector for employment in the
mint, Dept of the Mint. It is
to be considered at my next conference.
Very Respectfully

James Alfred Smith
Esq.

Wm. H. Smith
J. H. Smith
J. H. Smith

The first of these is the fact that the
 paper is of a very poor quality, and
 the ink is of a very poor quality, and
 the handwriting is of a very poor quality.
 The second of these is the fact that the
 paper is of a very poor quality, and
 the ink is of a very poor quality, and
 the handwriting is of a very poor quality.
 The third of these is the fact that the
 paper is of a very poor quality, and
 the ink is of a very poor quality, and
 the handwriting is of a very poor quality.
 The fourth of these is the fact that the
 paper is of a very poor quality, and
 the ink is of a very poor quality, and
 the handwriting is of a very poor quality.
 The fifth of these is the fact that the
 paper is of a very poor quality, and
 the ink is of a very poor quality, and
 the handwriting is of a very poor quality.
 The sixth of these is the fact that the
 paper is of a very poor quality, and
 the ink is of a very poor quality, and
 the handwriting is of a very poor quality.
 The seventh of these is the fact that the
 paper is of a very poor quality, and
 the ink is of a very poor quality, and
 the handwriting is of a very poor quality.
 The eighth of these is the fact that the
 paper is of a very poor quality, and
 the ink is of a very poor quality, and
 the handwriting is of a very poor quality.
 The ninth of these is the fact that the
 paper is of a very poor quality, and
 the ink is of a very poor quality, and
 the handwriting is of a very poor quality.
 The tenth of these is the fact that the
 paper is of a very poor quality, and
 the ink is of a very poor quality, and
 the handwriting is of a very poor quality.

I have just received of you, the
 letter of the 10th inst. and am
 glad to hear that you are
 well. I am well and hope
 to hear from you soon. I
 am sure you will be
 successful in your
 studies. I am sure you
 will be a great success.
 I am sure you will be
 a great success. I am
 sure you will be a great
 success. I am sure you
 will be a great success.

Col. 10

The circulation of the bonds
thru San Francisco will be greatly
to diminish the business in the Atlantic
City. You state that you have
about 500,000 of the last arrivals,
and thought you will be left with
150,000. So that you have 500,000 of
the amt. thought to be provided by the
recent arrivals was quoted upon at
San Francisco.

San Francisco.
I expect you to send along
the anti-slavery paper for Congress, and
hopes it may come to hand to-
day. But I suppose it may not
reach us until the morning.

Sam. Aug. 1844

Sam. W. Chapman
Bedford

Van. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. 32. 33. 34. 35. 36. 37. 38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54. 55. 56. 57. 58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65. 66. 67. 68. 69. 70. 71. 72. 73. 74. 75. 76. 77. 78. 79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 89. 90. 91. 92. 93. 94. 95. 96. 97. 98. 99. 100. 101. 102. 103. 104. 105. 106. 107. 108. 109. 110. 111. 112. 113. 114. 115. 116. 117. 118. 119. 120. 121. 122. 123. 124. 125. 126. 127. 128. 129. 130. 131. 132. 133. 134. 135. 136. 137. 138. 139. 140. 141. 142. 143. 144. 145. 146. 147. 148. 149. 150. 151. 152. 153. 154. 155. 156. 157. 158. 159. 160. 161. 162. 163. 164. 165. 166. 167. 168. 169. 170. 171. 172. 173. 174. 175. 176. 177. 178. 179. 180. 181. 182. 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 189. 190. 191. 192. 193. 194. 195. 196. 197. 198. 199. 200. 201. 202. 203. 204. 205. 206. 207. 208. 209. 210. 211. 212. 213. 214. 215. 216. 217. 218. 219. 220. 221. 222. 223. 224. 225. 226. 227. 228. 229. 230. 231. 232. 233. 234. 235. 236. 237. 238. 239. 240. 241. 242. 243. 244. 245. 246. 247. 248. 249. 250. 251. 252. 253. 254. 255. 256. 257. 258. 259. 260. 261. 262. 263. 264. 265. 266. 267. 268. 269. 270. 271. 272. 273. 274. 275. 276. 277. 278. 279. 280. 281. 282. 283. 284. 285. 286. 287. 288. 289. 290. 291. 292. 293. 294. 295. 296. 297. 298. 299. 300. 301. 302. 303. 304. 305. 306. 307. 308. 309. 310. 311. 312. 313. 314. 315. 316. 317. 318. 319. 320. 321. 322. 323. 324. 325. 326. 327. 328. 329. 330. 331. 332. 333. 334. 335. 336. 337. 338. 339. 340. 341. 342. 343. 344. 345. 346. 347. 348. 349. 350. 351. 352. 353. 354. 355. 356. 357. 358. 359. 360. 361. 362. 363. 364. 365. 366. 367. 368. 369. 370. 371. 372. 373. 374. 375. 376. 377. 378. 379. 380. 381. 382. 383. 384. 385. 386. 387. 388. 389. 390. 391. 392. 393. 394. 395. 396. 397. 398. 399. 400. 401. 402. 403. 404. 405. 406. 407. 408. 409. 410. 411. 412. 413. 414. 415. 416. 417. 418. 419. 420. 421. 422. 423. 424. 425. 426. 427. 428. 429. 430. 431. 432. 433. 434. 435. 436. 437. 438. 439. 440. 441. 442. 443. 444. 445. 446. 447. 448. 449. 450. 451. 452. 453. 454. 455. 456. 457. 458. 459. 460. 461. 462. 463. 464. 465. 466. 467. 468. 469. 470. 471. 472. 473. 474. 475. 476. 477. 478. 479. 480. 481. 482. 483. 484. 485. 486. 487. 488. 489. 490. 491. 492. 493. 494. 495. 496. 497. 498. 499. 500. 501. 502. 503. 504. 505. 506. 507. 508. 509. 510. 511. 512. 513. 514. 515. 516. 517. 518. 519. 520. 521. 522. 523. 524. 525. 526. 527. 528. 529. 530. 531. 532. 533. 534. 535. 536. 537. 538. 539. 540. 541. 542. 543. 544. 545. 546. 547. 548. 549. 550. 551. 552. 553. 554. 555. 556. 557. 558. 559. 560. 561. 562. 563. 564. 565. 566. 567. 568. 569. 570. 571. 572. 573. 574. 575. 576. 577. 578. 579. 580. 581. 582. 583. 584. 585. 586. 587. 588. 589. 590. 591. 592. 593. 594. 595. 596. 597. 598. 599. 600. 601. 602. 603. 604. 605. 606. 607. 608. 609. 610. 611. 612. 613. 614. 615. 616. 617. 618. 619. 620. 621. 622. 623. 624. 625. 626. 627. 628. 629. 630. 631. 632. 633. 634. 635. 636. 637. 638. 639. 640. 641. 642. 643. 644. 645. 646. 647. 648. 649. 650. 651. 652. 653. 654. 655. 656. 657. 658. 659. 660. 661. 662. 663. 664. 665. 666. 667. 668. 669. 670. 671. 672. 673. 674. 675. 676. 677. 678. 679. 680. 681. 682. 683. 684. 685. 686. 687. 688. 689. 690. 691. 692. 693. 694. 695. 696. 697. 698. 699. 700. 701. 702. 703. 704. 705. 706. 707. 708. 709. 710. 711. 712. 713. 714. 715. 716. 717. 718. 719. 720. 721. 722. 723. 724. 725. 726. 727. 728. 729. 730. 731. 732. 733. 734. 735. 736. 737. 738. 739. 740. 741. 742. 743. 744. 745. 746. 747. 748. 749. 750. 751. 752. 753. 754. 755. 756. 757. 758. 759. 760. 761. 762. 763. 764. 765. 766. 767. 768. 769. 770. 771. 772. 773. 774. 775. 776. 777. 778. 779. 780. 781. 782. 783. 784. 785. 786. 787. 788. 789. 790. 791. 792. 793. 794. 795. 796. 797. 798. 799. 800. 801. 802. 803. 804. 805. 806. 807. 808. 809. 810. 811. 812. 813. 814. 815. 816. 817. 818. 819. 820. 821. 822. 823. 824. 825. 826. 827. 828. 829. 830. 831. 832. 833. 834. 835. 836. 837. 838. 839. 840.

I propose to furnish you with the monthly
report tomorrow and thereafter with a weekly
report, I hope this will be satisfactory
16

P.S. I have noticed your remark
as to the health of James Kane
(of the West room) and report to
him that he is entitled to perform
his duties. Perhaps you may find
him of some use in that room or
some other employment, as
he is capable. Please do the best you
can for him, as by the arrangement
of duties here I could not find
a place for him. I find it
difficult, in view of the diminished
ability of Sullivan to perform the
duties of that room, and
I am the embarrassed
to have one of the parties with
the duties of that room of course
L.S. 160 J.P.D.

Oct 19

Sir,

In answer to the application for a flag
for your office I am informed that the Quarter Master
at New York has no flag in his charge, but the
Quarter Master in this City, Major Ostrander has
been instructed to loan you a flag upon request of
the Post through either a Garrison or Storm flag as
you may require. The Garrison flag is about 40
feet long by 12 hoist and costs \$15. The Storm
flag is one third the size of the Garrison, and costs
\$11⁷⁶/₁₀₀.

As soon as I learn from the office of the
flag you prefer I will have it sent. Perhaps at your
request we might venture to get one of each kind.
It may be however that the Storm flag will suit you
best. You can take such means as you think
best to reimburse the Unit for the amount which
I will pay.

Very Respectfully
Yours,

Samuel R. Mendenhall
Director

Sam. F. Plattsmouth Esq
Supt. of Eng. Office
New York

Oct 14th 4

Sir,

I have written to the Treasury department and asked for a draft to be issued in favor of the President of the United States on the 15th of the month, payable in United States currency, and that a draft for a similar amount be issued in favor of the same office on the 15th payable in fine bars. In 7 or 10 days after we receive the letters from you we can make a return in fine bars.

I have also requested that a draft for \$30,000 payable in fine bars be issued. This amount we can send you as soon as the draft is presented.

Our Captain & family are well & hope what diminishes for the sake of our trading & the safety of our vessels, and for the reasons which it is necessary to specify. I may add that that our Captain on board is ready in the course of preparation for taking small boats. Since the receipt of our being supplied with letters from you we can make a return of fine bars.

Yours faithfully
J. B. Thompson
Capt. J. B. Thompson
Saml. Thompson

U. S. Assay Office,
New York, Oct. 19, 1854.

Sir,

I will thank you to
send me a copy of any
regulations that have been
prescribed at the Mint for
the Workmen and Watchmen.

Very respectfully,

Your obt. Servt.,

J. F. Butterworth

Supr.

by Geo. F. Denning,

Col. J. M. Snowden,
Director of the Mint,
Phil^a.

U. S. Assay Office,
New York, Oct. 19, 1854.

Sir,

The amount of silver de-
posited for coinage up to this
time at this office exceeds \$2100.
The sum of \$2000 which you
propose to send us in dollars,
will not therefore be suffi-
cient. In view of the prob-
able increase of silver de-
posits, I would suggest there-
fore that you send us at
least \$10,000.

Very respectfully

Yours etc. &c.,

J. F. Butterworth, Super.

by Geo. T. Downing.

Col. J. M. Snowden,

Director of Mint.

Phil.

Oct 21. 4

Sir,
I beg to thank you for the
kind notice of my paper, and
for making a display in your
office, and other having bills, are
constantly calling for payment.
I have mentioned that they must be
paid at your office, and have
been to ask your early attention
to the subject.

Very Respectfully,
Your Obedt. Servant,
P. R. Crocker

Care of Mr. Matthews Esq
Supt. of the
New York

Handwritten text on the reverse side of the paper, including a date stamp "Oct 21st" and a signature "P. R. Crocker".

of a morning mail from New York. Your
letters are invariably post-marked the day after their
date, and as they do not reach this city until after
3 o'clock I do receive them only the next morning.
If you can remedy this I will be much obliged
to you.

I have heard nothing from Washington
on the subject of the \$50,000 and \$50,000
drafts asked for.

How long will it take to remedy
the difficulty, and what is the latest news?

Very Respectfully
Your obedient
Samuel R. Richardson
Director

Saml F. Butterworth Esq
Capt. of the 1st Regt
New York

P.S. I repeat I have not received
your estimates. I can no longer delay sending
them for the Mint and branches, and when
you are received I will send them to the
Mint. I am assured by the Register that
the Mint estimates are wanted immediately.
The New Yorks have not been in the Mint.

Jan. 4

St.

J. F. Butterworth Esq
Supt. Albany Office
N.Y.

2nd Oct

1st As to Regulations for
Watchmen & Doorkeepers
Specific directions enclosed

2^d As to Silver to pay
for Silver deposits

3. As to receipts of Supt. letters
which do not reach him
until 3^d day

4. Call attention to payment
of 1 Bill 1000 particularly
that of Sharp & Brewster

Regulations for the Workmen of the Assay Office.

1. A days work at the Assay Office shall be ten hours throughout the year. The work shall commence at seven o'clock in the morning, and continue until five o'clock in the afternoon; and it shall be the duty of the foremen of the several rooms to report to their Officers all absences during the intervening hours. For all such absences, deductions shall be made from the wages proportional to the time lost; being at the rate of one tenth of a days wages per hour. ^{except the coming on occasionally by sickness or other unavoidable cause. If absent without leave it shall be a gross & disqualifying}
2. During the working hours, none of the men can leave the ^{Assay Office} without permission from their Officers. An hour will be allowed them for eating their dinner which must be brought to the building.
3. It shall be at the option of the ^{Superintendent} ^{or his Deputy} to permit or require work of the men before or after the prescribed hours; but for all such ^{extra} work, ^{or when more than ten hours are required} extra pay shall be allowed at the rate of one tenth of a days wages for every hour.
4. A roll shall be kept by each Officer, to be noted day by day, of the actual attendance of the workmen employed in his proper branch of business, which will be reported at the end of each month, to the ^{Chief Officer} ^{Superintendent}. He will also make to the ^{Superintendent} ^{Officers} at the end of each month, a confidential report, for the purpose of keeping him advised of the habits of all.

at the option of the ~~Superintendent~~ ^{Officers} only Officers.
to be entered ~~in the roll~~ ^{in the roll}

the skill, sobriety and fidelity of each workman,
or the house.

5. ^{Office regulations} The Assay Office will never be left but in the
charge, in the day, of at least three trustworthy
persons, and in the night of six Watchmen.
The Watchmen will relieve the Messengers in
charge, at 5 o'clock P.M. and will, in their turn,
be relieved by the Messengers at 5 o'clock A.M.
Records will be presented by the ^{Superintendent} ~~Superintendent~~
who will devise such mode of securing their
observance and proper vigilance on the part
of the Watchmen, ^{and others} as he may deem expedient.

6. The Messengers, ^{at workmen} at the end of Office hours,
and the workmen, at the end of working
hours, will specially close the doors window
shutters and other fastenings, and put every
thing in its proper place and in a state of
security, in their respective portions of the
building to be presented by the ^{my office} Superintendent.
At the end of working hours, the Messengers ^{and workmen} in
charge of the building shall make a careful
examination throughout, to see that the fastenings
are secure, the fire escape, and no one concealed
in the building. Then relieving the Watchmen at
5 o'clock P.M., the Watchmen shall repeat the
same inspection and examination, and the
Messengers ^{and workmen} as soon as they relieve the
Watchmen at 5 o'clock A.M. will again repeat
this inspection.

7. The Watchmen (and Messengers) will be
furnished with ^{fire} and other arms - kept

in constant readiness for immediate use,
and none but middle aged, able bodied
men, of good character and steady habits,
will be employed in either of said capacities.

East Smithfield Bradford County N.H. Oct. 17. 1851

Dear Sir

Some question having arose in this vicinity whether the three
cent pieces coined at the mint are a legal tender in payment of debts and
not having the act of Congress which authorized their coinage at hand
you will very much oblige by informing me by mail what the
law is upon the subject

Yours respectfully

Thos H. the Director of the mint
Wash

David Bullock

October 28th

4.

Sir,

I have received your letter of the 19th inst
in reply to your enquiry I have to state that the three
cent piece coined prior to the present year, are by law
a legal tender for thirty cents and those coined during
this year are such for any sum not exceeding five cents.
The figures on a piece exhibits the year it was coined.

I am, Very Respectfully,

Saml Pope Alexander
Director.

Mt Daniel D. Bullock
East Amherst
Bradford Co
N.H.

October 2

October 19th

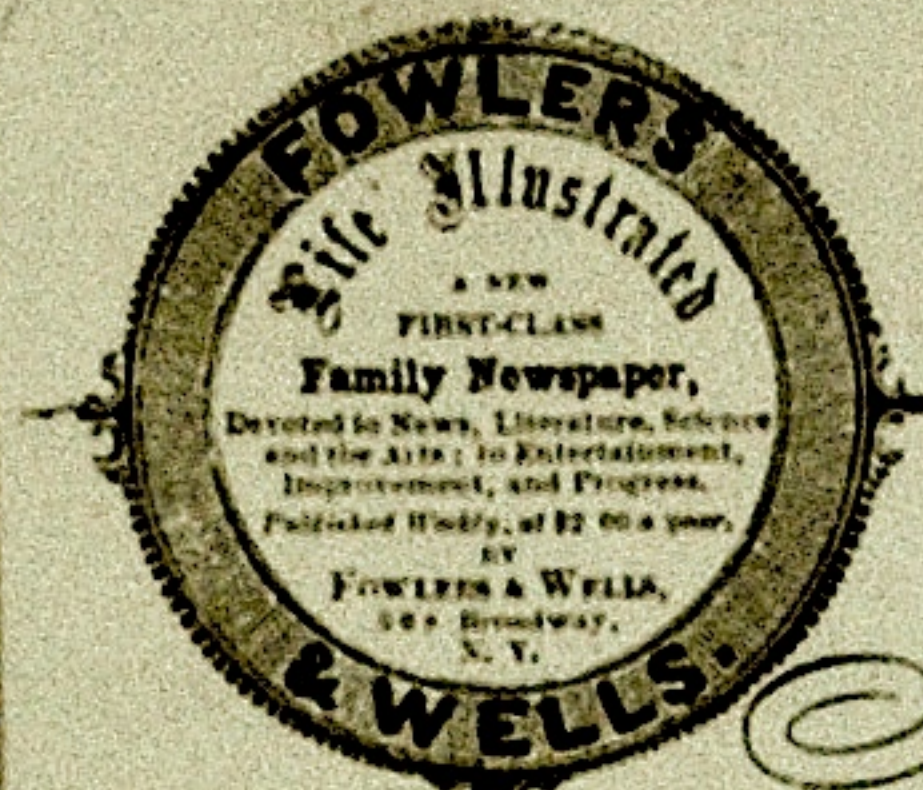
My dear Sir
I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 10th inst. in relation to the above named matter. I am sorry to hear that you are not satisfied with the result of the investigation. I have been very busy lately and have not had time to devote to this matter as much as I would wish. I will, however, endeavor to give it my attention as soon as possible.

I am, Sir, very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
J. H. [Name]

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 10th inst. in relation to the above named matter. I am sorry to hear that you are not satisfied with the result of the investigation. I have been very busy lately and have not had time to devote to this matter as much as I would wish. I will, however, endeavor to give it my attention as soon as possible.

I am, Sir, very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
J. H. [Name]

(Enclosed)



Office of Life Illustrated,

No. 308 BROADWAY,

New York.

New York Oct 17, 1854

Sir,

Wishing to prepare
an article on the Gold Coins
of the U. S. I take the liberty
to write you to inquire if you
can refer me to any Work or
Works ~~or~~ where I can find
the dates of the first Coinings of
the different species. If so
I shall be under obligations which
I shall be happy to acknowledge
& Reciprocate

L. A. Phelps
For Fowler & Wells

States,

185

Mint of the United States,

Philadelphia,

185

Oct 18 4

Gentlemen.

In reply to your letter of yesterday
I send you a copy of the Mint laws, a
tabular statement of coinage up to 1841
and a copy of my last annual report
to the President of the United States.
You will readily find all the information
you desire through the perusal of
these documents. If you should have
any difficulties no any point and write
me on the subject I will gladly
aid you.

Very Respectfully,

Samuel Kays Snowden

Major, Hawley & Wells
25 305 Broadway
New York

Director U.S. Mints.

New York N^o 70 Wall St.

Oct. 17. 1854

Prof. Snodden, Esq.

Dear Sir,

I take occasion to
send to your address per mail
a short article on "the Mint," by
Professor Wilson.

It is possible that he has,
in the hurry of his account,
committed one or more errors.

If such is the case, or any
explanatory "Remarks" are deemed
by you appropriate, I shall be
glad to give them place, if
rec^d. on or before Saturday next.

Very respectfully,

Your obis. Serv^t
J. M. Smith

Charles Cooper, Refiner B. 120 Great Charles St
Birmingham

De Siellat, 99 Rue St Louis Paris

Gautier, Aine Paris

Sheffield Smelting Co Sheffield

Johnson & sons, 18a Abinghall St London

St. Jos. W. Farnum (care of Baring, Bros & Co) London

Hon. J. Buchanan, Minister, London

Hon. Geo. Y. Mason, Minister, Paris

I am, dear Sir,
Very Respectfully,
Yours at. Servant,
James R. McAndrew
Director

J. Smith Homans Esq
New York.

P.S. There are some errors in the figures, viz.
I will note a few.
A 361 line 10 from top \$2,000,000 should
read \$650,000
A 362 line 5 from top (6 x 20 ft) should
be (6 feet x 2 ft x 20 inches)
A 362 line 9 from top (9 ft x 4 ft x 2 ft)
Should be line 9 from bottom - read lifting and
working, except this last, except on lower, &c

as of improved importance.

3. The statements about an eating plants with
invertebrates. The truth of this fact has been
proven and we have returned to the
use of wood.

4. The cost transfer of the credit of the coming
Machines & Counting board from the indentor
to that of another officer.

5. The development of male honesty and male labor compared with females.

6. the power tone of exasperation and glorification which runs through the article and separates as collision, work what is really the capacity of the spirit under the utmost pressure of hell-work. To accomplish the Conquest last year of 70 millions of souls I expended a hundred days, and ^{the next year} 100 the high and days.

I make these remarks not for publication
but when I set down to acknowledge your
conduct in submitting the article for review
I have an interest to make them for your own
eyes. I regret that I cannot comply with
your request to insert explanatory remarks,
to accompany the article in question.

Oct 20.

4

Dear Sir,

I thank you for the courtesy of sending me the article by Prof. Wilson on the "Mint of the United States". While it contains much exact information it is erroneous in many particulars and subject to criticism and correction. But it seems indelicate and improper for me to undertake the task. If you demand a refutation of the article independent it must stand upon its own merits and authorship. It is known generally to be so pulled that it means the appearance of having been furnished by the Mint; whereas this is the first intimation that almost most of the officers, including myself as the Chief Officer of the Mint and branches - have had of the preparation of such an article or ~~that~~ that Prof. Wilson was even a visitor at the Mint.

I could point out numerous errors.

1. As to the employment of operators and assistant, this house is lodged in the Director at the Mint, and with the Superintendents at the branches.
2. The statement that an opus, given by the last house of Jay Lullac.
3. The omission of the opening & improving departments

Office of the Assistant Treasurer, U. S.

New York, Oct 17th 1854

Daniel Sturgeon Esq.,
Crest U.S. Mint,
Philadelphia.

Sir

I have this day forwarded
by Messrs Adams & Co. Transfer Draft No 1215
on you, in my favor, for \$50,000. payable in silver
coins. I will thank you to send \$5,000. in Dimes,
\$5,000. in half Dimes, \$10,000. in half Dollars,
and \$30,000. in quarter Dollars.

Very Respectfully
Your ob. Servant,
J. M. J. C. C.
Asst. Treas.

Recd by Adams & Co. as above
Oct 18/54

Mint of the United States,

Philadelphia, Oct 17th, 1854,

Sir,

I have received your letter of the 16th inst
in explanation of the transfer by the Assistant Treasurer of the U.S.
at New Orleans of the amount stated in your letter to the Treasury of the
U.S. I enclose a copy of my letter ^{of 28th Sept} instructions to the Sup^t
of that Branch as to the disposition to be made of the silver
parted from by keep, during the year 1850, before silver so parted
was allowed to be put out under which instructions the
transfer referred to in your letter was made.

~~The letter forwarded by Adams & Co. does not~~
~~reach at the Mint~~ I have this day received the
letter forwarded by ^{you per} Adams & Co. Express the net value of
which as soon as ascertained will be paid to
~~the Treasury of the U.S.~~ disposed of as directed
in your letter.

Oct 13 9

Sir,

As I am now engaged on
the subject of preparing estimates for the
Print and Branches for the fiscal
year 1855 & 6, I beg to call your atten-
tion to the receipt of your forwarding me
with an estimate for your office, at
your earliest convenience.

Yours Respectfully

James R. Brewster
Director.

Saml H. Butterworth Esq
Supt. of the
New York

Oct 14

✓ 2

I have to request that you will transmit to me a monthly and quarterly report of the operations of the assay office, showing the amount and descriptions of deposits, in what manners and places bought, &c. in such form as may best suit your convenience and give the information desired.

Samuel B. St. John

James Appleton
died.

Wm. F. Butterworth Esq
Superintendent
Hwy Office
New York

Sale of gold and Silver Dues at the Mint of the U. S. Phila?

Sealed proposals will be received at the Mint of the United States until 3 o'clock on the 15th of January next, - when they will be opened by the Director of the Mint in the presence of such of the bidders as may be present - for the purchase of ^{one hundred and forty five} barrels of Mint Dues containing gold and silver. They will be sold in lots, of ^{each, and may of fifteen barrels} ten barrels, to the highest bidder. Should however the bids unexpectedly fall greatly below the true value of the Dues as reported by the Mint, the Director reserves the power of rejecting the whole of said bids.

The form of the bids should state the price offered ^{and hundred pounds according to} payable in cash, ^{or delivery} of the Dues, ^{at the mint}. Samples for assay will be furnished on application at the Mint.

By order of James R. Fremont Director
of the Mint.

San. S. S. S. S.
Deceased.

Oct 17, 1854.

copy

Mint of the United States,

Philadelphia, Oct 17 1854.

Dear Sir,

Please publish
the enclosed for one
month and send bill
therefor to the Mint

DWS

Hon A. A. P. Nicholson
Esq Marsh Union

Sale of Gold and Silver Receipts at the Mint of the U. S. Philad.

Sealed proposals will be received at the Mint of the United States, until 3 o'clock on the 15th of January, next, when they will be opened by the Director of the Mint, in the presence of such of the bidders as may be present, for the purchase of One hundred and forty five barrels of Mint Receipts containing gold and silver.

They will be sold in lots: thirteen of ten barrels each, and one of fifteen barrels, to the highest bidder. Should, however, the bids unexpectedly fall greatly below the true value of the Receipts, as reported by the Mint Assay, the Director reserves the power of rejecting the whole of said bids.

The form of the bids should state the price offered per hundred pounds avoirdupois, payable in Cash at the Mint on delivery of the Receipts. Samples for Assay will be furnished on application at the Mint.

By Order of James Ross Snowden Director of the Mint.

Daniel Sturgeon

Treasurer.

Oct. 07 1854

Publish for one month }
Send file to the Mint }

UNITED STATES ASSAY OFFICE,

New York, Oct 17th 1854

Sir

In your letter of the 14th inst you request my views as to the manner in which transfers of bullion can be most judiciously & properly made between the Mint & this Office. I think that these transfers can be made without the agency of any Express Company, the practice I know has been to employ Adams & Co. & to pay them at the rate of \$375 for the transportation (& insurance) of a million of gold and \$1500 for a like amt of silver; I am satisfied that this can be effected with equal safety & convenience and at much less expense by an individual agent to be employed by the Treasury Dept at a reasonable salary required to give ample security. The bullion should be transported in iron boxes of convenient size, locked, one set of keys retained here & the other at the Mint, these boxes could be placed in the mail car or an arrangement could be made with the R.R. Co.

to have a separate car for that purpose. The charges made by Adams & Co are not only for transportation but also for insurance, what is this insurance with? and why should the Govt insure? if there be a loss by the sinking of a ferry boat or any inevitable accident is it not better that the Govt should sustain the loss than individuals? I do not value the insurance of an Express Company a straw, in the event of the loss of a million of dollars, not one dime would ever be recovered from them, they give no bond, which I think every person should do who handles the money of the Treasury -

Our stock of coal is exhausted by this days payments. although our liabilities are met for the present, we ought to have a further remittance. I learn from Prof Kent, the Mitten Refiner. that there has been a serious defect in the arrangement for carrying off the nitrous fumes from his painting kettles. In the first place the boxes through which the fumes pass to the chimney are not half large enough, and secondly they are inserted into the stack so as to discharge the fumes into the corner flue which

are cold, instead of the center flue, which is heated by the furnace, the consequence is that the painting rooms yesterday and today have been filled with fumes so as to render it difficult for the workmen to remain there. I have given orders to have this remedied; but owing to this delay & to the uncertainty thus thrown upon the operations of our refinery it is impossible to tell when we can have any fine bar. Another steamer may be expected by Tuesday next (24th inst) and as most of the bullion intended for bar will be deposited here, we ought to receive from the Mint another half million with permission to send for more if required -

I am with great respect

Yours M^t Serv^t

Sam^l J. Totten

Supt

Recd

Ja^s R. Snowden

Director

From To Lot 12 . . . 16

Oct 19th 4

Sir,

I thank you for your favor
of the 17th inst in which you present
your views respecting the mode of
transporting luthern and Corn between
the Point and the Agency office, which was
asked for in my letter of the 14th inst.

It seems that by the laws of New
Jersey, the Railroad Companies are
permitted to charge, if they think proper,
36 cents per M as a transit charge between
the two cities, and I have learned to
believe that this charge would be
made if the government ^{fund} employed an
individual as an agent. If an
adequate salary was paid the agent, it
might then prove to be more economical than
our present mode; but I think

From & To J. F. Butterworth Esq
Supt. Assn. M.

no amount given nothing on the
score of either safety or convenience,
especially if no expense, as the
Department may do, the giving of
security by the transportation agents.
Adam & Co. have secured immense
sums of money for us without loss
and with great promptness.

I have however, referred the whole
subject, and your recent suggestion,
to the Treasury Department to
whose judgment and will I respectfully
defer.

I am very Respectfully

Yours Affectionately
Director.

J. F. Butterworth Esq
Supt. & Spec. Agent
New York.

Copy to Mr
Ph. Oct 16/84

Dear Sir

As requested I send you
herewith a copy of my letter
with the Treasury Department on the
subject of the proper construction
to be put on the assay of fine gold.

Sincerely,
S. L. Rice

St. Butterfield & Co.
Sgt. Assn. Off.

NB

U. S. Assay Office, Treasurer's Department.

New York. Oct 16th 1854

Daniel Sturgeon Esq
Treas^r U. S. Mint,
Philadelphia.

Sir

I have to acknowledge
the receipt of your letter of the 14th inst. and bars
and coin, amounting to \$34,826.16, which added to
the amount previously transmitted, is in full pay-
ment for the draft of \$500,000. in my favor.

Very Respectfully
Yours ob^d serv^t.
John J. Cissel
Treasurer.

UNITED STATES ASSAY OFFICE.

New York, Oct 16 1854

Sir

The proposition "to transport gold bars from this office to the Mint and gold coin from the Mint to this office for 25 cents per one thousand dollars" was made by Seignupton proprietors of the Harnden Express - a similar proposition has been made by Frost & Forrest of this City, they are amongst the most responsible merchants of the City, Mr Frost is a member of the Chamber of Commerce & would give security to any amt. I will wish you on this subject again tomorrow -

With great respect

Yours obdnt

Saml. T. Buttumuth

Supl.

Recd

Edw. P. Snowden

Director

Oct. 18th 4.

Sir,
I have fully considered the paragraph in your favor of the 12th inst in which you ask me to enquire and report to you in what mode the transfers between the Mint and the Assay Office can be most judiciously and properly made in the several particulars of expense safety and convenience.

Whilst I would prefer the arrangement respecting these transfers and the mode of adjusting the accounts between the Mint and Assay Office which I suggested on the 10th of May last yet as the Department desires, as far as possible to avoid, a system of accounts between the offices in question, I fully acquiesce in the arrangement proposed by you, namely, that the transfers in question should be made by drafts from the Treasury. I can instruct the Superintendent to send to you a statement showing the weight and value of the deposit made for coinage and request a transfer draft for that value in favor of the Mint. When the bullion is sent here, it can be accompanied with such a detailed statement as I may require from the Assay Office. If at any time it should be found necessary to send coin to New York it can be transferred in the same manner so that I think there will be no practical difficulty in the way of carrying out your suggestion.

With regard to the safety of the bullion in transit, I may remark that Messrs Adams & Co have, as it will be known to the Department, for many years past been employed by the Government

and carried immense sums of money without loss. There will not be many Millions per annum transferred in pursuance of this arrangement, as the deposits for Coinage at New York will, in general be comparatively small.

I do not regard the suggested charge of 20 cents per thousand including insurance as a reasonable one, and I cannot understand how any Company can, in view of the transit charges on the Rail Roads, and insurance, perform the service at 20 cts per M. The Superintendent at New York informs me that the offer he spoke of was made by Livingston & Co. He also states that a similar offer is made by Frost & Forrest of that City. He promises me a further communication on this subject which when received I will lay before you if of sufficient importance.

I may add that I am informed by Messrs Adams & Co. that they are willing to give any security that the Department may require. I would prefer the Agency of this Company to any other, but this point, as well as the amount of compensation, is a subject for your consideration and to your judgment I respectfully defer.

I have the honor to be,

With great respect
Your faithful servant

Jas. R. Anderson
Director

Hon. J. M. Washington
Act. Sec. of the Treasury
Washington

Mint of the United States

Philad: 16 Oct. 1874.

Sir,

In accordance with the arrangement now
between us, I have to request that you will re-
mit to the Treasurer of the Mint, the aggregate
amount paid by us to the employes engaged for
your office, amounting to Eleven hundred and
thirty nine⁰⁰/₁₀₀ dollars, for which I enclose, as
per voucher, the original pay rolls duly receipted.

Very respectfully yours

Sam^l T. Butterworth, Esq

Chf. of Assay Office

New York.

Sam^l R. Knapp

Director

Mint of the United States,
Philad^a. Oct. 14. 1854.

Sir,

As Dr. Sturges, the Treasurer of the
Mint, will be temporarily absent for a week or
two on account of business at his former residence
in Fayette County, I have, with his consent,
appointed you to act in his place during his ab-
sence.

This appointment is made pursuant to the
4th Sect. of the General Mint Law.

Very Respectfully

James B. Snowden
Director.

Robert Patterson Esq
Treasurer & Clerk
U. S. Mint.

Richmond Pa Oct 14. 1854
To Superintendent of the Mount Phila Pa
Dr Sir — I sent to the Mount, through
The American Express Co some \$1000
of Green Sully for currency, the 22nd
day of September last, of which
I have not as yet received any
word. I am anxious to know if it
safely came to the Mount, and if so
when it will be coined and ready
for delivery. You will therefore much
oblige by sending me word upon the
receipt of this
Respectfully
Your Obedt Servt

GJ

George M. Davis

As soon as the Mount is coined
You will please send it to Richmond
Wayne County Indiana by the
above named Express Company
McHarrison deposited the gold
in the 6th of Sep (Recit No. 2857) sent to Harrison
on the 28th Sep. amt \$1027.45

October 18th 4.

Sir, I have received your letter of the 14th inst.
The gold referred to in your letter was received at the
Mint on the 26th ult. and the proceeds of the same
(\$27.45-) were forwarded to you on the 28th of the same
month by the American Express Co. at whose office
you will probably find the same.

I am, very Respectfully,
James Ross Snowden
Secretary

Mr. Geo. M. Davis
Richmond
Wayne Co
Indiana

Mint of the United States.

Phila. Oct. 14. 1852.

Sir,

On my return from New York I wrote to the Secretary of the Treasury and informed him that in order to allow the Assay office to go into operation I deemed it necessary to give instructions to melt, assay and calculate the value of each deposit separately, and that when its value was ascertained, the bars should be parted and refined in mass without distinction of deposits, and asked his permission to give you the following instructions, viz:

1. To melt, assay and calculate the value of each deposit separately whether designed for coinage or fine bars.

2. To pay the depositors immediately after the value is determined, in like metal deposited, in fine bars or coin at the option of the depositor.

3. To part and refine the deposits ~~in mass~~ and in such amounts as may best be operated upon from time to time, by the Melt & Refiner.

4. To transmit to the Mint immediately after

value is determined those bars designed
for coinage.

This permission I have obtained from
the Department with this qualification that
the last proposition (No. 4) may be considered
as authorized for the period of three months.

I have also brought to the attention of
the Department the subject of the mode and
agency of transferring the bullion between
the Mint and the Assay Office.

On this point I will thank you to
enquire and report to me, at your earliest
convenience your views as to the manner in
which these transfers can be most judiciously
and properly made, in the several particulars
of expense, safety and convenience.

I am, Sir Respectfully

Wm. B. Street.

S. F. Bitterworth, Esq.,
Supt Assay Office
New York

P.S. You will receive
to-day the balance of the \$500,000 in fine bars

Dear Sir,
I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 14th inst. in relation to the matter of the 10th inst. and in reply to inform you that the same has been forwarded to the proper authorities for their consideration.

I am, Sir, very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
J. M. Smith
The undersigned has the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 14th inst. in relation to the matter of the 10th inst. and in reply to inform you that the same has been forwarded to the proper authorities for their consideration.

I am, Sir, very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
J. M. Smith
The undersigned has the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 14th inst. in relation to the matter of the 10th inst. and in reply to inform you that the same has been forwarded to the proper authorities for their consideration.

I have your letter of the 11th inst.
The charge of 6 cents per \$100 of gross value
for casting into bars was intended to apply
to gold. There never has been at this Mint
or any of the Branches so far as I can
learn a single instance of a demand
for fine or standard silver bars.

I will meet with the Department to-day
and propose to charge one cent per oz
standard equal to 86 cents per \$100 worth.
This will probably cover the actual
cost of the operation, although if we ~~take~~^{took}
the same rates as ^{that} paid for gold it would
be nearer accurate to say 100 cents per
\$100 worth, and it is as expensive to
make ^{silver} bars as gold, and

It seems to me impolitic to
encourage the making of fine or standard
silver bars, and I make the same remark
as to silver dollars, but as depositors
have a right under the law to ask for
such returns we must endeavor to supply
them. I have asked the Department to issue
a draft for \$2000 which when presented
shall be paid in silver dollars transmitted
to you.

Minist. of the Interior
Chicago, Oct. 14, 1897.

Sir, I must ask your indulgence for a
day or two being applying to that part of your
favor of the 12th inst. which relates to the
provision for transferring letters and coin between
the Mint and the assay office.

I have given instructions to the Superintendent
and I consider with great approval, limiting
the operations of the 4th proposition to three
months.

I have the honor to be
very respectfully,
Yours Obediently,

Hon. P. J. Washington,
Acting Sec. of the Treasury,
Washington City.

Samuel R. Vreeland
Director.

Minister of the United States

Chicago: 14 Oct 1854.

Sir,

I am advised by the Superintendent of the Assay Office at New York, that a deposit of silver for standard bars under the 11th section of the Assay Office law, has been made with them, and he refers to me the question of the proper charge to be made for casting the same. Under the regulations which now govern the office they are authorized to charge 6 cents per \$100 for casting into bars, but this rate, though not so expressed was calculated for and intended to apply only to gold bars, and is manifestly inapplicable to silver bars, which have not been provided for. It becomes my duty, therefore, under the Act of Mar 3, 1853 c. 96 § 7 to call your attention to this subject with a view to the regulation of the tariff on such deposits.

As it does not cost materially less, per ounce, to melt silver than gold, it will suffice, as a basis for such a tariff, to consider what is the price per ounce paid on good bars, as equivalent to the tariff rate of 6 cents per \$100 worth. If fine bar (say 99⁵/₁₀₀) worth \$100 should weigh say 4¹¹/₁₀₀ ounces, so that a charge per ounce corresponding to the present charge would be say 1²¹/₁₀₀ ¢ cents per ounce, the equivalent of 6 cents per 4¹¹/₁₀₀ ounces (or \$100)

If we charge, therefore, one and one ounce standard on bars of silver we shall put a fraction below the present rate on gold, but probably such a charge would under all circumstances be commensurate to the cost, and I recommend it for adoption at the Assay Office of this Mining

I should also mention that a deposit has been

Minist of the United States
China: 14 Oct 1854.

made at New York for silver dollars, and the Sup.
Government desires me to send a few dollars for
the payment thereof. I have discouraged as much
as possible the demand for such coin here, because
our government loses by their coinage, and the dollar
is no longer a kind of circulation; but as deposits
have a legal right to demand the coin, I suggest
that a draft be authorized, in favor of the Mining
Office, say for \$2000., which we will pay for our dollar
at coin, of which we have a good supply on hand for you.

I have the honor to be
With great respect,
Yours faithfully
Frederic

Sam. W. Frendson
Secretary

See. Payne for China
Group of the Chinese
Washington D.C.

U. S. Assay Office, Treasurer's Department.

New York, Oct 14th 1854

Daniel Sturgeon Esq^r
Treas^r U. S. Mint.
Philadelphia.

Sir

I have to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 13th inst. and gold bars amounting to Three Hundred and thirty five thousand, Seven hundred and sixty eight ⁵²/₁₀₀ dollars (\$335,768.52) in part payment of draft for \$500,000. drawn in my favor.

Very Respectfully
Your obt^d Servant,
John J. Cress
Treasurer.

Dear Sir

New York Oct 14th

Allow me to call
your attention to an error in the enclosed
assay wherein the Gold is made to
weigh more after melting than before
will you explain it to us and oblige

Yours Respect

Thos & Waldon

2 Wall St

copy

Mont. W. C.

Phila Oct, 14, 1854

Sir,

As Mr. Sturgess the Treasurer of
the Mint will be temporarily absent
for a week or two on account of
business at his former residence in Fayette
Co., I have, with his consent, appointed
Mr. Robert Patterson (a clerk in the Treasury
office) to act in his place during
his absence. This appointment
is made pursuant to the 4th Sec
of the General Mint Law.

I am &c

L. V. R.

Director.

Am Secy of the Treas

Mint of the United States
Philad^a Oct 14, 1854.

Dear Sir,

As Mr. Sturges the Treasurer of the
Mint will be temporarily absent for a ^{week or two} ~~few~~
on account of business at his former ~~residence~~ ^{residence} in
Fayette County, I have, with his consent, ap-
pointed you to act in his place during his
absence. This appointment is made pursuant to
the 4th Section of the general Mint Law.

Very Respectfully

James R. Snowden
Director.

Robert Patterson Esq.
Treasurer's Clerk
U.S. Mint.

Minist of the A. States.
Phil^a. Oct 13. 1854

Sir,

I send you to-day, per Adams & Co's, ten pens with a locked case for which there are two keys - (which I enclosed). You will please use these locked pens, as far as practicable in the various States in the regulations from the Department.

Perhaps an good arrangement could be made for the present would be to place one key in the hands of the Acting Clerk, and the other in that of the Foreman of clerks. I would be glad to hear from you on this point.

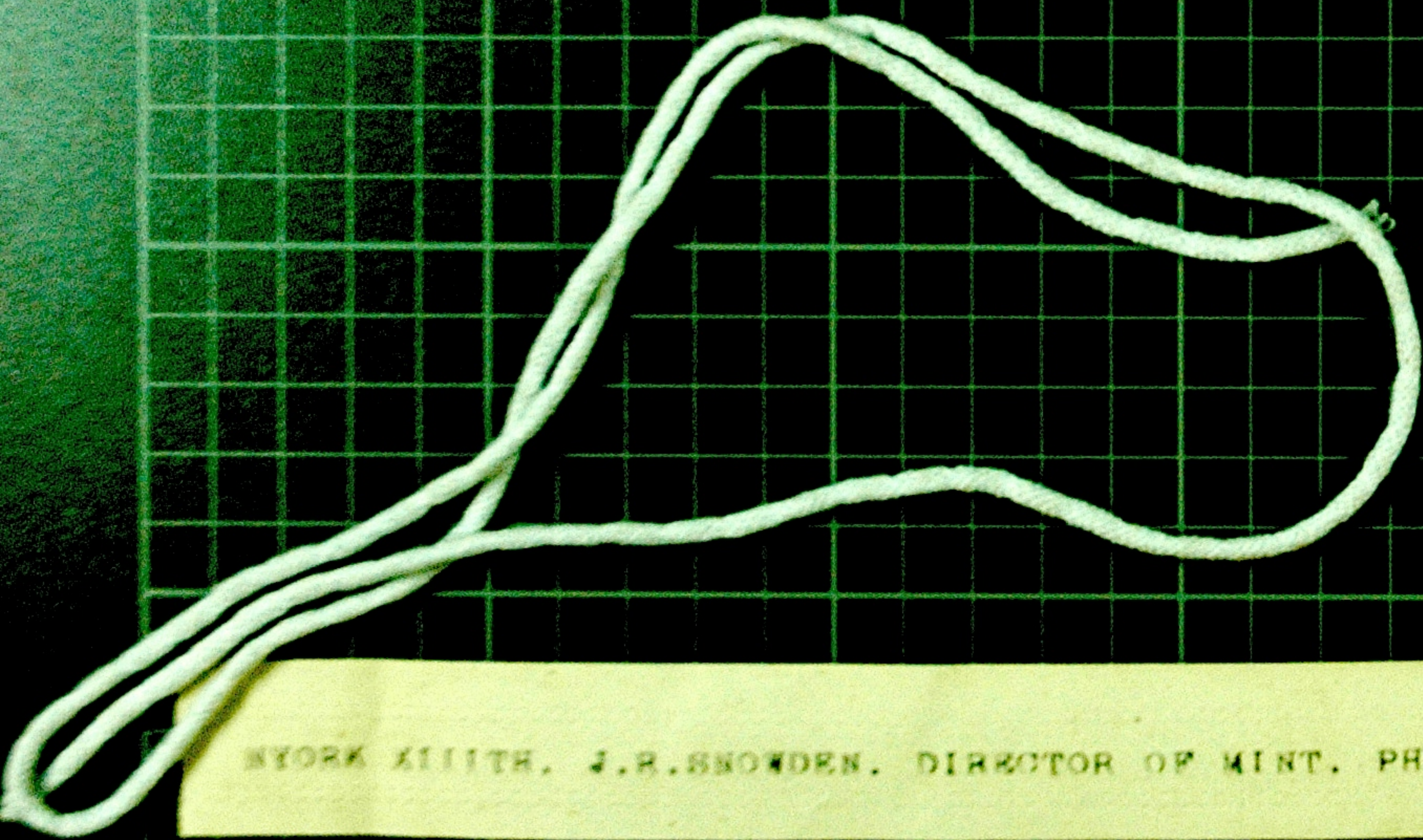
\$190,000 in full has been paid
is now in the hands of Adams & Co
and I am happy to add \$60,000 more.

The balance of the 500.00
has will send as soon as possible

I am Respectfully
S. R. Alexander
Assistant

Wm. H. Ruttenorth Esq
Capt. Army Office
Wash. D. C.

P.S. I have looked over
the list sent you as soon
as they are in handwriting.



NYORK XIIIITH, J.R.SNOWDEN, DIRECTOR OF MINT, PHILA. BARS RECEIVED. MORE WANTED FOR TOMORROWS STEAMER. CAN YOU SEND A

RE WANTED FOR TOMORROWS STEAMER. CAN YOU SEND ALL OR PART TONIGHT. S.W. BUTTERWORTH, SUPT. U.S. ASSAY OFFICE.

broader Ans will send \$250,000 in Bars to-day

U.S. MINT GENERAL CORRESPONDENCE 1854/OCTOBER (CONT.)

Minist of the United States.
Phil. Oct. 2, 1854.

En
I have received your letter of the
2nd ult. with the enclosed draft for \$100
which amount I have forwarded to you by
express today, in the American Express of Phila.
coin specified in your letter.

I am, very respectfully,

Yours &c.

Geo. B. North of City.
Cashier to Am. Ex. Co.
New York
The enclosed.

Racine County Bank.
Racine Wisconsin 28th Sept 1855

James Ross Snowden Esq.
Director &c of
the mint U.S. at Philadelphia

Dear Sir -

I enclose my
sight draft on New York City for \$500.
for which please send me by express.

In 3 cent pieces say about	\$60-
5	200-
10	<u>240-</u>

I am very respectfully

Yours
Geo. F. Northrop
Cashier

Boston Oct 26 54
M^{rs} Officer of the United States
M^{rs} Philadelphia viz, & forward
by Henry, per express, six weeks, to
say, a package of gold, containing
39 1/2 oz., to be assayed, & the value
there of in quoin, returned at the
earliest possible moment. To David
Barrie, Boston & J. but have heard
nothing from it. now gentlemen, I
wish to know, whether it came to your
hands, ^{subd} whether it has been sent, back
if not, ^{that} it should be, as soon as possi-
ble, for part of it is going, to
a man, who is suffering, for it.

Please answer immediately.
yours truly in respect
David Barrie

Mint of the United States.
Philad.^a Oct. 2. 1854.

Sir,

In accordance with your instructions I
made on the 30th ult.^o an examination of the Books
of A/c of the Treasurer of the Mint and found a
balance stated to be in his hands of \$2,250,875.48
On counting the monies on hand the amount
of the same was found to be as follows.

In gold coin	1,464,139.00
" Fine Bars	36,361.61
" Silver coin	770,246.97
Ordinary	9,627.85
Copper	
Total	\$

The balance stated to be on hand ^{of the U.S.} as appeared by an examination of
in the Books of A/c ^{in the Asst. Treasury} ~~was stated~~ ^{by that office as}

On counting the monies on hand the amount was found
to correspond with said balance
as follows.

Minist of the United States.
Chicago? Oct. 2. 1859.

Sir,

I have presented on several occasions
to the Treasury Department the propriety of my being
authorized to furnish your office with a sufficient
amount of fine bars to pay for the fine deposits
which may be required to be paid in that
manuere and in compliance with your recent
letter I received in relation of the department
to the subject. I received to-day a letter from
the Secretary of the Treasury, dated the 30th ult.
in which he says, "In reply to your letter
dated the 27th inst I have to state that the
Department has concluded not to send fine
bars to the assay office at New York, but to
authorize the payment of coin until it can be
supplied with bars of its own manufacture."

Yours very Respectfully
Saml. H. Parthum & Co.

Sept. 27th 1859.

New York.

James Repenchen
Secretary.

P.S. Your favor of the 29th ult. regarding the
speculations was duly acknowledged.
J. R. S.

Mint of the United States

Philad.^a Oct. 2, 1854,

Sir,

I have received from favor of the 30th ult^o in which you state that it is desired to pay the expense of the proposed improvements at the Mint from the profits of the Mint, and deem it my duty to call your attention to what seems to me the legal obstacles to such an arrangement.

The only profits of the Mint are those derived from the Silver Coinage, the Signetage on gold, and the Copper Coinage. The latter is near, since the advances in the price of Copper, reduced to almost nothing: so that the only profits are those derived from the Silver and Gold Coinage.

But by the act of March 4, 1853, Mint Sect. 62, it is made my duty "to cause to be paid annually into the Treasury of the United States the profits of the Mint." and more specifically it is directed by the 3^d sect of the act of Feb. 21, 1853, Mint Sect. 58, as to the Silver Coinage that "the profit of Silver Coinage shall be, from time to time, on a

172
account of the director of the mint, transferred to
the account of the Treasury of the United States,
and as to the gold coins that "the money
arising from this charge of one half per centum
shall be charged to the Treasurer of the mint
and from time to time be transferred from
of the Director of the mint, shall be trans-
ferred into the Treasury of the United States"
and the result of the action of the law thus quoted, it
became my evident duty to cause all the gold
received at the mint to be paid over to the Treas-
ury of the United States, precisely as it is made
obligatory on the collecting officers of the Customs
and the Post office as regards moneys received
by them. It seemed therefore some illegal to
divert these profits to the payment of any
part of the expenses of the mint prior to the
amount being paid over to the Treasury.
But if these profits are once paid
into the Treasury they can be made available
for any purpose except after a specific
appropriation made by law, is for you to
determine. It appears to me, however that the
Constitutional inhibition on such a use is
express. It must be concluded that the

expended expenditure for the trial, is not
legally covered by the words of the appropria-
tion for its support, and in the absence of
such appropriation, cannot be properly
transferred sufficient, it seems, in so far
as I understand the law on this point,
a prohibited exercise of discretion.

Whether in view of such circumstances,
and there being no immediate receipt for the
expended charges, it may not be better to
reimburse them, until the matter shall have
been referred to the judgment and appropria-
tion of Congress, I respectfully present
to your consideration.

I have the honor to be
with great respect,
Yours faithfully,

Samuel R. Johnson
Secretary

Mr. James Guthrie,
Sec. of the Treasury
Washington City.

Mint of the United States.

Phil: Oct 2, 1854.

Sir,

In accordance with your instructions I made on the 30th ult: an examination of the Books of A/c of the Treasurer of the Mint and found a balance stated to be in his hands of \$2,282,170.65 On counting the monies on hand the amount of the same was found to be as following: Specie \$1,464,032.00

• • Bars 36,361.61

• Silver coin 770,246.97

• Ordinary A/c 10,555.26

• Copper 1,164.81

Total as per above stated balance \$2,282,170.65

The balance on hand in the Assistant Treasury of the Mint

as appeared by an examination of the Books of A/c of the Assistant was \$1,105,596.97

On counting the monies on hand the amount was found to correspond

with said balance as follows: Specie \$727,911.11

• Gold coin 106,649.44

Funds for paying to order
of the Treasury Dept. 12,038.44
• Coins and
• Copper 6,210.00

Pending A/c 25,092.07

• Deposits 12,4645.91

Total as per above stated balance \$1,105,596.97.

These results I have arrived at from a
careful count and weighing of the Treasure both
in the vaults of the Mint and in those of the
Assistant Treasury of the United States.

The operations of the several departments of the
Mint have been performed with accuracy and to
my entire satisfaction. I have made a careful
and minute examination of the several departments
and have the pleasure to report that it is in
every particular capable of performing all
the operations pertaining to coinage and the making
of bars and to whatever amount the owners of
bullion or the public may require. I may add
that the institution was never, within my knowledge,
in a condition of greater efficiency than at
present.

The attendance of the officers, has in general been good
and they have conducted their several departments with
accuracy and promptness.

I have the honor to be, with great respect,
Your faithful servant

Hon. James Guthrie
Sec. of the Treasury
Washington City.

Director.

Treasury Department
Oct. 13. 1854.

Sir

The Treasurer U.S. has this day
issued a transfer draft on the asst. Treasurer
at Philadelphia in favor of the Depository at
Baltimore for \$50,000 - which I will thank
you send in Gold dollars.

I send enclosed
two drafts of \$50,000 each on the Treasurer
of the Mint at Philad.^a - and made payable
to the order of Messrs. Adams & Co. one in
favor of the asst. Treasurer at Charleston &
one in favor of the Depository at Savannah.

Be pleased to cause these sums to be sent
by Adams Express in coins of various denominations.

I am very Res^{ly}

Yours truly
Sec. Treasury

J. R. Snowden Esq
Director of the Mint
Philad.^a

Chief of the United States
Treasury
Oct. 4, 1854.

Sir,
I have your favor of yesterday enclosing
two drafts of \$50,000 each on the Treasurer of the
United States, one in favor of the Capt. Gen. at Charleston, and
one in favor of the Department at Cincinnati. The
proceeds of which in Silver Coins will be transmitted
per Adams Express as requested.

We want one supply of gold dollars
in anticipation to pay the Department at Baltimore in
that coin. I will send a large number of these
soon to our stock and hope to have a sufficient
supply soon, perhaps, during the present week.

I am the honor to be
With great respect

Very faithfully,
Samuel B. Thompson
Director.

Hon. James Guthrie,
Sec. of the Treasury,
Washington City.



OFFICE, FOURTH STREET, BELOW CHESTNUT,

U. S. Branch Mint, San Francisco *Philadelphia, Oct 20 1864*
FOR PRINTING: To HOWELL EVANS, Dr.

<i>June 12</i>	<i>1000 Repts. Gold Bulletin</i>	<i>\$9.00</i>
	<i>300 Sheet Statement, 4th ruling</i>	<i>\$30.00</i>
		<i>\$39.00</i>

Receipts in full
Howell Evans

Treasury Department
October 3. 1854.

Sir

I have received your letter dated the 30th in relation to the payment of certain bills presented at the Mint by Messrs Adams & Co. for the transportation of specie.

The bills for the transportation of Gold should be submitted to this Department for payment - the freight on the silver coins sent from the Mint to be paid from the profits on the Coinage.

I am very Resp^t.

James Guthrie
Sec^y Treasury.

J. R. Thompson
Director of the Mint

U.S. Dep. of the Interior
Washington, D.C. Oct. 3 1854

Wm. D. Linn

Some months since a letter containing a draft was inadvertently directed to J. J. Cisco, as Treasurer at Philad.^a instead of N. York. The letter was returned to the Department after a long time as a dead letter. A draft for \$20,000 - payable in gold dollars was issued on the as Treasurer at Philad^a in favor of the Depository at Baltimore ^{about the 1st of} of which I presume you were notified by the Treasurer. This draft was enclosed, it is believed in a letter addressed to the Dep. at ~~Philad~~ Baltimore, but it appears has not been received there. It is possible a similar error was made in the direction. If it be not too much trouble I will thank you to cause enquiry to be made at the P. O. in your city if there be any letter lying there from the Department addressed to the as Tr. at N. York or to the Dep. at Baltimore & if so to cause it to be withdrawn & enclosed to me ~~concern~~

You will not it is probable now be called
in by the Dep. at Baltimore to pay it - even
if the shover come to hand - the present
draft for \$50,000. will be a substitute.

I am very truly
S. M. McKean

J. R. P. Menden
Director Mint

United States Assay Office.

New York, Oct. 2, 1854.

Sir,

The interior arrangements of this Office are drawing rapidly to a completion. So far as we are concerned we can be ready for business in all this week.

The regulations of the Treasury Department, however, prescribe the use of locked pans in the weigh-room. If you regard this regulation as in force, we cannot make a beginning until these pans are supplied to us. If you decide that their use may be dispensed with at the outset, you will see the necessity of forwarding to us an adequate supply of tin pans such as are now in use at the Mint.

The regulation of the 28th ult., by which this Office is required to make standard ingots, makes it necessary that we be supplied with moulds and other implements for their manufacture.

A suitable amount of stamped bars should be sent to us from the Mint, a subject about which we have already corresponded,

and which I understand you have brought to
the notice of the Department.

Whether the Assayer and Meltin Refiner should
have an opportunity to make an experimental
beginning in order to test their apparatus
and machinery, or whether they shall undertake
at the outset the full business of the Office,
is a matter which you are best able to
determine.

With this statement of the condition
of this Office, I await your instructions
as to the time and manner of com-
mencing our operations.

Very respectfully,

Your obt. servt.,

Sam. T. Buttremuth
Capt

Col. J. Ross Snowden,
Director of the Mint,
Philadelphia.

1854
I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 10th inst. in relation to the proposed purchase of the machinery for the Assayer and Meltin Refiner. I have the honor to inform you that the machinery has been ordered and will be delivered in about six weeks. I have also the honor to inform you that the machinery for the Assayer and Meltin Refiner has been ordered and will be delivered in about six weeks. I have also the honor to inform you that the machinery for the Assayer and Meltin Refiner has been ordered and will be delivered in about six weeks.

will be forwarded by express

it arrived
my Spring
coming this
James T.
as far
my place
you think
his City
but it
before
are not
of the
I am
king that
Myself
I beg
to be
the
you clearly
acted
at the
Supt.

and which I understand you have brought to
the notice of the Department.

Whether the Assayer and Melters should
have an opportunity to make an experimental
beginning in order to test their apparatus
and machinery, or whether they shall undertake
at the outset the full business of the office,
is a matter which you are best able to
determine.

With this statement of the conditions
of this office, I await your instructions
as to the time and manner of com-
mencing our operations.

Very respectfully,

Your obt. servt.,

Sam. J. Buttonworth
Capt

Col. J. Ross Snowden,
Director of the Mint,
Philadelphia.

New York Oct 1st 54,
Samuel J. Buttonworth Esq.

Dear Sir,

It is with great reluctance
that I am necessitated to withdraw my services
from the U. S. Assay Office.

The following will
give you the just reason for doing so.
viz. "Col. Snowden says I am to be
"Brother of the Mine at Philadelphia" as far
"as I understand promised that my pay
"should be augmented to \$2000 per annum
"from the date of my arrival at this City
under that promise I came here but it
appears that I am only to get \$1400 per
annum. While some of those men who are not
acquainted with the practical part of the
business get \$2500 for what reason I am
at a loss to know, I know you say that
amt. of wages would not support myself
and family here. In conclusion I beg
leave to inform you that I have been
in the Assaying Department of the
Mint at Philadelphia between 3 & four years
and am considered the practical
workman. I would respectfully request that
my salary should be increased.

and shall find that you have bought & the notice of the Department.

New York Oct 19/84,
Almond S. Bullen Esq.

Dear Sir,
It is with great reluctance that I am compelled to withdraw my salary from the U.S. Assay Office.

The following will give you my just reason for doing so. viz. that Mr. Mayden, Chief Draftsman of the Mint at Philadelphia, as far as I understand promised that my salary should be augmented to \$2,500 per annum from the date of my arrival at this City under that promise I came here but it appears that I am only to get \$2,400 per annum. While some of those men who are not acquainted with the practical part of the business get \$2,500 for what reason I am at a loss to know. I am very sorry that such a salary would not support myself and family here. In conclusion I beg leave to inform you that I have been in the separating department of the Mint at Philadelphia between 3 & four years and am considered a practical workman. I would respectfully request that my salary should be augmented to \$2,500 per annum from the first end of this should much oblige.

Yours Truly
Almond S. Bullen

UNITED STATES ASSAY OFFICE.

Oct 3rd 1884

Almond S. Bullen Esq.
New York
When taken to Philadelphia
Oct 19/84

I tell you of this
has been put
in that he
was refused
left I suppose
to the Mint
\$2,500 per annum
then that they
have in the
although it
little to have
that give the
in, otherwise
there would be
Mr. Bullen
can do it in
for \$2,500 per
year you know?
Almond S. Bullen
Oct 19/84

UNITED STATES ASSAY OFFICE.

New York, Oct 3^d 1854

Sir

One of the workmen sent to this office from the Mint (Geo. W. Burtum) has addressed to me the enclosed letter, you will see that he demands \$3 per day which I of course refused & he has returned to Phil^a, before he left I informed him that I proposed to transfer him to the melting room and would fix his pay at \$2.50 per day - So long as these Phil^a workmen suppose that they can at pleasure return to their former place in the Mint, there will be no end of these attempts to obtain higher wages than they are entitled to here, I hope you will not reemploy any that quit this service, and will so inform me by letter, otherwise I shall have trouble with them - we shall want a man to supply the place intended for Mr Burtum in the melting Dept^d & I hope you can send me one who is capable & willing to work for \$2.50 per day - when shall I have the pleasure of seeing you here?

Wm. D. Snodden
Director

Yours &c. J. D. Burtum
Supt.

on 10th of Oct
from the Mint
on answer to letter
of the 27th of Oct
Wm. D. Snodden

Assay Office.

Oct. 3, 1854.

W. S. Assay Office.

New York, Oct. 3, 1854.

Sir,

The enclosed receipt with an order endorsed for 100 Casks Zinc, was received from you some time since.

It needs the endorsement of Messrs. A. Trotter & Co. before we can get the zinc. Will you procure this endorsement & return the receipt to me as soon as possible?

Very respectfully,
S. F. Butterworth, Jr.
for G. F. Downing.

Col. J. Ross Snowden,
Director of the Mint.

2^d, I am informed included not to Office at New York the payment of applied with bars from the time since. It will be de- stand as it would two weeks, open the Mint in two regulations of the zincs that all zinc for coinage, and ingots and leave you to infer my Office is likely own manufacture.

Sincerely,
S. F. Butterworth
Jr.

Director of the Mint.

United States Assay Office.

New York, Oct. 3, 1854.

Sir,

By your letter of the 2^d, I am informed that "the Department has concluded not to send fine bars to the Assay Office at New York, but to authorize the payment of coin until it can be supplied with bars of its own manufacture".

It is very certain that no bullion will be deposited here for fine bars attended as it would be by a delay of ~~ten~~ days or two weeks, when returns could be received from the Mint in two or three days. And as the regulation of the Department of Sept. 28th requires that all bullion deposited at this office for coinage, shall be made into standard ingots and sent to the Mint, I leave you to infer how soon the New York Assay Office is likely to have fine bars "of its own manufacture".

Very respectfully,

Sam. J. Butterworth
Sup^t.

Col. J. Ross Snowden, }
Director of the Mint. }

Mint of the United States.
Phil. Oct. 4. 1834.

Sir,

I have your several favours of the 2^d, 3^d & 4th inst, which I will answer for convenience sake numerically as follows:

1st The regulations from the Treasury Department as to the locked pans will be inoperative until you receive a supply, which have been ordered but ^{are} not yet finished. For your immediate use I will send you to-day per Adams's 6th Express, of the kind we use here, 10 large size pans, 20 medium size and 70 small ones, and 30 copper lined deposit boxes.

2^d The standard ingots may be prepared from the same moulds that you may use for fine bars, or the deposit bar moulds. If you are not supplied with a sufficient number of these moulds we can spare some of those which are in use here. The form in which they are cast is not material because when they come here for coinage they will be re-melted and assayed.

3^d I do not anticipate that any difficulty will be experienced by your Assayer and Melters.

Refiner in their first operations. But if
they desire to make an experimental beginning,
to test their apparatus and machinery, they
are fully authorized to do so. You can supply
the bullion for that purpose in such manner
as you may consider expedient. I would suggest
your employing a quantity of your fine silver with
a mixture of 10 parts silver coin, instead of a
gold, to melt it in the disposal furnace, to
assay it, granulate, part, precipitate, reduce
and re-assay. This will test all of your arrangements
except the assay of gold, for which gold coin
and other commercial gold may be employed.
The use of silver instead of gold prevents any
loss, if waste should occur. I may also suggest
that it would be convenient and proper for you
to re-assay the bars of fine silver sent
from the Mint to your office. In a matter of
great accountability the country which latterly
for granulated is dispensed with, and although the
have been assayed here, it is eminently proper
that they should be re-assayed at your office
before using them in your regular and business
operations.

4. I can only express my regret that I am not authorized to send you a quantity of fine bars, to pay your first deposits.

5. I have procured the endorsement of Messrs A. T. & Co. and send you the order for the same.

6. I fully approve your action in respect to George W. Dutton. He received a pro diem of \$70 here, and, according to the arrangement we made, he was to receive on arrival of 50 cents per diem at New York. Your offer there fore of \$200 was as much and more than he had a right to expect. I consider the workmen detailed for duty in your office as discharged from the Mint, and I shall certainly not re-employ them here, if they fail to perform their engagements with you.

I have required the workmen not already with you to, & over by to immediately report themselves to you, under the beginning of the next week.

I am, Very Respectfully, Your obedient servant,

Lincoln

S. H. Patterson Esq
Chief Ass't, Office

P.S. I have addressed the Secretary
of the Treasury on the subject of your
objections to the regulations prescribed by the
Department, and hope to have his reply to-morrow.
I am authorized to make some modifications of them
and I earnestly trust that I shall be permitted
to make further ones in accordance with the
excellent suggestions contained in your
letter. I will endeavor to visit you this
week.

Treasury Department.
October 4th 1834.

Sir I have received your letter of the 1st instant, enclosing copies of letters from the Blotter and Refiner at Philadelphia and the Superintendent of the Assay office at New York, upon the subject of the regulations prepared with the approbation of the President, for the government of the Mint and its subordinate Institutions.

The frauds committed in the Mint and the report of its examination made by the experienced and intelligent gentlemen I had sent to Philadelphia for that purpose, induced the conviction that its rules and administration required amendment, not only with a view to the interest and safety of the United States, but in order to restore the Institution to public confidence.

The regulations framed chiefly upon the facts stated, and opinions expressed by Messrs. Smith and Pickett had three objects in view, 1st The greater security of the treasure in its various forms processes and conditions

tion. 2^d stricter attendance and accountability on the part of the officers and servants at the Mint, and 3^d greater economy in the expenses of management.

It was supposed when the regulations were sent, that there might be some portions, which, from want of experimental knowledge of some of the minutiae of the many and various operations and processes required in the Mint, might be inapplicable, inexpedient, or even impracticable, and which might be modified without impairing their general scope and spirit. You have from time to time suggested difficulties of this kind; - to all of which, I have readily assented and authorized the required modification.

It would have been more desirable if you had taken such counsel as you might have deemed necessary, and have come to a satisfactory conclusion to your own mind in respect to all the details in question involved in the regulations.

To accomplish this object now, I will thank you to prepare, as soon as may be, a

set of regulations in lieu of those transmitted, preserving the general spirit of the latter, and making such modifications in the details as you may find necessary for their convenient practicable operation, and transmit the same for the approval of the President.

I do not think it necessary to reply to the objections of the Superintendent ^{of the assay office,} some of which are mere matters of construction and authority, and others have been anticipated by modifications already authorized. When the regulations are put in such form as to be suitable and proper for the Mint, you will, of course, have no difficulty in extending their operation to the Branches.

I am very respectfully,

James R. Munroe
Secy. of the Treasury.

J. R. Snowden, Esq.
Director of U. S. Mint.
Philadelphia

Treasury Department
October 4. 1854.

Sir

I have received your letter dated the 29th ultimo enclosing a report from Professor Booth in explanation of the Bills of Major Welling & Kierfoote and salt. And I have to remark that altho there is an evident discrepancy and want of reliability in the prices current yet enough is observed to show that the Government was charged too much for salt purchased in such large quantities.

The Department is of the opinion that as the Mint is a large manufacturer and is furnished with the best mechanics, that one of them might be employed to do the jobbing and the lead and other materials required be purchased at the Market price.

I am very Resp^{tly}
Yours Truly
Sec of the Treasury

J. Ruf. Snowden &
Director of Mint
Philad^a

UNITED STATES ASSAY OFFICE,

New York, Oct. 14, 1854.

Sir,

I send enclosed my check in your favor for \$110, to pay bill of W. Dougherty transmitted by you a few days since. I presume any of your Banks will cash it with your endorsement.

You sent to me, some weeks since, certain duplicate vouchers, for payments made by you for exp. of this Office, amounting to \$7,282.34 and I have received the impression that the funds in your hands were exhausted. By a memorandum from Washington of amounts drawn from the appropriation of \$100,000, I see that you are charged with \$7,602.10. Did you not omit to send me all your vouchers? — I have no official concern in this aff., but ask this information for Mr. Dunning who has to attend to it for Capt. Bowman, the Superintending Architect.

Very respectfully,

Sam. F. Butterman

Sr,

Col. J. Ross Snowden,
Director of the Mint.

Phil^a 3 Oct. 1854

Dear Sir

I have carefully examined the Regulations which you transmitted to me, & have recently endeavored faithfully to carry them out. Their practical working leads me to make the following remarks upon them, which I have forbore to do until I had tested them.

The Spirit of the Regulations is excellent, as it designs to secure faithful performance of duty, subordination to proper authority, & the due guarding of bullion during the time of its transit through the Mint. But there are defects in the literal interpretation of the Reg^{ns}, necessarily arising from want of detailed knowledge in relation to the operations of the Mint. Moreover, many of the Reg^{ns} have been in operation previous to their recent publication, & some of them for many years.

I have numbered the Reg^{ns} you transmitted to me, & reply to or remark upon them by the same numbers.

1. I believe the Regular business hours ^{for officers} are considered at present to be 8 A.M. to 3 P.M. From the very nature of my operations, the times req^d my attention are irregular. I am present before 7 A.M. & after leaving for breakfast return about 10, & then remain as long as anything is to be done. If it were my duty to attend to the Deposit Melting Room I might be called upon to attend from 5 A.M. to 5 P.M., or when there is over-work ~~to~~ even to 9 P.M. Surely the Spirit of this Regulation is simply to ensure such attendance of Officers, as will secure the most perfect fulfilment of their duties, & that the Director through his Officers secure similar

services of the workmen under their charge.

14. In order to attain the last point, I have kept a monthly roll of the attendance of my workmen since the Spring of 1850, & that roll was based upon a daily roll kept by my several foremen.

15. This regⁿ has always been faithfully kept in my Dep^t, so that complaint has sometimes been made of the men being over-worked, because they were short-handed.

16. That faithful & diligent workmen should be duly compensated for over-work is just, & has been our constant practice. The foremen receive high wages but no extra time, so that it may not be their interest to keep the men beyond proper hours. I understand the last clause to allude to absentees without authority, to late attendance, or for workmen leaving during working times without permission. If men can finish their work, by great industry & labor, within the legal times of work, it would be both unjust & very inexpedient to deduct from their wages or oblige them to remain. It is well known that piece-work is a great spur to industry, & much of our work is of such a character. To oblige them to remain after work completed would induce habits of idleness & would not be likely to induce industry while at work. To deduct wages for their having worked so hard as to complete a good day's work in shorter time than usual is unjust, & would not certainly lead them in future to work very actively. But ~~the~~ the inexpediency of deduction is still greater. If wages were deducted, because men get through their allotted task in a shorter time than that looked for, I am well satisfied that we could not obtain the same class of workmen, which we have hitherto had, & I do not

J. R. Snowden Esq
Director
U. S. Mint

Minister of the United States
Philadelphia Oct 2, 1850.

I present for your consideration a book
on the subject of the improvement of the survey

der their charge.
last point, I have kept
dance of my workmen
that roll was based upon
several foremen.
faithfully kept in my
sometimes been made
ed, because they were
workmen should be duly
is just, & has been our
men receive high wages
t may not be their interest
oper hours. I understand
absentees without authority,
orkmen leaving during
mission. If men can
industry & labor, within
would be both unjust
it from their wages or
it is well known that
to industry, & much
character. To oblige
ompleted would induce
t be likely to induce
deduct wages for their
to complete a good
than usual is un-
lead them in future to
the inexpediency of deduc-
ages were deducted, because
tted cash in a shorter
I am well satisfied
the same class of work-
to had, & I do not

- think I could consent to my sureties undergoing the hazard of introducing such men, as I believe the system of deduction would infallibly lead to. — I hold it to be an important principle to give men the fullest wages & make their situation a very desirable one, in order to secure competent, & trustworthy workmen. I think that workmen in the Mint should receive 10 @ 20 per cent. above what they could get outside of the Institution, & that deduction should only be administered by way of punishment. Easy circumstances diminish temptation.
- 5, 6, 7, 8, 9. The simultaneous performance of 3 & 4 duties renders the literal interpretation of portions of their Reg^{ns} impracticable. At one & the same moment we have bullion deposited, ^{other} ~~the~~ deposits melted, — others granulated, — others refining, — others melting in the refined state, &c, &c. To carry out the Reg^m fully would absolutely require the appointment of three or four assistants. The spirit of these regulations (& in many cases the letter) has already been carried out. — The 7th Reg^a has been in operation for some time, & rather more complete than ~~the~~ it is there set forth, because the percentage loss of every deposit is calculated.
15. Has always been faithfully performed, since I have been in office, & I know not how long before.
16. It is unnecessary to allude further to the Iron chests, as we are about carrying a plan, more practicable, to effect the same object.

Very Respectfully yours
J. C. Booth
Melter & Refiner

J. R. Snowden Esq
Director
U. S. Mint

Department of the United States.
Philad: Oct 3, 1854.

Sir,

I present for your consideration a letter from
Mr. Bullen with the Superintendent of the Assay
Office at New York respecting the regulations
heretofore presented by the Department.

I will inform the Superintendent that in
regard to the iron chests you have authorized a
modification so as to require him to provide these
chests only in such cases where it is practicable
and convenient, or to adopt some method of securing
the bullion during the day, equally as efficient.
And that you have also permitted the insertion
of the word "employe" so far as the Treasurer's
duty is connected with the melting of deposits.
I will also explain that you have modified
the regulations so as to prevent any binding of
the accounts of the Assistant Treasury and
the Assay Office.

One of the points referred to by the Superintendent,
namely, the form of the bullion receipt was
presented in my letter of the 23rd ult: in which

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 11th inst. in relation to the proposed change in the name of the office of the Secretary of the Treasury, and in reply to inform you that the same has been referred to the proper authorities for their consideration.

Yours very respectfully,
James R. Thompson

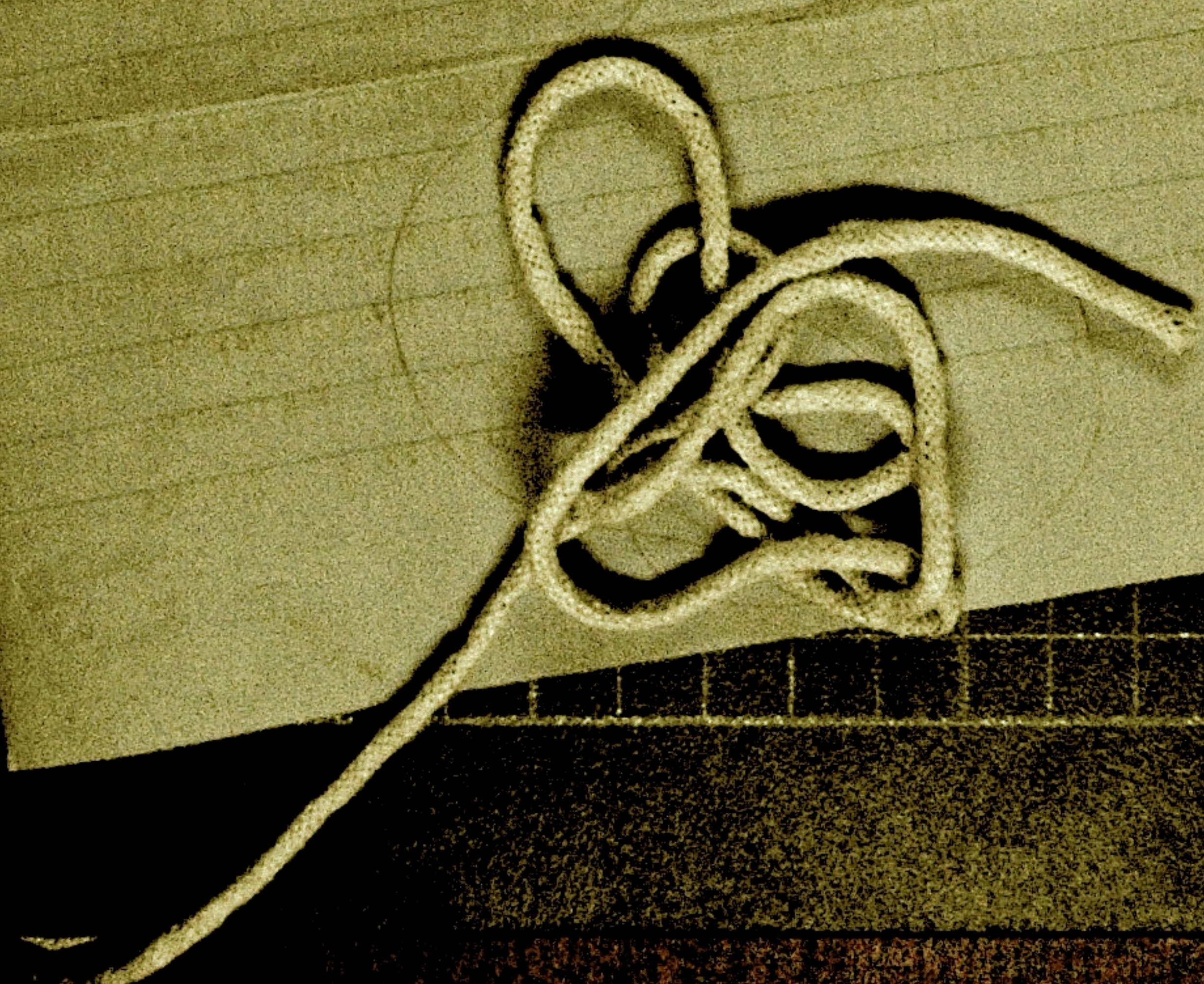
I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 11th inst. in relation to the proposed change in the name of the office of the Secretary of the Treasury, and in reply to inform you that the same has been referred to the proper authorities for their consideration.

Without restating the other objections presented by the Department, I may make the general remark that I consider them all well taken, and entitled to receive a careful consideration.

I have the honor to
With great respect
Yours faithfully
James R. Thompson
Director

Hon. James Guthrie
Sec. of the Treasury
Washington City

P.S. Sir, I have the honor to inform you that, in reply to my clerk, I have received a communication from the Board of Supervisors of the Mint, respecting some of the points in question. A copy of which I enclose herewith.
J. R. T.



Mint of the United States.
Philad^a. Oct. 5, 1854.

Dear Sir,

Mr. de Forrest, who has heretofore been employed in the Mint in Calculating and preparing the fine bars, has expressed a wish to take charge of that duty in the assay office, if it meets with your sanction. In the event of your not having made any other arrangement, I think it would be advantageous to your institution to have the use of his knowledge and experience in that branch of business. I, the more readily, make this suggestion, at the request, from the fact that I anticipate a great increase both in the demand for bars when you office is in full operation, and we can then use to the best advantage his services in that particular. Mr. de Forrest possesses an excellent capacity and is accurate, faithful and attentive; and when not actually employed in the heretofore duty assigned him is of great service in the duties of a clerical character, where the other clerks are engaged in the discharge of their respective duties. I may add that even if you had made other arrangements for the duty referred to, it might be well for Mr. de Forrest to be detailed to your office for a few weeks in order to give to me of his experience acquired to aid in the arrangement. I will, if you desire, communicate to you the names of the persons to whom I am, your obedient servant,
Sam^l R. de Forrest
Saml^l R. de Forrest, Assay Office
Saml^l R. de Forrest, Assay Office

Mint of the United States.
Philad^a. Oct 5, 1854.

Sir,

I had, previous to the receipt of your favor of the 29th ult^o respecting the regulations prescribed by the Treasury Department, been authorized to modify them in the following particulars:

1. As to the "iron chests"; that these chests should be provided in such cases where it is practicable and convenient, and that when such chests were not used some other method of securing the bullion, during the day, equally as efficient should be adopted.

2. That the word "employee" may be inserted in the regulations so far as the Treasurer's duty is connected with the molting of deposits.

3. That the regulations may be so modified as to prevent any blending of the accounts of the Assistant Treasury and the Assay Office proper.

I have to-day received a reply
from the Department to my letter enclosing
your objections to the regulations in
question. I am now authorized to prepare
a set of regulations in lieu of those
transmitted, preserving the general
spirit of the latter, and making such
modifications in the details as I
may find necessary for their convenient
practical operation, which when prepared
I will transmit to the President of the
United States for his approval.

This duty I will immediately enter
upon; in the meantime and until you
receive further instructions you will endeavor
to carry out the spirit of these regulations
as far as may be practicable.

The instructions forwarded to you
on the 28th ult^o will be regarded as a guide in
the usual course of business in your office.

I am, Sir, very respectfully,
Yours,
Saml. J. Butcher

Samuel J. Butcher Esq.
Supt. Assay Office.

UNITED STATES ASSAY OFFICE.

New York, Oct 5 1854

Sir

As we are about to commence
operations I am desirous of displaying
the national flag; you will much oblige
me if you will procure one from the
War Dept. - I enclose a letter to the Secy
of the Treasury in relation to an increase
of watchmen - which please forward.

With great respect,

Yours obdly,

Sam. J. Bullen

Sup.

Wool

Wm. R. S. Sinden

Director

Mint of the United States.
Phil, Oct 8, 1834.

Sir,

I have received your letter of the
4th inst with the enclosure stated.

I have received from the Secretary of
the Treasury \$7,602.10 on Account of your Office
and have paid bills against the same amounting
to \$7,603.74 being \$1.64 more than I have received.

As I am about to settle this account
with the Department I will thank you to
return the vouchers sent to you some few
weeks since, which were only a part of
those exhibiting the payment of the above sum
and use for your information and not
transferred to your Office for settlement
with the Department.

I enclose a few small bills which
have lately been presented to me for payment.

I am, very Respectfully,
Samuel R. Brainerd.
Director.

S. T. Bultrunk, Esq.
Supt. Adm. of Gen.
Off.

Minst of the United States,
Philad. Oct. 5, 1853.

Dear Sir,

I received your favor of the 24th ult. and
a copy of your valuable Memorial for 1853 for
which please accept my thanks. Yesterday
I sent you a copy of our minst book which
I thought might be useful to you, and here
I send the pleasure of enclosing a list of
Minst of the Congress of 1853 and a list
of 1853 and some valuable collection
to the California people, as requested by
you.

I desire to reply at any time to
give you any information in my power
and in any request.

I am very respectfully
and truly yours

Wm. A. Brown, Esq.

1870, Oct 5

New York

James R. Brown

Separating or parting apparatus.

Very Respectfully

Wm. H. Curtis

Mint of the United States.
Philad^a. Oct 6. 1854.

Sir,

I enclose a letter from the Superintendent of the Mint Office, to which I have to ask your early attention.

I have the honor to be
with great respect

Yours faithful servant,
James R. Snowden
Director

Hon. James Guthrie,
Sec. of the Treasury
Washington City.

P.S. to Col. Washington.

The Supt. at New York has asked
me to supply a national flag for his office.
I suppose they have flags in New York belonging
to the war department, if so, will you be so kind
as to procure an even for one on the Eastern side.
Those on use at the Mint were procured here in that
way, on our paying the cost of the material & think
I had the pleasure of a long time from the further the morning.
Yours truly,
J. R. S.

Mint of the United States.
Philad^a Oct 6, 1854.

Sir,
I have your favor of the 3^d inst
inclosing check for \$2000 which amount has
been returned to you by Adams^s Ex^{press} in
the denominations of Gold coin specified in your
letter

Minist. of the United States.
Philad^a. Oct. 6. 1854.

Sir,

I have to acknowledge your favour of
the 4th inst in which you request me to prepare
and submit for the approval of the President, a
set of regulations in line of those he proposed
transmitted by the Department. To this duty
will give my early and careful attention and in
that I shall be enabled to prepare same as will
meet the approval of your judgment.

I am, Sir, very respectfully,

Yours most obedient,

James R. Brown

Secretary

Hon. James Guthrie
Sec. of the Army,
Washington City.

4615.17
216.62
262.90
2509.03

7.608.74
1.64

7,602,10

Mint of the United States.
Philad.^a Oct. 6, 1834.

Sir,

Your letter of the 5th inst enclosing a
check for \$2000 has been received and the amount
returned to you for Adams & Co. Express in the
denominations of coin specified in your letter.

Very Respectfully

Director.

Charles Peck, Esq.
Cash. Franklin Bank & Mch^{ts} Co.
Franklin Mills
Ohio

Taunton Dec. 9. 1834

Dear Sir,

Treas. N. J. Mint.

Dear Sir.

We are in receipt of 10 kegs plan-chets, forwarded by
Ex. Imp. -

We have forwarded all we
could to the point to time, since receiving
your order -

Should you have orders for Cobble
Coin that you cannot supply, during
the temporary stoppage of your machines,
we have a good stock with Mills-
of, on which you are at liberty to draw.

If agreeable we should
like to receive money for the recent
shipments -

Yours.

Very Resp. ly

Geo. R. D. 24.

Treasury Department

First Audital Office

October 8th 1854

Hon. Daniel Strong

Treasurer of Mint

Philadelphia Pa

Sir:

Your Paper & ordinary Expense
Accounts for the 3^d Quarter 1854 are received

Very Respectfully

Your obt. Servt

L. W. Mahone
Acting Auditor

Laurelton Oct. 6. 1854.

Dear Stephen Esq.

Dear Mr. Smith.

Sir.

All below
bill of 10 kegs sent plainly, to be
forwarded by steamer via Boston,
to leave tomorrow -

We shall forward another lot
early next week by Express -

Yours truly

Wm. P. K. Esq.

Geo. W. Smith Esq.

Mint of the United States
Philad. Oct. 7. 1854.

My dear Sir,

The question has arisen whether the Regulation making Tuesday next a holiday at the Mint extends to the adjusting department? The C. Coiner has represented to me that the Treasurer is in want of good dollars & would like to have the work in the adjusting department go on on that day, but thinks he cannot require those employees in that ~~adjusting~~ department to stay if the other employees are not on duty. It would cause no great inconvenience I think to let all the employees of the Mint have the benefit of the Regulation making it a holiday. As you will not receive this until Monday morning you will please telegraph your wishes on this subject by Monday M.

Nothing of particular importance has transpired at the Mint since you left. We have a letter from P. W. Washington in reference

to the Hummel assay apparatus for
San Francisco B. Mint. It simply encloses
telegramme & asks whether you ordered it.

The Agent of L. P. Morris & Co has
called again in reference to their bill
against the Assay Office N.Y. & pressed
for early payment.

I close this note in
haste to be in time for P.M. Mail &
hope to hear from you by Monday noon.

Always Truly Your Friend
& obedient Servant.

Wm. Linderman

Hon. Wm. Snowden.

P.S. La cot has been over
to, on an errand for Mr. Snowden & reports
your family well.

H. T. L.

Wm. Snowden Esq

Phil Oct 9. 1854

The Magnetic Telegraph Company,

MORSE LINE,

BETWEEN

New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington,

Connecting with the Southern, Western, Eastern and Northern Lines of Morse's Telegraphs.

TO THE TELEGRAPHING PUBLIC.

Please write plainly; answer quickly; repeat; use no figures except dates—they cost more; give name, street, and number of the party addressed, to insure prompt delivery; also, your own address under your signature; no charge for address and signature. The above is for your safety as well as our convenience.

OFFICE IN PHILADELPHIA, No. 95 Chestnut Street, two doors above Third.

Office in NEW YORK, No. 5 Haver Street, and Irving House, Broadway.

WILMINGTON, Glasgow Building, Corner of Third and Market Streets.

BALTIMORE, Sun Loan Building, Corner of Baltimore and South Streets.

WASHINGTON, National Hotel, Pennsylvania Avenue, Corner of Sixth Street.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Dated Washington Oct 9 1854

Rec'd, Philadelphia Oct 9 1854, 11 o'clock, 3 min. A.M.

J. J. R. Snowden

Director Mint

Sir

A draft will be sent by this
mail to the Treasurer (Assay)
Office N. York for the transfer
of Five hundred thousand
dollars in Gold bars from the
Mint. Be pleased to send
the bars without waiting for
the draft.

11/123
H. T. L.

P. G. Washington
Asst. Sec. Treasury

to be sent until
secretary telegraphs

Linderman

Phil. Oct 9. 1854.

next arrival near
the Mint, and
be required to
New York will be
incumbent of

Wm. Snowden
Director.
Linderman

to the Humid Assay apparatus for
San Francisco B. Mint St. 11. 12
telegraphic & ass

The
called ag
against the
its early

haste to be
hope to be

Hon W. B. Smith

P
you have
to, on an errand
your family

L. B. Snowden Esq
Assay office
New York

Phil Oct 9, 1854

Bare cannot be sent until
the coming arrival paid off - Secretary telegraphs
that a draft has been mailed.

H. C. Linderman

Phil, Oct 9, 1854.

Ply Washington, Esq.
Act. Secretary of the Treasury

The last arrival near
two millions will be brought to the Mint, and
all the bare available will be required to
pay depositors. The amount for New York will be
sent over in time for the commencement of
their operations.

James Hoag Snowden
Director.

P. H. C. Linderman

10 Collyer Place
Holkcom
Snowden

London Clerk
to
The Director at N York

as to work at the Mint
on Tuesday 10th Oct
very busy day

Oct 7. 1854

Mint of the United States.
Philad: Oct 9, 1854.

Sir,

In conformity with the act of March
4th 1853, I present to you a quarterly statement
of the expenditures of the Mint for the quarter
ending Sept. 30, 1854.

Expenditures of the Mint 3^d Q^r. 1854.

Incidental & Contingent Expenses	\$06,098.58
Wages of Workmen	24,355.57
Salaries of Officers & Clerks	1,970.00
Total	<u>\$32,424.15</u>

I have the honor to be,
with great respect,
Your faithful servant
James Hope Snowden, Master
R. W. Linselman

Hon. P. H. Washington
Act. Sec. of the Treasury
Washington City.

United States Assay Office.

New York, Oct. 9, 1854.

Sir,

I have this day given public notice that this Office is ready for the reception of deposits of Gold & Silver Bullion. A copy of the notice is herewith enclosed.

By the 11th Sect. of the Act of March 4, 1853, it is required that all bullion, deposited at this Office for coinage, "shall, as soon as assayed and its net value certified, be transferred to the Mint of the United States, under such directions as shall be made by the Secretary of the Treasury, and at the expense of the Contingent Fund of the Mint, and shall there be coined".

In the absence of any instructions to the contrary, I should have deemed the requirement of this part of the 11th Sect. to be fully met by setting aside such of our deposits as were intended for coinage, (after the first melting preliminary to their assay,) and then transmitting them to the Mint by such means as the Secretary of the Treasury should prescribe.

The regulation of the Department of Sept. 28th, however, directs that these deposits shall be first refined & converted into standard ingots at this Office, and be then transmitted for immediate coinage at the Mint.

I need not advert to the impossibility of complying with this regulation and the requirement of the Act above quoted. In the process of parting and refining the identity of deposits is necessarily lost. Even if refined separately, (which would be impracticable,) the silver parted from a gold deposit could not be distinguished from the fine silver added to it before granulation. And yet the Act requires that "all gold ^{or} silver bullion or foreign coin, intended by the depositor to be converted into the coins of the United States, shall, as soon as assayed and its net value certified, be transferred to the Mint &c." - If the regulation referred to be carried out the deposits intended for coinage could not be transferred to the Mint, but only their equivalent in standard metal.

However this point may be ultimately decided, I trust that at the commencement of our operations we may be authorized to transmit the unpurified ingots as they are cast in

the "Shoe moulds," of the Deposit Melting room. This would relieve us from a part of the heavy pressure which is likely to come upon our refining at the outset.

In regard to the mode of transmission from this Office to the Mint, & vice versa, I shall conform to such directions as the Department shall prescribe.

Very respectfully,

Your obt. Servt.,

Saml. H. Duttonworth
Supt.

Col. J. Ross Snowden, }
Director of the Mint. }

United States Assay Office.

New York, Oct. 9 1854

This Office will be open for business
on and after this day.

Deposits of Gold &
Silver Bullion will be received on the same
terms as at the Mint.

Payment for deposits
will be made either in Stamped Bars, in
Coins, or in Certificates, at the option of the
owners, to be expunged at the time of making
their deposits.

Silver purchases are not made
at this Office.

For the present it will be
impossible to admit visitors to witness
the operations of the Office.

(Signed) Saml. F. Butterworth,
Superintendent.

Treasury Department
Oct. 9. 1854.

Sir

I advise you by telegraph
this morning, that a transfer draft has
been issued on the Treasurer of the Mint
at Philad^a in favor of the Superintendent
of the assay office at N. York for \$500,000.
payable in Gold Bars - and requesting you
to cause the Bars to be sent by the first
opportunity without waiting for the draft,
which will go this afternoon's Mail.

I am very Res^{ly}
P. H. Washington
Act. Sec. Treasury.

J. R. Snowden
Director of the Mint

Philad^a rec^d
P.S. Your Tel. despatch - Please send the Bars
when convenient.

October 18th 4

Sir,

The Superintendent of the assay office at New York requested the temporary services of Mr. O. de Forest for the purpose of calculating and stamping fine bars, a service which he had before performed at the Mint. As our bar making has nearly ceased I could scarcely spare him from the Mint, I accordingly sent him to New York as requested. What now, at the request of Mr. Dethlefsen the Superintendent, I have to ask your approbation & the employment of Mr. de Forest for the purpose above stated.

I refer in my correspondence with the assay office that James H. Dickinson Esq., a clerk in the office of the Assistant Treasurer at New York, was designated for the duty in question, and Mr. Dickinson visited the Mint in order to make himself familiar with the routine of weighing and stamping bars. but I have no doubt that the temporary employment of Mr. de Forest was necessary, and will be found successful.

He can well dispense with his services hereafter at the Mint; so that he can therefore be employed temporarily or permanently at New York if required.

As the duty of calculating and stamping bars

in view of the quantity of money, which and which, his
own dear compensation has been paid at the
same time, say, that it is to be in the end, a
similar compensation of his part with, I have, he
satisfactory to all the things of justice with some caution.

I have the honor to be
in the most respectful
and sincere manner,
Yours very respectfully,
James A. McPherson
Director

Rev. James A. McPherson.
Sec. of the Treasury
Washington City.

Minut of the United States
Treasury: Oct 9 1864.

Sir,

I received your telegraphic request of 6 day stating that a draft had been made to the Treasurer of the Assay Office at New York for the transfer of \$500,000 in gold from the Treasury and requesting the same to be sent without waiting for the draft, to which I replied by telegraph at once. The last arrival near the Treasury will be brought to the Mint, and all the gold available will be required to pay deposits. The amount for New York will be sent over in time for the commencement of their operations. I presume your request was predicated on the supposition that the present arrival would be deposited at the Assay Office at New York and that the same would be required to pay deposits at that Office. We have intelligence from the Director now at New York, that bullion will be not here and as we have on hand only \$1,000,000 in gold bars, we could not now spare any without interfering with our usual prompt payments to depositors. The amount of the draft can be sent to the Assay Office during the interval between the present and next

[Faint, mostly illegible handwritten text, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the page.]

account from Baltimore.

I have the honor to be
With great respects
Your faithful servant,
James M. Thompson
Director
of the U.S. Mint

Mr. J. P. Washington
Act. Sec. of the Treasury
Washington

Agent of the United States
Philad: Oct. 9. 1854.

Sir,

The following articles have been forwarded
to you by Adams, & Co. by:

10 bills of exchange

30 large tin plates

70 small do.

20 boxes of lined paper

20 boxes containing porcelain &c

I enclose a Bill of Walter Gresson
against your office, also one of Esq. Summers.

I am, very respectfully,

James Ross Snowden

Director

W. H. Lincoln man

Wm. T. Wallcut, Esq.
Depy. Asst. Secy
N. York.

Boston Oct. 9 1854

Dear Sir,

Nearly a year since I
forwarded to you per Adams & Co a
package containing six or more
Designs for Silver coinage—

Presuming they were not
of sufficient merit to receive your
attention or adoption, may I ask in
case they have been presumed if you
will have the kindness to forward
them to me as early as it may
suit your convenience, by Mail.

With much respect I am
Yours very obedt servant

James H. Eckman

No. 76 State St

Boston

To Sirs & Co. New York

Recd of the Anti-Slavery
1. Decr 1840.

Dr. I have received your letter of the 7th inst
and in consequence will give you a receipt for the
same the charge, amounting to you in Oct last
for the same was £100. I may add that the
sum of £10. was paid and in relation to this
and the general matter as above.

I am very Respectfully,
James H. South
Director.

R. H. Dickinson.

James H. South Esq
176 Ave St
1 Decr.

Copy

Quartermaster General's office -
Washington, October 10. 1854

Sir:

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of this date, enquiring if the Supt. of the U. S. Assay Office in New York can be supplied by the Quartermaster in that City with a National Flag and also, requesting that it may be done -

The Quartermaster in New York has no flag in his charge, but I have instructed Major Geo. H. Croswell, Quartermaster in Philadelphia, to turn over to the Supt. of the Assay Office in N. Y. upon his application, and upon payment of the cost thereof, either a "Garrison" or "Storm" Flag as he may require. The Garrison Flag is about 40 feet fly by 20 hoist, and costs \$34 ¹²/₁₀₀. The Storm flag is one third the size of the Garrison, and costs \$11 ¹²/₁₀₀.

Very Respectfully

Your Obt. Servt.

H. S. Jessup

Quartermaster General

Wm. C. Washington Esq.
Acty Secy of the Treasury
Washington City -

Treasury Department
Oct. 19. 1854

Sir:

I transmit, herewith, for your information
~~and for your information~~, a copy of a letter addressed to this
Department, under date of the 10th inst. by Gen^l Joseph
Quartermaster General, stating that Major Croeman,
the U. S. Quartermaster in Philadelphia, has been
directed to furnish, on demand and payment of
the cost thereof, either a Garrison or Storm Flag (the
dimensions and cost of each being given), for the use of
the Assay Office in New York. You will please make
the necessary application to Major Croeman and you
are hereby authorized to purchase the flag which
you deem most suitable and transmit the same
to the Superintendent of the Assay Office, N. Y. and
refer to this letter by date as your authority for so
doing -

I am, Very Respectfully
Yours,
J. M. Thompson

Acty Secretary of the Treasury

J. R. Snowden, Esq.
Director of the Mint

Philadelphia Pa -

Mint of the United States.

Philad: Oct. 11, 1859.

Sir,

I deemed it important to visit the Assay Office at New York, to make which visit I had the pleasure of your verbal approval. and accordingly I went there on Friday last and returned yesterday. My presence was useful in regard to several points connected with the business of that Office; and at my request the announcement was made on the 9th inst that the office was ready to receive deposits.

Whilst at New York the Superintendent placed in my hands a letter on the subject of the transmission to the Mint of the bullion intended for coinage - a copy of which I enclose. The Treasurer of the Assay Office is also particularly desirous of being instructed as to the points we shall employ for that purpose.

In order to allow the Assay Office to go into operation I deemed it necessary to give instructions to the Superintendent to melt, assay and calculate the value of each deposit separately, and that when its value is thus ascertained which can be done in this way more accurately than by any other method.

Adolphus William of Schleswig-Holstein

I have also to request your directions, in accordance with the 10th Section of the Stamp Office Law, as to the manner and through whom

... of the ...
... of the ...
... of the ...
... of the ...
... of the ...
... of the ...
... of the ...
... of the ...

agency the bullion intended for foreign
shall be transferred to the Mint.

I have the honor to be
with great respects,

Your faithful servant,
Samuel Rose Snowden,
Secretary.

Mr. James Guthrie
Secy of the Treasury
Washington City

U. S. Assay Office,
New York, Oct. 11, 1854

Sir,

We have as yet received
no advice from you respect-
ing bars. Please inform me
by Telegraph what amount
you will send us and when.

If you can send \$100,000
to-morrow, we should be able
to pay for deposits already
made; and as another steamer
has arrived we shall need
a further supply as soon as
possible.

Very respectfully,

Saml. J. Bullen, Jr.
Supt.

Chas. F. R. Goodwin, }
Director U.S. Mint. }

U. S. Assay Office,
New York, Oct. 11, 1854.

Sir, In my letter of the 9th
inst., I omitted to state to you
that a perfectly responsible party
in this city offers to transport
gold between the Mint & Assay Office
for 25 cts per \$1000.

It is proper also to state
that the question of responsibil-
ity should be considered in re-
ceiving offers from a Stock Express
Co. I am informed that Adams
Sto. Express is now a Stock Co.

Very respectfully,

Saml. P. Butterfield

By Geo. F. Downing

Chas. H. Townsend

Mint U. S. Mint

From

Suppt Assay Office
Myat

as to fine bars

as to transmission
of bullion

Oct 12, 1854

Treasury Department

October 12. 1854

Sir, I have duly received your letter of the 11th inst. together with that of the Superintendent of the Assay Office at New York which on your visit to that office he had placed in your hands.

I have examined the provisions of the 11th section of the Act of the 3 March, 1853, which relate to the transfer of gold and silver intended for coinage to the Mint, and will thank you to inquire and report to me in what mode the said transfers can be most judiciously and properly made in the several particulars of expense, safety & convenience.

Upon the subject of the additional instructions proposed for the Assay Office, the following are authorized to wit. —

- 1st To melt, assay and calculate the value of each deposit separately whether designed for coinage or fine bars.
- 2nd To pay the depositors immediately after the value is determined, in like metal deposited, in fine bars or coin at the option of the depositor.
- 3rd To part and refine the deposits together, and in such amounts as may best be operated upon from time to time by the Melters & Refiners.

The fourth in the following words "to transmit to the Mint immediately after value is determined three bars designed for coinage" is in conflict with the regulations which have heretofore been approved by the department and therefore I do not feel at liberty in the absence of the Secretary to change them. But as the Superintendent assigns as a temporary reason for the issue of this instruction, namely, to relieve the office from the pressure likely to come upon it in the outset of its operations, you may consider the said instruction as authorized for the period of three months from this date.

I am, Very Respy,
J. G. Washington
Actg Secy of the Treasury

Wm. Snowden, Esq.
Director of the Mint.
Philadelphia,
Pa.

U. S. Assay Office, Treasurer's Department.

New York, Oct 12th 1854

Dr. C. Sturgeon Esq
Treas. U. S. Mint
Philadelphia.

Sir

I forwarded by Mail to your address a letter dated the 10th inst, enclosing Transfer Draft on you, in my favor, (endorsed to your order,) for \$500,000. payable in Gold Bars. Not having received the Bars, or an acknowledgment of the receipt of the Draft, I am fearful of a miscarriage of my letter.

I have received bullion to the amount of \$500,000, to be paid for in Gold Bars, which I am unable to do, in consequence of the nonpayment of the Draft. The Secretary of the Treasury wrote me on Monday last, that I should have them in time, or I would not have received the deposits. I will thank you to inform me if you received and can pay the Draft.

Very Respectfully
J. M. P. Cicer
Treasurer.

Minist of the United States.
Philad? Oct 12, 1854.

Sir,

I enclose a copy of a letter, received to-day, from the Superintendent of the Assay Office. As there will of necessity be a good deal of bullion transferred between the Assay Office and the Mint it might be well for the Department to invite proposals for carrying it. I make this suggestion for your consideration. In the mean time I suppose we will continue to employ the agency of Adams & Co.

I have the honor to be,

With great respect,

Your faithful servant,

Samuel R. Knickerbocker,

Director

Hon. James Guthrie
Sec. of the Treasury,
Washington City.

Minist of the United States
Philad^a: 12 Oct. 1854

Sir,

I have the honor to request that you will issue your requisition, in favor of the Treasurer of the Minist, for thirty eight thousand two hundred and twenty five dollars (\$38,225.) payable out of the appropriation for the current fiscal year, viz.

For salaries	\$6,225.
wages	18,000.
incidentally	14,000
	<hr/> 38,225

very respectfully
yours obed^t serv^t

James K. Thompson
Director

Hon. James Guthrie }
Sec. of the Treasury }
Washington. }

United States Assay Office

New York, Oct. 12, 1854.

Sir,

A deposit of Silver was made here this morning, by Messrs. Ball, Black & Co., manufacturing Jewellers, to be returned in Standard Silver Bars. The right of the Depositor to make this demand is clear, both under the law & the Regulation of the Department of Sept. 28th. A question has arisen, however, with reference to the charge to be made in cases of this kind. The Act of March 3, '53, [Mint Laws p. 60] provides that it "shall be equal to, but not exceed, the actual cost of the operation, including labor, postage, use of Machinery, Materials, &c., to be regulated from time to time by the Secretary of the Treasury." In the regulations prescribed by you, page 5, it is stated: "The following rates of charges has been adopted upon deposits of gold and Silver bullion at the Mint in Philadelphia:

VI. For casting fine or Standard Bars, six cents per \$100 of gross value."

As the 14th Sect. of the Act of March 4, 53,
[Unit Laws p. 66] prescribes for this Office the
same rate of charges as are made at
the Mint, I shall until otherwise instructed
regard 6 cents per \$100 as the charge for
Standard Silver bars. As it is the opinion
of our Melters & Refiners, first that this
charge is not "equal to the cost of the op-
eration", and secondly that at this rate
we are likely to be called upon frequently
to perform this labor, I have deemed it
my duty to call your attention to the
case. Was it your intention to prescribe
the same charge for Silver as for gold
bars both standard and fine?

Very respectfully

Your alt. servt.,

Sam. F. Butterworth
Supt.

Col. J. R. Snowden,
Director of the Mint,
Philad^a.

P.S. Since the above was written, a deposit
of 210 oz. Silver Bullion has been made with us,
payable in coin for coinage. Can you send us a
few hundred dollars in Silver dollars? IV

S. F. B.

U. S. Assay Office,
New York, Oct. 12, 1854

Sir,

The deposits now
made at this office for
bars, exceed \$500,000.
I have received your des-
patch apprising me that
\$100,000 will be sent
to day. You will see
the necessity of sending
us as large an amount
as possible without delay.
Please telegraph to-morrow
how much more we may
expect & when.

Very respec^{ly}

Sam. F. Butterworth
Supt.

Col. J. R. Snowden,
Director U. S. Mint.

Bowling - Nov 13 1864

Sir The writer of this has been pained
some by your letter of the 10th inst. which
has been replied to earlier.
We cannot accede to your proposition.
If we have to incur the expense of sending
of sending to the West India Dock we
must be paid our expenses - we should
require the sample of 2 bush per man,
must be allowed to cover the sample,
because I am going to send 2 quarters
in an express, so this being so we
willing to sample the Camp with a
view to purchase the same, should
be try the sample & the purchase of the
same we should not expect the 2 quarters

We are Sir
Yours Truly
Wm. D. Dwyer

J. J. W. Dwyer
Port of London
London

The conditions in the above were not
acceded to, consequently, the writer made
no offer. J. W. Dwyer.

Philad. Oct 12, 1854.

Sir,

On the receipt of your letter of yesterday I informed you by telegraph that \$100,000 in time bars would be sent over to-day. I have now to state that bars to the amount of \$120,000 will be sent this afternoon. I will endeavor to send the balance of the draft (\$380,000) by Saturday.

I am very Respectfully
Yours Resp. Anandine,
Director.

S. F. Butterworth, Esq.
Supt. Assay Office
N York

Racine County Bank.

Racine, Wis. October 13th 1854

J. James R. Snowden Esq
Director &c Dear Sir:

I have received your letter
of the 2nd inst. with ^{silver coin} ~~enclosures~~ ^{by express} as stated.

Enclosed please find for collection and my accounts, bills
as stated below.

I am, very respectfully,

Yours at &c &c.

Geo. Chorthrop Esq

My Lft on N. York for \$500,

Please return me in 1/2 Dols \$200

" " 1/4 " 400.

and greatly oblige &c

October 19th 4.

Sir,

I have received your letter of the 18th inst enclosing your draft for £500. which amount has been forwarded to you for £50 and 16^d expenses in the communication of Silver Coin specified in your letter.

I am, Sir, Respectfully
Yours Obedient Servant
D. W. W.

Geo. C. Fortney, Esq.
Care of the
Racine Co. Bank
Wis.

Dear Sir,

We send here with some
correspondence relative to the
Liddium found in Gold apayed
at the Melb^e Mint, which please
return to us at your convenience
after perusal.

Respectfully, Truly Yours,

Brown, Mowat

55 Chancery Street

Oct 13/57

Wm Mowat Esq.
Director of the Mint of the U.S.

we had taken to much pains
that we supposed the case was fixed
from the presence of evidence.
~~having no more case to send~~
and we shall still further endeavor
to exclude it.

Mint of the United States,

Philadelphia, Oct 16 1857

Gentlemen:

I have perused the letters
enclosed in your favor of the 13th inst.
and thank you for the opportunity.

We had better so much
pay regard to medium that we
supposed the bars free from ~~medium~~
to presence: but we shall still
further endeavor to exclude it.

Respectfully, the letter enclosed.

Very Respect

W. C.

Brecht

Messrs Brown & Bowen
Bankers
55 West 11th St,

U.S. MINT GENERAL CORRESPONDENCE 1854/NOVEMBER (CONT.)

U. S. Assay Office, Treasurer's Department.

New York, Novem 17 1854

Sir

I have received the memorandums of gold & silver bullion enclosed in yours of the 14th inst.

The value of the gold bullion as reported by you, exceeds by \$1.79 that stated by me.

On reference to your memorandum, I perceive that you have allowed 111 thousandths for silver contained in the third parcel, which exceeds the allowance made by me to the depositor, one thousandth, and as this is one thousandth beyond the combined sum of 99^{ths} I deem it proper to call your attention thereto, and will await your reply before crediting your a/c.

I expect to transmit tomorrow in the usual way 16,447.24/100 ounces of gold bullion as an additional payment on the Treasury draft of \$500,000. in your favor

Very Respectfully

Yours Obedt

John P. Allen

Treasurer

Daniel Strong, Esq.
Treasurer U. S. Mint
Philadelphia

The difference grows out of the fact, that we determined the proportion of silver by rigid assay, and not by ~~average~~ allowance. - The practice of making an allowance of 5 thous. for base metal, altho' just, upon an average, and a necessary resort in times of crowded business, is not strict, and we ~~are~~ now make an assay for silver in all cases.

Treasury of the United States,

Oct 30, 1854.

Sir,

Enclosed you will receive Treasury Draft
payable to your order. Please date and sign the accompanying receipt, and
return it to this office by the first mail; and cause the draft to be presented for
payment without delay.

Very respectfully,

Your obedient servant,

S. CASEY,

Treasurer of the United States.

Wm. L. Sturgeon Esq.

N. B.—The payee of a Treasury draft, when he endorses it, or, presenting it for payment, receipts it, should
write his name thereon as it is written in the draft or in the endorsement that assigns it to him, taking care to AFFIX
his official or representative style or title, if it be written in the draft or in said endorsement. An endorsement
by a BANK should be attested by two subscribing witnesses; if by a substitute, it must be accompanied by evidence
of the substitution, except in the case of president and cashier of a bank or other institution.

San Antonio Oct 31. 1834

Robt. Patterson Esq.

Acting Secy. U.S. Mint.

Sir.

We have recd.
yours from Oct 28th inst. with
check as stated, for \$1500.
in part payment, for planchets.

We notice that you do not
want more planchets at
present - please inform us
at due time, when you require
more —

Yours
Very Resp^{ly}

Geo. M. Hays

Sir

November 30th, 44

With your permission leave of absence was granted last summer to Mr. Bionson. The Superintendent of the Branch Mint at New Orleans for the purpose of visiting the mint at this place and the city of Springfield, Mass. where a silver medal is being manufactured for the Branch.

Some time ago, Mr. Bionson requested his return to New Orleans, and presented for consideration whether his expenses should not be paid him - which he stated to be \$200. - from the ordinary fund of the Branch Mint.

Under the circumstances of the case, it would appear to be proper that these expenses should be allowed him: If you should be of this opinion you will please inform me so that I may give him the proper instructions.

I have the honor to be,

With great respect,

Your faithful servant,

Rich. S. Mason,
Director.

Wm. A. Smith,
Secretary of the Treasury,
Washington City.

9.586, 954, 73 Mac Nalme Sep 3. 2, 1852

Frign coin

" Bullion

W. 60m (68)

Taken from atom

grain W. 60m

185

Philadelphia,

Print of the United States,

November 30. 4.

Sir,
I enclose a statement in duplicate exhibiting
the deposits and coinage at the Mint during the month
ending today.

I have the honor to be,
With great respect,
Your faithful servant,
James C. McCallum
Director.

Hon James Guthrie
Sec of the Treasury
Washington City.

Statement of Deposits and Coinage

At the Mint of the United States, Philadelphia.

During the Month of *November* 185*4*.

Gold Bullion Deposited.

	Value.
From California,	\$ 825,200
Other sources,	4,150
Total Gold Deposits,	\$ 829,350

Silver Bullion Deposited,

Including Silver Purchases,	\$ 405,900
Total Gold and Silver Deposits,	\$ 1,235,250

Coinage Executed.

GOLD.

Denomination.	No. of Pieces.	Value.
Double Eagles,		\$
Eagles,		
Half Eagles,	16,410	82,050
Quarter Eagles,	47,078	68,220
Dollars,	261,533	117,695
Total, 347,861		\$ 229,298

SILVER.

Dollars,		
Half Dollars,	24,000	12,000
Quarter Dollars,	8,000	2,000
Dimes,	120,000	12,000
Half Dimes,	50,000	2,500
Three Cent Pieces,	10,000	300
Total, 212,000		\$ 25,800

COPPER.

Cents,	\$
Half Cents,	
Total,	\$

RECAPITULATION.

Gold Coinage,	347,861	\$ 229,298
Silver "	212,000	25,800
Copper, "		

Total No. of pieces, 2,467,661 Total value, \$ 517,298

Mint of the United States,
Philadelphia,

185

Director.

Nov. 29th 4

Sir, I transmit herewith for your Consideration Copies of several Communications, Nos. 6 & 8 - Respecting some changes proposed by the Superintendent of the Army Office in the operation arrangements of the Office. The proposed changes and bettering of Communication not only as respects the Concerns of the Operations at that establishment, but for the greater security of the Public; but I am unable to say how far the Structure of the building will permit them to be made. On this point you possess ample means of information, and we will be guided by your decision.

I have the honor to be
With great respect
Your faithful servant,

Hon. James Guthrie
Sec. of the Treasury
Washington City

James R. Anderson
Director

Nov^r 29th 1854.

To Hon James Guthrie
Sec of the Treasury
Washington

Operations of N.Y.
Assay office as
to transmission
of bullion to the
Mint. Letter of the
Supt & Mr R
enclosed

any general measure in an emergency to save the public
institution but by the requirements of the law, and I must
adhere to the opinion, which I have expressed, that the
deposits for coinage should be forwarded to the Mint and
be there deposited and remain in the custody of the
Mint.

November 29th. 4.

Sir:

I transmit the enclosed letter respecting the opera-
tions of the Assay Office at New York for your consideration.
My views on the subject in question, namely, how
far the deposits intended for coinage shall be operated. In
there have heretofore been fully presented to the Department.
These views have not been changed, but rather confirmed by
subsequent reflection.

Whilst the Superintendent is also of opinion that
it is the intention of the law that the deposits for coinage
should be sent to the Mint without being first assayed,
he thinks it would be convenient construction to allow
that office to operate upon all the bullion for the reasons
assigned in his letter. So far as the Assay Office is con-
cerned these reasons may be of weight, but I should
remark that whatever inconveniences may result there
by requiring deposits for coinage to be assayed here, would
if remedied in the manner proposed, by causing the assaying
of such deposits to be executed there, thereby saving the Mint
the inconveniences of which they are relieved. In other words,
instead of their force being thrown out of work and con-
sequently employed by the remedy which is suggested, the
state of things is simply reversed.

But, after all, the propriety of assenting to the
Superintendent's views is to be judged not so much by

...the convenience of the Mint, and I must
adhere to the opinion, as heretofore expressed, that bullion
deposited for coinage should be forwarded to this Mint as
soon as assayed, and its net value determined, and that
to retain it at the assay office until it is refined, does not
seem to meet the requirements of the law.

You will observe that the Superintendent in his letter
asked that in said authority is given to part and refine the
gold deposited for coinage, they may be relieved from the
necessity imposed by former instructions from the Department
(since temporarily suspended) of preparing standard ingots
therefrom, but that the fine bars may be forwarded to us.
In this request I entirely concur. It would be improper
and illegal in my judgment for us to take such ingots
for coinage without re-melt and re-assay, and in that
case the melting down of the fine gold at New York for the
purpose of standarding would be a labor and expense at
all times wasteful, and with no possible advantage.

Whatever may be your decision as to the kind of bullion
to be transferred to the Mint, it will be necessary for you to
direct the transportation of the amount recently deposited
at New York for coinage, to wit, \$1,000,000. If this is to
be done by transfer drafts, I would suggest that you cause
to be issued, for the convenience of transportation, ten drafts
of the Treasurer of the Mint payable in gold bullion. The
Treasurer can then pay the amount in parted or unparted
bullion as you may decide in your reply to the communication.

tion.

Of the deposits received at New York, including the last at
arrival, the amount payable in bars had been about three millions
of dollars and the amount payable in coin about one and
half millions. The amount to be fully operated upon intro-
duced at that place, including parting, refining and casting
into fine bars, is on a ratio of 2 to 1 as compared with the
amount to be sent here. This seems to be a pretty fair and
convenient division of operations. Of course this ratio cannot
be fully relied on as indicative of the future, as the demand
for coin or bars depends upon the uncertain state of foreign
exchange.

It is perhaps, proper that I should remark that a
part of Mr. McKim's letter, referred to by the Superintendent, is
unintelligible to me. He refers to "loss and inconvenience" and
"the expense to the government," consequent on sending unrefined
instead of refined bars, but there is certainly no difference grow-
ing out of the particular form in which the bullion may be
sent when transmitted. In his last paragraph he says
that the law could not have intended that any portion of the
deposits at the assay office should be sent to Philadelphia,
though the language of the act on this point is perfectly
explicit.

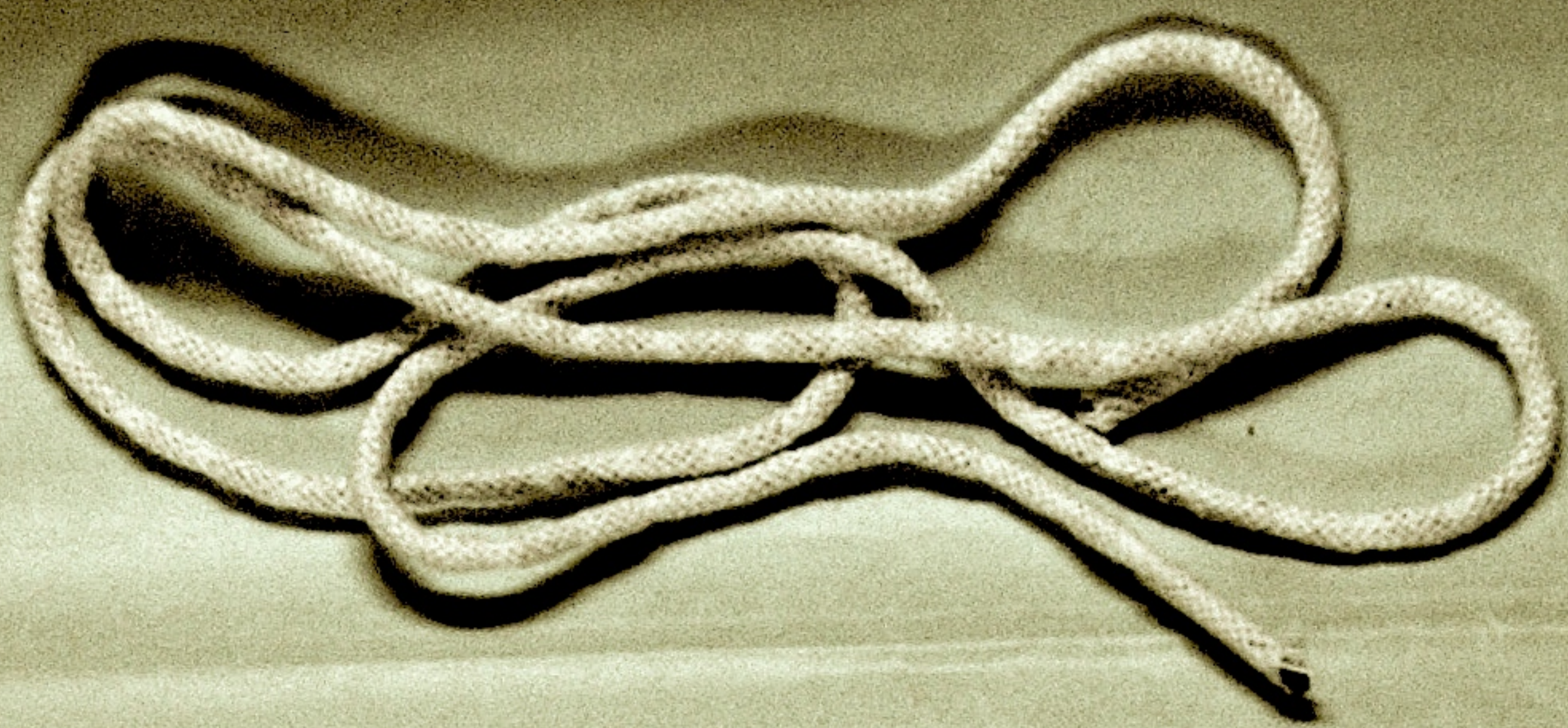
I have the honor to be,

With great respect,

Your faithful servant,

Samuel R. V. Mendenhall.
Director.

Wm. James Guthrie
Secretary of Treasury.



Ch.

By the 11th Sect. of the Act establishing an Assay Office in New York, all bullion intended by the depositor to be converted into coin is directed to be transmitted to the Mint for coinage. The regulation of the Department of Sept. 28th prescribes that this bullion shall first be refined and converted into standard ingots at this Office, and then transmitted for immediate coinage at the Mint. This regulation has, however, been temporarily suspended so far as to authorize, for the period of three months from Oct. 18th, the transmission of the bullion in its unparted state, and in this modified form it is now in force.

As the reasons which led to this modification no longer exist, and as certain inconveniences, - more fully stated in the enclosed communication of the Melt & Refiner of this Office, - have resulted from its operation, taken in connection with the greatly diminished demand for fine bars, I have deemed it my duty to submit the matter for your consideration.

By the accompanying communication of the Melt & Refiner, you will notice that the Capacity of our refinery is now fully equal to all the bullion likely to be deposited at this Office; and although, in the absence of instructions, I had supposed it to be the intention of the law that the deposits for coinage should be sent to the Mint without being parted or refined, I am clearly of opinion that with the present organization of this Office and the capacity of our refinery, both economy and convenience would be promoted by allowing this Office to operate upon all the bullion deposited.

If under those circumstances the Department shall see fit to terminate the existing arrangement of transmitting unparted bars, I would respectfully suggest that the convenience of this Office, and the

Mr. Estlin

New York 3. 4 1854

Dear Sir

It might be well, if you should order the packages of Silver to be put up in \$50 and have it mint in name of pieces, so as to suit the convenience of Store keepers in this city. As the Silver packages sent here are composed of \$100- which are mostly taken by the Banks, depriving the trading folks of the advantage of the Silver change a coin - if you should have open packages especially for "family use", so one might say, none up in sums of \$25 or 30 it would, doubtless, facilitate the circulating medium of our Silver coin. While the numerous Banks of the State are permitted to issue their Small Bills, it is totally useless to expect or strive to enforce the circulation of Gold coin. It might as well, with some propriety, be moulded into Bars and laid aside for transportation to France and England.

Yours Respectfully
John Winthrop

Mint of the United States.
Philadelphia, November 30th, 1854.

Sir,

In accordance with the arrangement made with
Mr. Running respecting the enclosed bills, I have had them
recepted in duplicate and herewith return them to you.

In addition to these bills, I am advised that there are
others in your possession, held by parties here; Mr. Schively
informs me that besides his bill now sent, he has presented
three others, amounting to the aggregate to \$306,000⁰⁰ and
the Treasurer of the Mint has heretofore furnished you with
a copy of the Pay Rolls paid by him on a/c. of your Office.

It will be well when you enclose a check for the
amount of these bills, to furnish me also with a statement
of the parties severally holding them, and of the sum due to
each one respectively.

I am, Very respectfully,
Yours, &c.

James R. Snowden,
Director.

Samuel J. Butterworth, Esq.,
Superintendent U.S. Assay Office,
New York City.

United States Assay Office.

New York, Dec. 28, 1854.

Sir, I should be glad to receive from you a duplicate of one of your Assayer's reports, filled up in conformity with the suggestions of the Mt. Auditor. It is desirable that our forms & accounts should be in agreement with yours.

Although I am unable to see the value of a mere copy of the Treasurer's calculations, and although this service will involve the necessity of additional clerical labor, I shall of course comply with the intimation which you have given.

I hope in a few days to present some suggestions respecting the regulations for the transfers between this office & the Mint, as requested in yours of the 23^d inst.

Very respectfully,

Yours obt. servt.

Hon. J. R. McDowd,

Director of the Mint.

Saml. F. Patterson

Supt.

United States Assay Office.

New York, Nov. 28, 1854.

Sir,

Owing to the peculiar construction & the relative positions of the two buildings occupied by the Assay Office, certain practical difficulties exist, in the transference of its business, for which special remedies are required.

The Weigh-room of the Assay Office is situated in the front building. The melting-room is in the 2^d story of the back building. All deposits received in the Weigh-room have now to be carried, by hand, across the yard & up a flight of stairs to the melting room; then returned after melting in the same manner to be reweighed; and again carried to the back building to be placed in the vault of the Treasurer or Melted & Refined. It is found that the three furnaces in the deposit-melting room are not sufficient; and as no more can be erected there, it has been found necessary to take the three fine gold furnaces in the 3^d story for deposit-melting & to erect

two more furnaces against the same wall, (the west wall of the 3^d story,) and to use the three furnaces in the 2^d story for fine gold melting. This change, while it will relieve us from the delay which now exists in deposit-melting, will augment the difficulty of transporting bullion between the Weigh-room & the Melting room. These transfers have now to be made by the workmen of the Office; but it frequently happens that these men are most occupied with their own proper duties when most needed for this purpose. Besides, I do not consider this mode a safe one. Deposits amounting to fifty or sixty thousand ounces are frequently pressed upon us in one day. These must be carried in separate pans or boxes, and the stumbling or slipping of the person carrying it might occasion irreparable confusion as well as loss. The employment of iron pans becomes almost impossible owing to the increased weight to be carried.

To remedy this difficulty, two plans suggest themselves. 1st A hoistway in the yard near the West end of the back building, by which a car-load of deposits can be hoisted to the Melting room & drawn in through one of the windows cut down to the level of the floor. 2^d An

opening through the South wall of the present hoistway ~~by which~~ level with the yard. At present the only access to the hoistway from the yard is through a door at the bottom which is on the level of the basement floor, some 12 feet below the flagging of the yard.

In the enclosed ~~plan~~ ^{outline} I have indicated the position of the independent hoistway required by the first plan, and the arrangement proposed for the second. In the latter you will notice that a small car loaded with deposit, in lockers or boxes could be drawn from the Weigh-room directly upon the platform car standing upon the track. This platform car would be pushed forward opposite the door of the hoistway, through which the small car-load of bullion would be drawn upon the hoistway & elevated to the Melting-room on the 3^d floor.

This arrangement would be much the most economical. An independent hoistway would cost at least \$500, while the proposed connection with the present hoistway can probably be made for \$200. As it will involve the cutting a doorway through the wall of the hoistway, however, I have deemed it proper to submit the matter through you to the Department. In consideration

of the great strength of the walls of the Alloy-
 office and of the existing irregularities, as
 well as of the urgent necessity for the proposed
 arrangements, I earnestly hope that it may be
 sanctioned by the Department.

I may add that the proposed arrangement
 is greatly needed for other purposes than the mere
 transfer of bullion. The material employed in
 the office such as Acid, Charcoal, salt, zinc, &c.
 have now to be carried to the hoistway, lowered
 by hand to the derrick below, & then hoisted to the
 several floors of the building. Carts heavily loaded
 have to be driven upon the flagging of the yard
 at great inconvenience & frequently obstructing the
 passage way. Both the proposed rail-way & car,
 could easily be unloaded at the Alley which leads
 from Wall St., and their contents placed upon the
 car carried at once to the hoistway. The diffi-
 culties & risks encountered by the present arrange-
 ment are more particularly stated in the com-
 munication addressed to me by the Treasurer &
 the Melted Refiner of this Office which I
 sent to you on the 14th inst., and to which
 I beg leave now to refer you.

I send herewith a plan showing the rel-
 ative positions of the buildings & exhibiting

the proposed arrangements. On the other side
 of the same sheet I have given a plan
 of the granite foundation of the hoistway,
 & the position of the proposed door. The
 upper course of granite need not be dis-
 turbed. This course is two feet in height &
 consists of a single block of granite which
 would form the lintel of the door. I
 have also indicated the thickness or height
 of the course below the proposed door, for-
 ming the lintel of the present door.

In connection with this subject I wish to
 submit for your approval an arrangement of
 the business of the Weigh-room & the Deposit-
 melting room respectively which the situation
 of those rooms with respect to each other, and
 the safety of the bullion renders highly desirable.
 To save the labor, delay & expense of ~~carrying~~
^{bringing back} to the Weigh-room the bullion that has
 been melted in the Deposit melting room (3rd story of
 back building,) and of again returning it to be
 delivered to the Melted Refiner, I propose that
 the weighing & delivery to the Melted Refiner should
 take place in the Deposit-melting room. For
 this purpose one of the clerks of the Weigh-room
 would be stationed in the Melting-room & be provided

with a balance, dish, & necessary books of entry. This clerk may be styled Clerk of the Melt, & his duty would be to take charge of all deposits sent from the Weigh-room, deliver the same to the Melters in the order required, superintend the melting & casting with a view to prevent loss, direct the stamping of the ingots & gathering the grains belonging to each melt per, & generally to exercise a careful supervision of the operations of the Melting-room.

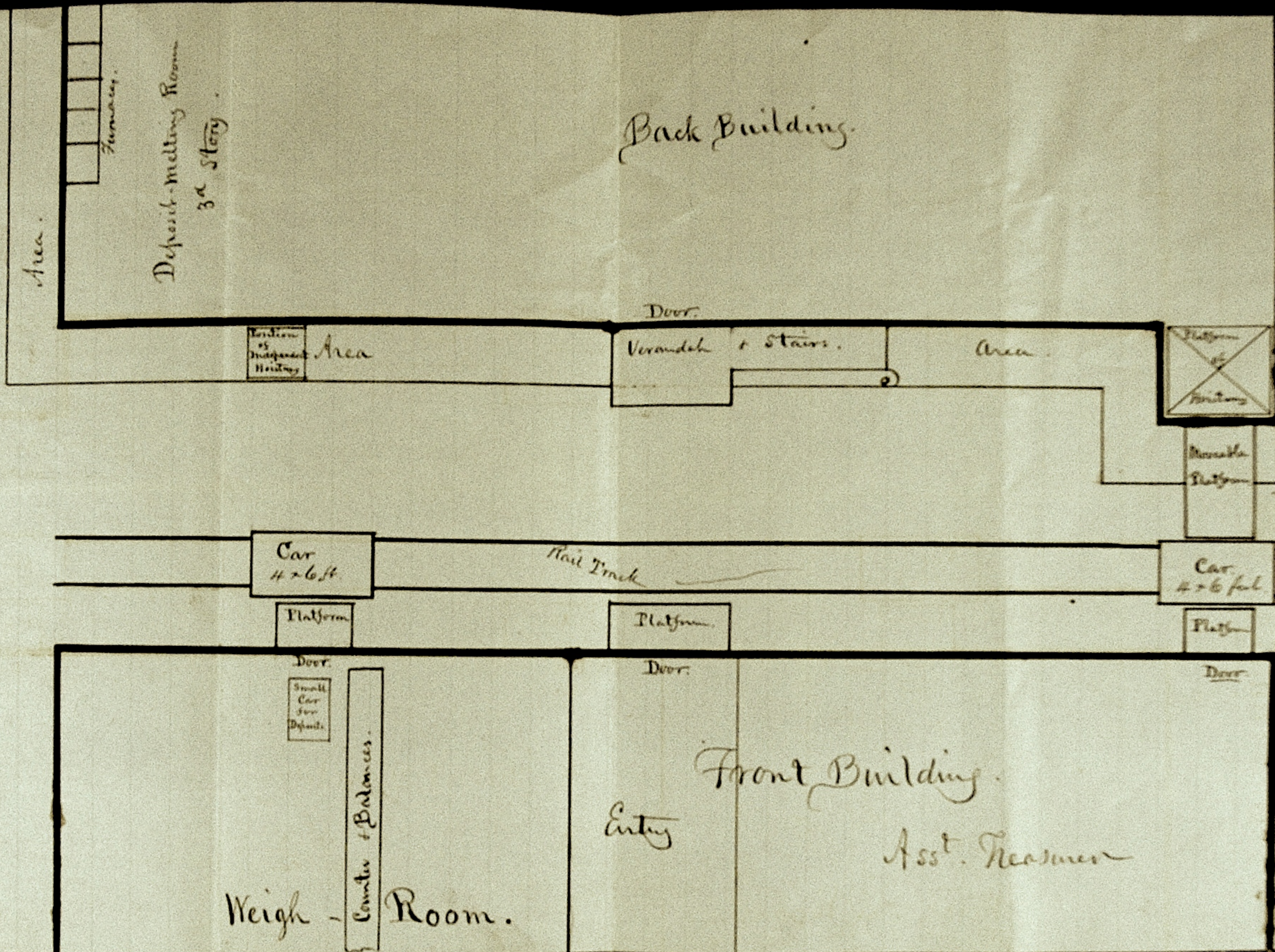
When deposits are received in the Weigh-room, they would be placed in locked pans or boxes & piled upon a car. The weight of each having been entered in the Weigh-book, a card containing the number & weight would also be placed in each pan or box. The loaded car, properly covered & secured, would then be transported to the Melting-room in the manner already indicated. From the cards accompanying these deposits, the Clerk of the Melt transcribes the number & weight upon his Weigh-book. — When the deposits have been melted & are ready for weighing they will be weighed by the Clerk of the Melt in the presence of the Melters & Refiner, each making entries in separate books & comparing results. As the separate deposits are taken from the balance they would be placed upon a platform scale & their aggregate weight taken to verify the correctness of the entries in the books. The deposits, thus weighed

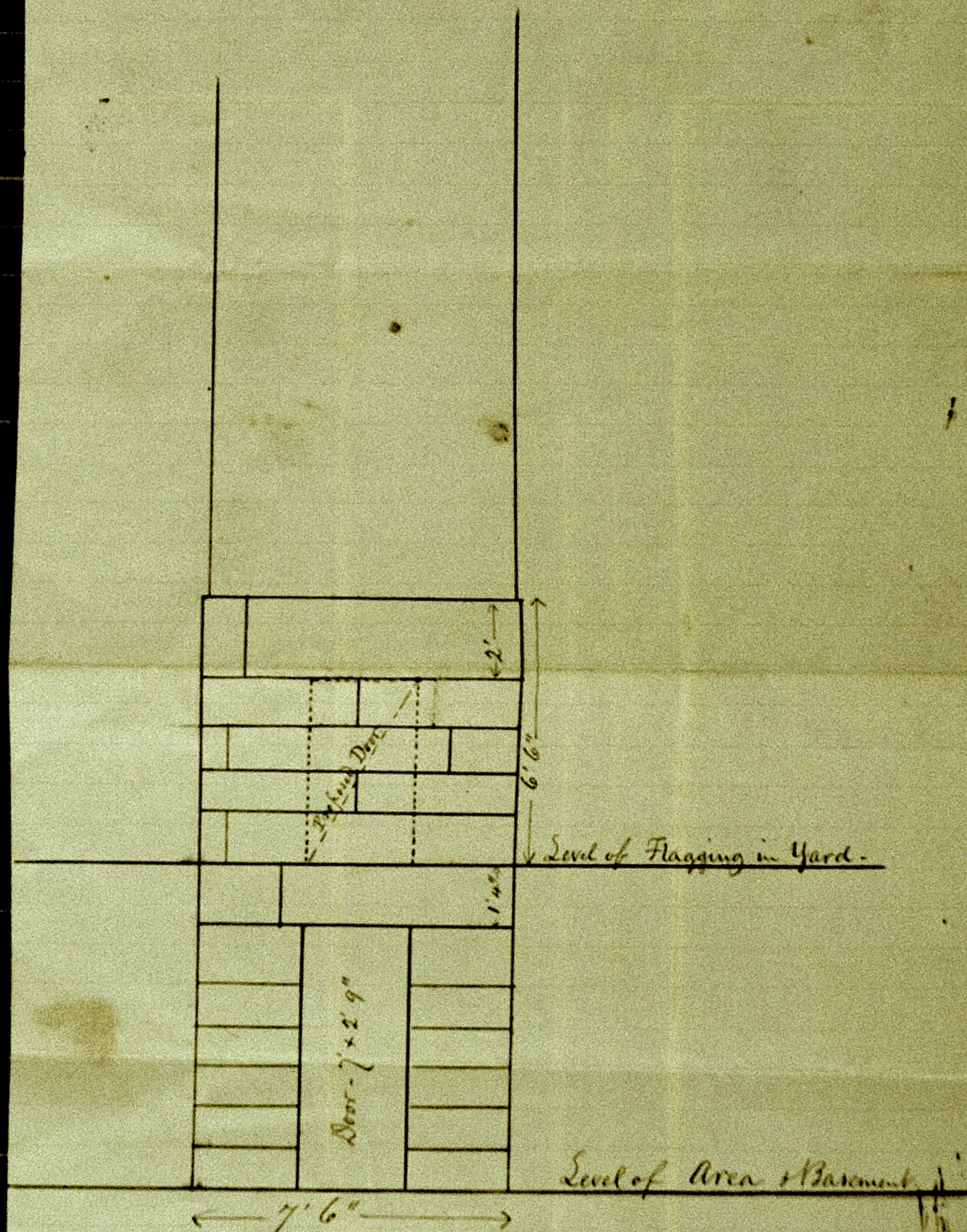
7
& entered, are thereupon delivered to the Melters & Refiner whose vault is upon the same floor. The Clerk of the Melt, now adds to the cards received from the Weigh-room the weight after melting of each deposit & returns them to the Weigh-clerk who will transcribe from them the weight after melting upon his Weigh-book. The Weigh-clerk & the Clerk of the Melt, will compare their books at the close of each day's business. You are aware of the inconvenience & delay attending the present method of re-weighing deposits after melting. When the Weigh-clerk is most pressed by depositors, he must now keep them waiting until the melts from the Melting-room are weighed & entered. The arrangement above proposed would avoid this difficulty entirely.

I am satisfied that the plan proposed would add greatly to the convenience, dispatch, safety & accuracy with which the business of this office is now performed. I earnestly hope that it will meet with the approval of the Department & that the necessary modification of existing regulations will be made.

Very respectfully,
Hm. J. R. Snowden, { You obs. Secy
Director of the Mint, { Saml. T. Patterson
Philadelphia. { Supt.

10 feet Alley from Wall St.





Plan showing Granite Foundation & Doorway of South Mall
of Hoistway N.Y. Assay Office, & indicating position
of proposed door. Foundation Wall 2' 6" thick.

U. S. Assay Office, Treasurer's Department.

New-York.

185

November 28th 1854

Sir
As per receipt and statement enclosed I have this day forwarded you, by the "Adams Express Company", Ten boxes of gold bullion, valued at One hundred & Six Thousand, Sixty eight 32/100ths dollars. (\$ 106,068.32) which includes the final payment upon Treasury Transfer Draft No: 1225, dated the 21st of Oct^r, in your favor, for Five hundred Thousand dollars. The balance you will please place to the credit of my account.

I shall be pleased to receive the assay memorandum of gold bullion forwarded to you on the 18th inst.

Very Respectfully
Your Obedt Servt

John J. Allen
Treasurer

Samuel Sturgess Esq^r
Treasurer of U.S. Mint
Philadelphia.

Received of the Treasurer of U.S.
Assay Office, New York. Two boxes of gold
bullion, valued at One hundred & Six thousand,
Sixty eight & 1/100ths dollars, which we agree
to insure against loss, and deliver to the Treas-
urer of U.S. Mint at Philadelphia, at
50 cts per \$1000

New York, November 28th 1854

Wm. H. P.
The
Pharmas Express Co

November 27th 4

Sir,

In reply to your favor of the 24th inst. I have to state that the officers of the assay office, and especially the Treasurer, will find it a source of embarrassment, difficulty, and delay if these annual duties are required to be performed by them in person: as for example, the Treasurer is required to receive and weigh the bullion and give the receipt and the Memorandum of value under his hand to the Assayer. Hence possibly it has been usual to some extent to adopt, in this matter, the legal maxim "qui facit per alium facit per se."

It is quite evident that as to the Superintendent's warrants the Treasurer has in his own hands ample security from errors or frauds, inasmuch as preliminary to the issuing of the warrant the calculation of the value of the deposits are made in his office and no warrant is issued without a subsequent comparison with the statement of value.

As a literal and personal performance of duty by each officer will be found inconvenient I have to suggest that it would be well to have a conference with your officers on the subject - the result of which you will please communicate to me.

Mint of the United States,

Philadelphia, November 27, 1854

Sir,

Your letter of the 23rd inst. has been received.
The subject therein presented for my consideration
has heretofore

Lopis

Arrive of Eighty-eight bars gold and silver
Smelter assays, shipped by Daniel Sturgen, Treasurer,
U.S. Mint, Philadelphia, per bark Anna, Captain Master,
now lying in the port of Philadelphia, and bound for London,
England consigned to Dr Jos M Farnum

Lots	Bars	Numbers	Tare		Net Wt		Total	
			lbs	av	lbs	av	lbs	av
657 1	16 10	16 10	477	2827	0	614	1735	78
2	11 20	11 20	511	3325		676	2247	70
3	24 30	24 30	494	3165		699	3212	33
4	31 40	31 40	516	3108		667	2073	04
5	41 50	41 50	511	3270		887	1919	49
6	51 60	51 60	521	3135		671	2103	59
7	61 70	61 70	492	2988		369	1102	57
U.S. Mint Phila	18 lbs	1 lb 8, and ten unnumbered	998	7230		377	2725	71
			4520	29048			17120	21

Min of the United States
Treasurer Office Dec 30, 1834.
(Signed) Daniel Sturgen
Treasurer

Unit of the United States

Philad^a. Nov. 27, 1854.

Dear Sir,

I am obliged to you for your letter of the 24th ult., and have to apologize for not earlier replying to the same. It was accidentally laid aside, among some other papers, and amid the multiplicity of business now pressing on me it escaped my memory and attention.

The invoice as formerly sent to you, for the shipment per Anna I find upon inquiry to have been incorrect. The correct invoice is now enclosed, of course with the weight as stated in the bill of lading and as verified by you in London. In the former invoice, by an oversight not readily accounted for, the weight of the barrels containing the Unit soap was included with the

and weights - making the difference of 5522 lbs
as you have discovered.

I am obliged to you for your information re-
garding the prices of silver, and also for the ar-
ticle from the Economist. I am glad to find
a correspondence between the views of the writer
and those expressed in my annual report.

Two boxes containing samples of our Maurit
silver, to be sold here, according to the advertisement
of which I sent you a copy, I am this day for-
warded to your address, care of Barry's Street,
N.Y. I supposed you might find it advanta-
geous to have these samples, and trust that
they may furnish you the means of tendering as
either directly, or as agent for other parties, a
bid for the lots.

Yours very sincerely
James R. Fremden
Director.

By your letter announcing the sale of the shipment of silver by the American
Silver Mining Co. I have been much gratified.

United States Assay Office.

New York, Nov. 27, 1854.

Sir,

Mr. Putnam being called away from the Office finds himself unable to address you as he had intended. He desires me to transmit to you the accompanying letter addressed to the Secretary of the Treasury enclosing a communication from the Melters & Refiners of this Office, and to request you to transmit the same with such views as you should be pleased to express on the subject.

Very respectfully,

Your obt. Servt.,

Geo. F. Downing,

Asst. Clerk.

Amos J. Menden,
Director of the Mint,
Philad^a.

From Geo F. Lemming Esq
Supt. LR
Atty Gen
NY

Enclosing By direction
of the Supt a
letter from the LR
to the Supt & also one
from the Supt to the
Sec. of the Treasury
and call my attention
to the subject herein
mentioned.

Nov 27. 1834

November 27.

4.

Sir,
I enclose a bill of Mr Henry Froemmer for a Balance
and weights manufactured by him for the Office of the
Assistant Treas. U. S. at St. Louis and which I have certified
to be correct. The balance was ordered in pursuance
of your letter of the 17th July last, in which you directed
that the bill for the same property certified to should be
presented to you. The balance has been inspected by
me, and will at the earliest opportunity be shipped
to its destination. You will please cause a draft
to be issued in favor of Mr Froemmer for \$1000, the amount
due (as per contract) for the above balance and weights. The
draft may be sent to him under cover to me when I
can obtain his receipt and enclose it to you.

I have the honor to be,

With great respects,
Your faithful servant,
Samuel R. Henderson,
Director.

Hon. James A. Smith
Sec. of the Treasury
Washington City

United States Assay Office.

New York, Nov. 25, 1854.

Sir,

I enclose a statement of the
operations of this Office for the week
ending this day.

Very respectfully,

Yours ob. servt.

Saml. T. Bullen

Hon. W. Snowden,
Director of the Mint,
Philad^a.

Nov. 25th

4

Sir,

In reply to your letter of the 23rd inst, I
have to state that it was not my intention in the
regulations of the 16th inst to make any change in
respect to the afternoon of Saturday. The following were
and is hereby on that, which you will please
consider as a mistake at the end of the regulations
of the word "Saturday", namely, "and the
evening, 2 o'clock) of Saturday."

I do not think it necessary, at least
for the present, to make any change in respect
to compensation for work, which you may
begin at 2 o'clock.

I am, very Respectfully,
Yours obt servant,

James Ross Snowden
Director.

Saml J. Butterworth Esq
Supt. Army Off.
New York.

P.S. I will write to you on Monday
in reply to your letter of the 23rd inst.
respecting the accounts.

Mint of the United States.
Philad^a. Nov. 25, 1853.

~~No extra time will hereafter be
allowed in the domestic department
of the Mint.~~

It is directed that the operations
of the Mint shall be so arranged
by the officers of each depart-
ment as to avoid extra hours.
No extra time will be ^{hereafter} allowed
unless ~~and~~ specially authorized
by the Director on the appli-
cation of the ~~proper~~ officer.
This order will take effect
to day.

Samuel R. Menden
Director

Sent to
C. C.
M. & R.
Apex.

United States Assay Office

New York, Nov. 25, 1854.

Sir,

A fine gold bar, issued by the Mint, was yesterday presented to us by Messrs. Adams & Co., to be exchanged for coin. It was received and paid for, deducting the coinage charge of half per cent., according to the practice of the Mint.

It seems to me that in making these exchanges we are exposed to great hazard. Of the bars issued by the Mint we have not even a register of numbers, weights, & value; and yet if the practice of redeeming bars prevails, I do not think any distinction should be made between those issued by this office & those made at the Mint & Branches.

Even in the case of our own bars, a mere comparison with the register, and testing of the weight, seems a very insufficient protection against fraud. If the bar presented for exchange agrees in weight, stamps, & external appearance with the one issued from the Assay Office bearing the same number, we receive it. And yet I suppose it would be entirely practicable for persons

being possessed of a genuine bar to manufacture
have no objection that should answer all the
other conditions, and yet consist in the
most part of bare metal.

Should the taking the specific gravity of
bars presented for exchange be a sufficient
protection?

I have deemed this matter of sufficient
importance to justify calling your attention
to it; and I shall be glad if you will
note it the subject of special instructions.

Very respectfully,

Yours etc. Geo. B. Smith

Sam. F. Butterworth

Esq.

The Atty. General,
Ministry of the Mint.

Yours

November 27. 4.

Sir,

I have received your letter of the 30th inst. and in reply have to
state that the subject therein presented for my consideration, has heretofore
been carefully considered at the Mint. It does not appear to us, that
there is any hazard in receiving these bars. In the first place, there
is that, about the exterior of a fine gold bar, which is
extremely difficult to deceive a person accustomed to their
appearance. We have received a great many such bars, from
England, France & elsewhere and were never imposed upon.

But again, the receiving party have the bar in their own hands,
and can satisfy themselves by an assay, perhaps by specific
gravity, of the genuineness of the article. In cases of doubt,
an assay is the most satisfactory test, and causes not much
delay. The practice of annexing engraving certificates was
tried, at a considerable expense of money & labour, and given
up as useless.

I am, very Respectfully,
Yours Geo. B. Smith,
Director.

Sam. F. Butterworth, Esq.,
Super. Assay Office,
New York,

November 14

Ch.

Enclosed bill of lading for 200
pots. were shipped to inst. for your
care.

Mr. Scherby has sent his bill
for amounting to \$90.00 which I
will with a view to pay it with the
bill against your office.

Very respectfully

Yours, &c.

James Raper Roman.
Secretary.

J. R. Roman, Esq.

100 Wall St. N.Y.C.
New York City.

United States Post Office
New York, Nov 29 1854

Dear Sir,

I have made a contract with Messrs
Master & Son, to supply this Office with
300 tons of best Schuylk Coal at \$7.⁴⁵ per
ton, I advertised for proposals and there
was the lowest bid -

As it is not possible for
the Supt of this Office to be in the Office at
all times when his signature may be required
to a warrant to obtain payment of a deposit,
I wish that some instruction may be given
to the Treas^r by the Sec^y of the Treasury which
will authorize him to pay all such warrants
when signed by the Supt. Clerk, requiring him
to obtain the signature also of the Supt at the
close of each yr - the Supt might die before the
close of the yr; to meet that contingency the Treas^r
should be informed that in case of the death of
the Supt the warrants signed by the Supt Clerk
would be rec^d at the Treas^r Dept as vouchers - You
will much oblige me if you will present this to the
consideration of the Sec^y of the Treasury - the "Regulations"

prescribed for this office have been rec^d & will
be enforced. Several deposits of old American
^{silver} coin have been offered here which I have
refused to receive as I find no authority
in the law creating this office to operate
upon any other than "foreign coin".

With great respect

Yours^{tr}

Sam^l F. Butterworth

Sept

Recd

St Ruffin Snodden
Director

U. S. Assay Office,

New York, Nov. 24, 1854.

Dear Sir,

Our Treasurer, Mr. Cisco,
is, as you are aware, a strict con-
structionist; and in accordance with the
2^d Sect. of the Mint Act of Jan. 1837
refuses to pay Bullion or Ordinary
Warrants unless they are actually
signed by the Sept. The practice
which prevails at the Mint of paying
on the signature of the Warrant clerk,
upon the Director's signature at
a subsequent time, Mr. Cisco will
not accede to unless expressly
sanctioned by the Sec^y of Treas^y.

I need not explain to you the
impossibility of the Superintendent's
being present in his office every
moment during business hours, & yet
at any moment during those hours

prescribed for
be enforced
Circ have been
refused to
in the law
upon any

Head
Jat Ross
Dear

persons having claims on the Bulletin
and Ordinary Funds are liable to
be called. To keep them waiting
is exceedingly unpleasant & tends
to bring the office into bad repute;
and yet whenever the Supt. is called
out soon on duty in another part
of the building this must be done.
If he should be kept from the
office by sickness or other accident,
it might cause a panic in Wall
St!

Usually the Warrants are pre-
paid & signed in advance of
the call for payment; but you
know that it is not possible
always to do this, without causing
delay & disappointment to depositors.

For this difficulty there are two
remedies. Either the Supt. must sign
warrants in blank & leave them
with his clerk, or the clerk be

authorized to sign for him in
his absence.

The first plan is liable to all
the objections that can be urged
against the second, & to the ad-
ditional one that there would be
danger of a signed warrant
getting into the hands of some
one who would use it fraud-
ulently.

Personally I should prefer to be
exempt from the responsibility of
either plan; but of the two decidedly
prefer the last. I enclose a
specimen warrant & suggest that
Mr. Cires be ^{authorized} by the
Sec. of Treasury to pay warrants
signed in this way, requiring however
the Supt. to sign also before the
rendition of the quarterly acc.

Very respectfully

Col. Snowden, } G. F. Downing
Director &c. }

prescribed for
be enforced
can have be
refused to
in the law
upon any

P.S. I called at the Mint
a brief time, before leaving
Philad^a, & regretted not seeing
you. There were several matters
about which I wished to
talk with you. I hope
to be able to run over again
soon.

Heard
J. T. Reps
Dec

GOLD BULLION.

Warrant No.

8

To the Treasurer of the U. S. Assay Office,

Pay to
in order,

Dollars, namely

In Gold Coins

In Fine Bars, Nos.

In Certificate, No.

Total,

Dolls. Cts.

being the value of a deposit of Gold Bul-
lion by the party above named. And for
so doing this shall be your warrant.

Dated at the U. S. Assay Office,
New York, 1854.

Geo. F. Shreve
Sept 21st

Superintendent.

Received, 1854, of the
Treasurer of the Assay Office, the above
amount, in full satisfaction for the deposit
aforesaid.

Laurens Nov. 4. 1837.

Dear Sir,

Dear Sir,

Sir,

We have rec^d.
Your favor of the 22nd inst, enclosing
draft on New York, for \$992⁵⁰, in
settlement of an bill of Copper plate, &
rec^d. \$2,592⁵⁰ -
We are, Sir,

Yours,

Very Respectfully,

Charles D. J. G.

Treasury Department

Nov. 24 1874.

W

I have to request you will
transmit to me a statement
showing the whole amount of
silver coined at the Mint and
branches under the act of 21
Feb 1855. and the places to
which it has been distributed
by Transfers and I will be glad
if you will send the statement
as soon as it can be prepared.

Sincerely Resp

John L. McKim
Secy of the Treasury

L. Ross Snowden Esq
Director of the
Mint Phila.

Statement of the Amount of Silver Coined
At the Mint of the U. S. and the Branches under the Act
of Feb. 21, 1833, and the Amount of the Same and also the places
to which it has been distributed by transfer.

<i>Denomination of coin</i>	<i>Mint of U. S. & Branches Value</i>	<i>B. Mint of U. S. & Branches Value</i>	<i>Total Value</i>
<i>Half Dollars</i>	<i>\$3,056,354</i>	<i>\$3,092,000</i>	<i>\$6,148,354</i>
<i>3/4 Dollars</i>	<i>6,575,305</i>	<i>590,000</i>	<i>7,165,305</i>
<i>Dimes</i>	<i>1,527,801</i>	<i>223,000</i>	<i>1,750,801</i>
<i>4 Cents</i>	<i>887,510</i>	<i>188,000</i>	<i>1,075,510</i>
<i>2 Cents</i>	<i>12,000</i>		<i>12,000</i>
<i>Total value</i>	<i>\$12,059,170</i>	<i>\$4,093,000</i>	<i>\$16,152,170</i>

The Amount of Silver Coins of the new issue distributed by transfer
from the Mint of the U. S. at Philadelphia is as follows:

<i>To Treasurer U. S. Washington</i>	<i>\$ 197,500</i>
<i>Asst Treas U. S. New York</i>	<i>1,003,200</i>
<i>" " " Boston</i>	<i>534,000</i>
<i>" " " St. Louis</i>	<i>1,200</i>
<i>" " " San Francisco</i>	<i>11,217.34</i>
<i>" Dep't U. S. Baltimore</i>	<i>102,000</i>
<i>" " " Norfolk</i>	<i>91,000</i>
<i>" " " Charleston</i>	<i>53,000</i>
<i>" " " Cincinnati</i>	<i>153,000</i>
<i>" " " Pittsburgh</i>	<i>55,000</i>
<i>" " " Jeffersonville</i>	<i>120,000</i>
<i>" " " Savannah</i>	<i>53,000</i>
<i>" " " Detroit</i>	<i>110,000</i>
<i>" " " Richmond</i>	<i>50,000</i>
<i>" " " Chicago</i>	<i>113,000</i>
<i>Total Amount distributed by transfer</i>	<i>\$2,678,607.34</i>

November 25th 4.

Sir,

In compliance with the request contained in your letter of the 24th inst I enclose herewith a statement of the amount of Silver coins at the Mint of the U. S. and the Branch Mint New Orleans under the Act of 20th Feb. 1853, and the amount of the same and also the places to which it has been distributed by transfer. The statement does not exhibit the amount of Silver coins exchanged for gold coin, or the amount distributed by transfer at the Branch Mint New Orleans. The necessary information is not in my possession to present the latter.

I have the honor to be,

With great respect,

Your faithful servant,

Wm. A. R. Smith.

Hon. James Guthrie
Sec. of the Treasury,
Washington City,

Wm. A. R. Smith.

Comd. U. S. Mint.

Very respectfully,
Wm. A. R. Smith.

Wm. A. R. Smith.

Treasury Department, Washington City.

Dec. 27, 1854.

Office Asst Tr U. S

St Louis Mo Nov 24th 1834

James Ross Snowden Esq
Director of Mint
Philadelphia

Sir:

Your favor of the 11th Inst was duly received and I am now able to state that I have had an interview with a gentleman who feels qualified to put up the balance which your letter informed ^{me} you have sent to me - Should he prove incompetent however I will then have to avail myself of your proposition.

I presume those shipped are for weighing gold. When may I expect those for silver

I am glad to know that the balances are coming as we were a good deal troubled about weighing coin

I am Very Respectfully
Yours obt Serv

Saml W. Stinson
Asst Tr

Stephensport Ky
Nov 24th 1854

Director of the Mint Phil^d Pa

Dear Sir,

I have
a small lot of California gold perhaps \$100
worth. It will cost me considerably to have it
sent by express to Phil^d and the coin returned.
If I should send it by mail could you
not without too great inconvenience have its
value ascertained and ~~remitted~~ it to me in
the same way in notes upon any solvent bank.
If you could you would very much oblige
Yours respectfully

J No Bassett
Stephensport
Ky.

Postscript. Suggest to send by Express or
by some person coming to
Phil^d if he wishes to avoid the ex-
pense.

November 30, 4.

Sir, I have received your letter of the 24th inst. The transaction you propose is irregular and contrary to our usual practice in receiving bullion and I am therefore compelled to decline it. I would suggest that you send your gold by Express, or if you wish to avoid the expense attending this mode of transmission, you can perhaps forward it by some person coming to Philadelphia, who can make the deposit & receive the proceeds for you.

I am, Very Respectfully,
Sam^l Robt Menden
Director

Wm L. H. Bassett,
Stephensport,
Ky.

U. S. Assay Office, Treasurer's Department.

New York, Novem 23 1854

Sir

On the 20th inst. I forwarded
per the "Adams Express Company", One parcel
containing four Specimen bars of gold bullion,
valued at Fourteen hundred and twenty five
dollars; the receipt of which I should
be pleased to have you acknowledge.

Very Respectfully

Saml O. Smith

Wm J. Allen
Treasurer

Adams Express Co.
Treasurer U.S. Mint
Philadelphia.

United States Assay Office.

New York, Nov. 23, 1854.

Sir,

In the regulations of Nov. 16th, I notice the following in regard to holidays "Such holidays will be allowed as are usual at the place where the Mint, Branch, or Assay Office, is situated."

Was it your intention to discontinue the practice of regarding the afternoon of Saturday as a holiday?

Very respectfully,

Yours obt. Servt.,

Saml. D. Puffer

Supt.

Hon. H. C. Rowden,
Director of the Mint,
Philadelphia.

P.S. I would suggest that Saturday afternoon be made a holiday, but that the Supt. be authorized to require the services of the workmen when necessary, without extra compensation.

S. F. P.

November 20th. 11

Sir,

I have received your letter of the 20th inst., accompanied with an explanatory letter from Prof. Hunt your letter & referred, and enclosing a letter to the Secretary of the Treasury. These letters I have transmitted to the Department and requested an approval of the alterations with a view to a more full supply of funds for the Metallurgical Department.

In respect to the letter from Prof. Hunt dated 10th inst. - placed in my hands by Mr. Cunningham, I have to state that it seems proper and was expected that Bernard Mudgett should be placed, as to compensation, on an equal footing with other workmen sent from here. Although originally employed in the coiners' Department, he was detached from thence and placed in the Deposit Melting room where he had been employed for several weeks as "help" before his transfer by our office.

I return herewith Prof. Hunt's letter.

Very respectfully,

Yours &c.

Samuel R. Snodgrass,

Director.

Sam. R. Snodgrass,

Superintendent of the Mint.



ADAMS & CO.'S OFFICES.

110 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia. 30 Broadway, New York.
104 Washington St., Boston. 104 Baltimore St., Baltimore.
Pennsylvania Avenue, Washington. 7 Fourteenth St., New York.
64 Front St., New York. 100 North 3rd St., Philadelphia.
18 Broad St., Charleston, S. C. Camp St., New Orleans.

ALVIN ADAMS, W. R. DINSMORE, E. S. SANFORD, AND S. M. SHOEMAKER.

Philadelphia

1854

RECEIVED from

Robt. Snowden Esq
Quinta U.S. Mint, one bag said to containing
Five thousand doll gold

Marked

Franklin Bank of Potago Co
Franklin Mills
this

which we agree to forward to _____ only,
and deliver to _____ Agent,

We not holding ourselves responsible for loss or damage of any package beyond the value
of Fifty Dollars, unless otherwise herein stated, and insured by mutual agreement.

For the Proprietors,

[Signature]

Crisp & Markley, Printers, Goldsmiths Hall, Library Street.

Nov. 11.

Dear Sir:

Amount of \$44.00, including
draft for \$2000. has been received, and
the proceeds handed to Adams & Co. for
transmission, in gold coin, as requested,
viz:

Double Eagles	\$1000
Eagle & Half	400

Very respectfully,
Yours &c.

Charles Peck, Esq.,
Cathier Franklin Bldg.
Portage Co., Ohio.

Samuel R. Franklin,
Director.

U. S. Assay Office, Treasurer's Department.

New York, *Nov 24* 1854

Sir

I am in receipt of your letter of the 18th inst. as also of Ten thousand Silver Dollars. for the "Adams Express Company", in payment of Treasury Draft No. . in my favor.

The amount charged as first payment, upon Treasury Draft for \$500,000. in your favor is \$100,181.27 according to your memorandums.

I have this day forwarded in the usual manner, for annexed statement and Adams & Co. receipt, agreeable to instructions, Four Specimen bars of gold bullion, valued at Fourteen hundred and twenty five 68/100 dollars. viz.

8.55	294.99	18.50	\$380.52
19.04	294.992	19.04	390.60
16.49	376.991	16.48	337.60
17.92	400.990	17.92	366.92
			1475.68
			7.39
			1468.29

Very Respectfully

Your Obedt Servt

Saml Sturgis Esq.

Treasr U S Mint

Philadelphia

John J. Clegg

Treasurer

Received New York, Nov 20, 1852,
of the Treas^r of US Pay Office New York, One
Parcel containing four specimen gold bars
valued at Fourteen hundred & twenty five
68/100 dollars, which we agree to deliver to
the Treas^r of the US Mint, Philadelphia.
we insuring against loss at \$1000.

The Adams Express Co
Per C. Lawrence

United States Assay Office.

New York, Nov 20 1854

Dr Sir, I enclose a letter for the
Sey Treas in relation to a defective
arrangement in the plumbing work at
this office. Let me beg you to obtain
the ~~ad~~ thing necessary as speedily as
possible -

Respy
Chas. T. Patterson
Supy

Recd
Jas Ross Snowden }
Directed to
Phil a }

(Copy)

November 1864

Sir

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 11th inst. in relation to the matter of the proposed alterations at the office of the Department.

In forwarding these matters to your consideration I have to remark that a full supply of copies is of the first importance in conducting the operations in the department of the matter proposed, and in the present state of the affairs it seems imperative that the alterations asked for should be effected.

I am, Sir, very respectfully,

Your obedient servant,

Wm. A. R. Mendenhall.

Director

Wm. A. R. Mendenhall
Director

(Copy.)

United States Assay Office.
New York, Nov. 20, 1854.

Sir,

I enclose a communication from the Moller & Refiner of this Office in relation to a supply of water; I am satisfied, upon an examination into the matter, that the alterations suggested by him are necessary and should be made as soon as possible.

With great respect,
Your obt. Servt.,

Saml. A. Butterworth,
Supt.

Honl. James Guthrie,
Secy. Treasry.

(Copy)

Melter & Refiner's Department
New York, Nov. 20th, 1854.

Sir

The practical operations of this department are much embarrassed in consequence of an insufficient supply of water. All the water now used in the whole establishment is obtained through an opening of 2 inches diameter connected with the meter. The meter used is the largest size supplied by the water company, but is not large enough to supply the amount of water which is capable of passing through the main pipe, which is 3 inches diameter.

To obtain a sufficient supply of water for the operations of refining, it is necessary to attach another meter of the same size as that now used, and supply the steam pump (which is necessarily kept constantly in use) by means of the necessary pipes, stop-cocks, &c., the cost of which including another meter will be about \$400, which is the lowest estimate from two parties.

Waiting authority to make the above named alterations,
I remain,

Yours obt. Serv^t

Edward A. Strong

Melter & Refiner

Sam^l. A. Bitterworth, Esq.,
Superintendent.

Notice:

*The Mint will be closed on Thursday next,
the 23d. inst., pursuant to the proclamation of the
Governor of the Commonwealth designating it to be
observed by the people, "as a day of Thanksgiving
and Praise."*

*Mint of the United States,
Philada. Nov'r. 20, 1854.*

*Samuel R. Snowden.
Director.*

Office of the Assistant Treasurer, U. S.

New York, Nov-18th 1854

Mr. Dan. J. Sturges.
Dea. U. S. Mint.

Sir

I have to acknowledge
the receipt of Fifty Thousand Dollars, in Silver
Coins, by "The Adams Express Co" in payment of
Draft, forwarded through them.

Very Respectfully
Your ob. Servant,
J. M. J. C. C.
Ass. Treas.

Received New York Nov 18. 1854
of the Treasurer of the U.S. Assay Office
New York. Five boxes of gold bullion, valued
at Two hundred & ninety five thousand, three
hundred & fifty eight $41/100$ dollars, which we
agree to deliver to the Treasurer of the U.S. Mint
Philadelphia at city for \$1,000.
we insuring against loss.

\$295,358.41

John H. Thomson
for The Adams Express Co.

U. S. Assay Office, Treasurer's Department.

New-York, *Novem. 18* 1854

Sir

I have this day forwarded by the "Adams Express Company". per their receipt and my statement enclosed, Five boxes of gold bullion, valued at Two Hundred and Ninety-five Thousand, Three Hundred and Fifty eight $41/100$ Dollars (\$295,358.41) as an additional payment upon Treasury Draft for \$500,000. in your favor.

Upon the arrival of the next steamer from California, I shall be enabled to transmit you the balance due on said draft.

Very Respectfully
Yours Ott. Sec.

Daniel Sturgeon Esq
Treasurer of U. S. Mint
Philadelphia.

Wm. F. Cisco
Treasurer

Post off Richmond Virg^a
Nov 18. 1854

Dr. Sir.

Be pleased to find Enclosed
Parcel No 4543 on Draft & Co of 160.
One Hundred and Sixty Dollars
for which be please to Cause to be forwarded
for the use of this Office at the earliest Prac-
ticable time, the value of \$100 in Cents and the
balance of 60¢ in Three Cent pieces.

Very Respectfully
for obt Sent.

Thos B. Biggs.

\$100 in Cents

60 in 3 Cent ps - put a key with

the Cents.

To the

Treasurer

of the U.S. Mint.

Philadelphia,

November 18th, 4.

Sir,

Your favor of 17th inst. requesting the letter of Mr. Tappan accompanying the specimen of Ore from Georgia, has been received.

I regret that it was omitted in putting up my report; please find it enclosed.

I am,

With great respects,

Yr. faithful Servt.

Samuel D. S. S. S.
Director.

Hon. James Guthrie,
Secretary of Treasury,
Washington City.

Nov: 17th

4

Sir,
I have to acknowledge your favor of the 15th inst. and to ^{be prepared} ~~reply~~ that the clerk in preparing the statement of mint operations for the last fiscal year omitted to include the branch at San Francisco. I have caused a connected statement to be prepared which is herewith enclosed. I also, as requested, transmit a statement exhibiting the deposits and coinage at all the mints from July 1st to the 30th of September last.

I will send copies of the general regulations which you have approved, to the several branches and the assay office for their observance; and I hope also to be able to give such further instructions, as to details, as will further tend to insure faithfulness and accuracy in their operations, and protect the public interests and that of the nation. I may here mention that there are some difficulties in the way of making a ~~general~~ statement of duties as applicable to all these institutions alike, from the fact of the diversity in the construction of the buildings appropriated to mint operations, and the want of uniformity in the arrangement of the rooms devoted to the various operations upon the bullion, and the situation and construction of the vaults of these establishments. Besides, there is a difference in their organization as relates to their officers, as for example,

Statement of the Deposits at the Mint U.S. and its Branches for 3rd Quarter of 1864

Statement of the Deposits at the Mint U.S. and its Branches for 3rd Quarter of 1864

GOLD DEPOSITS:

Description of Bullion:	Charlotte:	Dahlonega:	S. Francisco:	N. Orleans:	Philadelphia:	Totals:
Foreign coin:	.	.	.	3,400.90	.	3,400.90
Do. Bullion:	.	.	.	4768.20	2,9488.00	114,758.20
Secoin:	.	.	.	.	84.57	.
2. Bullion:	29,788.86	65,189.47	4,686,644.69	7,5397.89	94,689,67.90	14,225,968.81
Total Gold Deposits:	29,788.86	65,189.47	4,686,644.69	80,561.99	94,689,67.90	14,225,968.81

SILVER DEPOSITS:

Imports & Purchases:	.	.	.	24,622.81	780,656.44	1,005,278.95
S. Bullion:	.	.	.	349.81	64,228.60	64,578.41
Total Silver Deposits:	.	.	.	24,972.62	844,885.04	1,069,857.36
Total Deposits:	29,788.86	65,189.47	4,686,644.69	80,561.99	10,122,819.84	15,415,971.97

* This item includes Foreign Coin.

Mint of the United States:
Nov 27th 1864.

Samuel H. Rippey
Director.

Total Coinage

Statement exhibiting the Coinage at the Mint U. S. and its Branches for the 3rd Quarter of 1854.

Denomination: *Charlotte: Dahlonega: S. Francisco: N. Orleans: Philadelphia: Totals:

GOLD COINAGE

	Pieces.	Value.	Pieces.	Value.	Pieces.	Value.	Pieces.	Value.	Pieces.	Value.	Pieces.	Value.
Double Eagles:					70,500	1,410,000.			167,699	3,353,980.	238,199	4,763,960.
Eagles:					75,600	756,000.	8,800	88,000.	17,666	176,660.	101,966	1,019,660.
Half Eagles:	3829	19,145.	12,439	62,195.					77,548	387,740.	93,816	469,080.
Three Dollars:			1,129	3380.			13,000	39,000.			14,120	42,360.
Quarter Eagles:							8,000	20,000.	113,070	357,675.	151,070	377,675.
Dollars:			2,935	2,935.	12,200	12,200.			200,798	200,798.	215,928	215,928.
Fine Stamped Bars:									1,960	6,529,667.	1,960	6,529,667.
Impaired Bars:					834	19,607.62.					834	19,607.62.
Total Gold Coinage:	3829	19,145.	16,494	68,190.	159,334	1,410,000.	29,800	144,000.	608,766	11,006,715.	817,913	15,879,312.

SILVER COINAGE

Dollars:												
Half Dollars:							1,682,000	791,000.	80,000	40,000.	1,662,000	831,000.
Quarter Dollars:							356,000	89,000.	2,848,000	712,000.	3,204,000	801,000.
Dimes:									880,000	88,000.	880,000	88,000.
Half Dimes:							720,000	36,000.			720,000	36,000.
Total Silver Coinage:							2,658,000	916,000.	3,808,000	840,000.	6,466,000	1,756,000.

COPPER COINAGE

Cents:									700,400	7,004.	700,400	7,004.
Half Cents:												
Total Copper Coinage:									700,400	7,004.	700,400	7,004.

*No Coinage in July: Total Coinage:

Pieces: 7,984,313 Value: 17,142,316.00

Mint of the United States: - Novr. 17th. 1854. Same Rep. November

TABLE FOR:

*Statement, exhibiting the Deposits at the Mint U.S. and its Branches for the
fiscal year ending 30th June, 1857.*

	Charlotte:	Danlonega:	S. Francisco:	N Orleans:	Philadelphia:	Total:
<u>Gold:</u>						
U.S. Coins: <i>o.s.</i> \$					10,625.00	10,625.00
Foreign Coins:				126,572.00	652,116.00	778,688.00
U.S. Bullion:	241,313.75	352,683.16	4,032,827.12	1,516,804.00	441,224,959.00	50,368,587.03
Foreign Bullion:						
<u>Total Gold:</u>	241,313.75	352,683.16	4,032,827.12	1,643,376.00	441,235,584.00	51,728,146.03
<u>Silver:</u>						
Deposits & Purches:				4,330,396.00	5,263,786.00	9,594,182.00
U.S. Bullion:				9269.00	313,833.00	323,102.00
<u>Total Silver:</u>				4,339,665.00	5,577,619.00	9,917,284.00
<u>Total Gold & Silver:</u>	241,313.75	352,683.16	4,032,827.12	6,073,065.00	50,991,125.00	61,645,432.03

Statement exhibiting the Coinage at the Mint U.S. and its Branches for the fiscal year ending 30th June 1854.

Denomination. Charlotte. Dartonaga. *S. Francisco. New Orleans. Philadelphia. Totals.

GOLD COINAGE:

	Pieces.	Value.	Pieces.	Value.	Pieces.	Value.	Pieces.	Value.	Pieces.	Value.	Pieces.	Value.
Double Eagles:	.	.	.	.	14,816	396,360.	17,800	230,000.	882,142	17,649,840.	6,2460	15,259,200.
Eagles:	.	.	.	.	43,026	460,260.	88,000	880,000.	142,106	1,421,060.	278,132	2,781,320.
Half Eagles:	48,622	1,215,550.	66,660	334,800.	268	1,340.	46,000	230,000.	214,323	1,071,615.	373,073	1,865,365.
Three Dollars:	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	115,578	347,634.	116,876	347,634.
Quarter Dollars:	7,295	1,823,750.	3,806	9515.	246	615.	18,000	330,000.	932,696	2,331,740.	107,604	2,669,107.60
Dollars:	.	.	4935	4935.	2430	2,430.	58,000	58,000.	2,534,653	2,534,653.	2,596,420	2,596,420.
Five Starred Bars:	.	.	.	.	.	5862.51	.	.	5,555	20,241,430.26	5555	20,241,430.26
Copper Bars:	.	.	.	.	.	225,717.59	.	.	.	.	.	.
Total Gold Coinage:	52,917	2,265,110.	75,701	344,950.	68,766	3,012,587.10	33,800	1,725,000.	4,826,753	15,590,842.26	5,888,561	59,230,768.66

SILVER COINAGE:

	Pieces.	Value.	Pieces.	Value.	Pieces.	Value.	Pieces.	Value.	Pieces.	Value.
Dollars:	40,250	40,250.	40,250	40,250.
Half Dollars:	47,947.00	23,973.50.	83,670	41,835.00.
Quarter Dollars:	20,172.000	5,043,000.	21,376.000	5,344,000.
Dimes:	11,785.000	1,178,500.	11,218.000	1,121,800.
Half Dimes:	3,011.000	15,055.000.	18,500.000	92,500.000.
Twences:	400.000	12,000.	400.000	12,000.
Total Silver Coinage:	11,077.000	2,562,000.	52,654.000	946,440.000.

COPPER COINAGE:

	Pieces.	Value.	Pieces.	Value.	Pieces.	Value.
Cents:	72,077.88	72,077.88
Half Cents:	62.36	462.36
Total Copper Coinage:	7300.260	72,540.24

Total Coinage:

* Operations commenced April 3 1854.

Mint of the United States: Novr 1854.

Saml R. Snowden
Director.

17th 1854

Treasury Department
Nov. 17. 1854.

Sir

I have received your report on the specimen of ore received from Georgia and will thank you to return to the Department the letter from the party which accompanied the ore in order that he may be furnished with a copy of the report.

I am very Respd
Yours truly
Sec Treasury.

J. Rob Snowden &
Direct Minn.
Thilac.

U.S. MINT GENERAL CORRESPONDENCE 1854/NOVEMBER



Mint of the United States, Philad.^a Nov. 1. 1856

Dear Sir

In reporting the condition of the department under my immediate official supervision, for the past month; I have the satisfaction to inform you, that the persons employed in the department of the Engraver, have attended with fidelity to the work and duty respectively devolving on them, agreeably to the established regulations.

Having had occasion to speak of the want of a place (a closet or safe) for the safe keeping of those dies that are made or in process of making, and not delivered for coining as yet; I beg leave to repeat in writing, the reasons for such an addition to the furniture of the die-room. While I have every confidence in the fidelity and trustworthiness of the persons now employed therein: I still doubt the propriety of leaving materials so capable of per-
secution or misapplication, so much exposed as has hitherto been the case. The disparagement to the character of the Mint that might result from the casual or dishonest abstraction of any portion of the materials to which I refer, will upon reflection, I think be apparent: and although no disadvantage has yet accrued, we have sufficient cause not to trust too far to past experience for our safety.

J. R. Snowden Esq.^r }
Director

Very Respectfully Your
Most ob.^t Serv.^t &c
James B. Longacre
Engraver

Mint of the United States,

Philadelphia, November 1st 1854.

Sir,

The Doorkeepers, Messengers, Conductors and Watchmen having been placed under my charge, in subordination to the Director, with instructions to make a monthly report as to the attendance and fidelity of these employes, I have to state that the persons employed in the above named capacities, have been in regular attendance during the past month and have been faithful in the discharge of the duties you have prescribed for them.

Mr. L. L. Parker one of the conductors, was excused from attendance for a few days on account of illness.

Mr. Jacob Walter (one of the Watchmen) is reported by the Capt. of the night watch to have been three quarters of an hour behind the regular time of attendance ^{on the night of the 20th ult.} but the explanation given by Mr. Walter for this absence is deemed satisfactory.

During the past month the conduct of the Watchmen (who have charge of the building during the night) has been particularly observed

and I have further to report that
the important duty confided to them
has been discharged with fidelity
and care.

Very Respectfully,

Your Obedient Servant,

A. W. Sinderman

Director Genl

Hon. James Ross Snowden,
Director of the Mint.

City
Mint of the United States,

Philadelphia, Nov 1. 1854

Dear Sir,

I have the pleasure to send
you the three gold medals which I
have caused to be struck at the
Mint at the Request of the Committee
Representing the Councils of this City.

I trust you will find them ex-
ecuted in a manner suited to the liberality
of the City of Philad.^a in thus publicly
expressing its appreciation of gallant services
rendered in saving the lives of the
happens from the rocks of the
San Francisco.

I am, with great respect
Yours at least,

James I. Brownell Esq. S. R. Vincent
Chairman, Committee Director
on Medals,
City Councils.

had been prepared in the ordinary form
of the month. November 1st
I made yesterday the monthly examination
required by the instructions from the Department.
The following statement exhibits the amount of coin
in the vaults of the Treasury of the Mint at the
close of the business of that day, corresponding
with the balance as stated in the books of the
institution, viz:

Gold \$1,441,063.56
Silver 740,017.60
Ordinary 3,067.83
Total \$2,184,149.99.

Also in the Office of the Assistant Treasurer of the
U. States, including monies both paid and received, interest on
U. States debt and monies due certain Officers of the
U. States in deposit here:

Gold & Silver \$1,000,964.94.

Corresponding with the balances as stated
in the books of that Office.

In pursuance of your instructions I
caused a sale to be made of the old and
useless machinery and implements of the
Mint. The sale amounted to \$1,418.98, which

had been placed in the ordinary fund
of the Mint.

In consequence of the diminished supply
of bullion I have found it necessary to reduce
the operative force of the Mint. In the Melting
and Refining department I have dispensed
with seven hands annual in the coining department
~~three~~. I regret that this necessity is forced
upon me, but as regarded to the public interests
required that such a reduction should
take place.

The force retained will be found sufficient
for the work we shall be called on to perform,
which will of course be less than was heretofore
performed in view of the operations of the
Branch Mint at San Francisco and the
Assay Office at New York.

I have the honor to be,

With great respect,

Your faithful servant,

James W. Pape

Director

Hon. James Guthrie,
Sec. of the Treasury,
Washington City

November 1, 4.

Sir,
I have received your letter of the
30th ult. with the enclosure as stated.

In preparing Monthly and other reports
for transmission to the Department exhibiting
the operations of the Mint and its Branches,
it has been customary to make the following
distinction in describing the Bullion deposited,
viz:

Gold Foreign Coin
" Bullion
U.S. Coin (G.S.)
U.S. Bullion.

Silver

Deposits
U.S. Bullion (partially to be deposited).

As I wish to incorporate your statement
of operations with the reports above referred
to, you will please make such modifications
in the form of the monthly statement you have
presented, as will hereafter exhibit the descrip-
tion of deposits as above and also present such
modified statement for the month of October.

J. F. Butterworth Esq
Care of Mr. [unclear]

L. B. S.

November 1st 4,

Sir, The bill of Ann & Diergie returned by
you for her signature is^t herewith enclosed
duly receipted.

I am, Sir, Very Respectfully
Yours P^{ro}p^{er} Menden
Loriston

Saml^r T^r Bullenworth, Esq.
Supt Assay Office,
N^y York.

Wash Nov 1st 1833

Dear Sir,

In reply to the Sec^y's letter of the 30th ult, in relation to the
seignorage on the cent coin, I may state that some ten to fifteen
years since, the Mint received the copper Planchelets from the
manufacturers at 28 cents per lb, and returned them coined at 41 $\frac{1}{2}$ cts
per lb making a seignorage of 48 $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent

Latterly the price paid was 30 cts and the
price charged the same as before viz 41 $\frac{1}{2}$ cents. making the seignorage
38 $\frac{1}{2}$ per ct. I have as yet no specific proposition to make in relation
to the seignorage on the new coin, but I think it might safely be from
33 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 40. per ct.

I am not yet satisfied in regard to the proportions of
metal in the proposed alloy, but am in correspondence with
manufacturers. I am receiving occasional samples of different alloys
which will be tested as to their adaptation to coinage, I would much
prefer being allowed time for testing a large number of alloys, in order
that we may exhibit the best to the public without subsequent alter-
ation,

L R Snodden Esq
Director
U S Mint

L B. Booth
M & H
W & M

U. S. Mint

Office of Melter & Refiner

Nov. 1. 1854

Dear Sir

I herewith respectfully report, that a more strict regard has been paid to the attendance of workmen in my department of the Mint, since the 1st Oct., in conformity with your instructions. The number of my hands, including foremen, was 35 during the month, 7 of whom have been discharged in consequence of the diminution of business in the Mint. Since some of those discharged are superior in skill & industry & fidelity, I have given them certificates to that effect & stated the cause of their dismissal; & if the public service should warrant it, I hope that the best of them may be recalled at some future time. The number remaining is barely sufficient for the present & prospective work of this dept of the Mint.

The attendance of the men was somewhat irregular at the commencement of the month, but the knowledge that their delinquencies might be reported, & that strict regard to orders issuing from you through me is to be considered as essential to their holding their position, have had a beneficial effect in producing more regularity & subordination. But one man absented himself for a day without apology or permission. Should this be repeated I shall report it to you.

J. R. Snowden Esq
Director, U. S. M.

Very truly yours
J. G. Booth
Melter & Refiner

U. S. Assay Office,
New York, Nov. 2, 1854.

Sir,

We propose to send you
imported bullion to an amount
equal to our payments in coin.
This includes the deposits for
coinage and also the fractional
amounts paid in coin on de-
posits made for bars.

As the calculation of the
October deposits will be com-
pleted to-morrow, we will
delay our first remittance till
that time, & will send the
whole amount at once.

Very respectfully

Yours obt. servt.,
Saml F. Patterson
Supt.

Hon. J. R. Newton, }
Director of Mint }



Copy

U.S. Assay Office

New York Nov 3rd 1834.

Saml F. Buttenworth Esq.

Supt. U.S. Assay Office

Sir,

In the law establishing the offices of Assistant Assayer and Assistant Melter & Refiner, they were ranked next to the chief officers, and while their salaries were fixed 25 per cent below that of those officers, they were in an equal proportion placed above that of the highest clerk. The officers of the U.S. Assay Office were allowed a higher compensation than officers of the same grade at the Mint in Philadelphia; such an increase in pay being necessary to meet the increased cost of living here. The clerks, workmen & all employed in this office enjoy this advantage, the only exceptions being the Asst. Melter & Refiner and the Asst. Assayer. They are not only excluded from this benefit, but are superseded in their official position, by the increase of salary which has been given to those officers who.

originally underrated them. We repudiate
any intention to draw invidious comparisons,
but as our duties are no less responsible
and onerous than originally aspertained to
the officers, and as no deductions in the
expenses of living are made in our special
behalf, we appeal to you whether we should
thus be passed over, and if we have not a
just claim to what we ask - a restitution to
our proper official position with corresponding
increase of our salaries.

We most respectfully submit our
claims to you for consideration and solicit
such action in the premises as shall best
realize our desire.

We have the honor to be,

Yr ovt Servts

(Sign)

Andrew Mason

Asst Assayer

Clarence Morfit

Asst Melt & Refine

United States Assay Office.

New York, Dec 8 1854

Sir

I enclose a communication from the
Asst Assayer and Asst Melt & Refiner of this
Office setting forth various reasons why their
salaries should be increased, they complain
also that they are "superceded in their official
positions". You will oblige me if you will
lay this letter before the Secy of the Treasury
accompanied by such suggestions as you
may think proper. I am satisfied that their
salaries should be increased and as that can
be done only by the action of Congress upon
the request of the Secy of the Treasury I hope
you will give the matter early attention

I am with great respect

Yours vlt Servt

Saml F. Butterworth
Supt.

Recd

H. R. Snowden

Director

Mr. Froome on Wednesday will be in

N.Y.

United States Assay Office

New York, Nov. 3, 1854.

Sir,

I have to call attention to the following:

1. The weigh clerk reports that the large scale needs some attention from Mr. Froome. It turns so very slowly that a great deal of time is lost in weighing. On examining the knife-edge we find that it has not a continuous bearing. Either the knife-edge or the agate is concave, so that the bearing is at the extremities. Whether this causes the difficulty I know not.

2. I enclose check for \$32.50 to pay
Am. Frozier 19.50
Abr. Miller 13. 19.50
which please pay when called for.

I will make arrangements in a few days to pay off some more of the Philad^a. bills, those of the Mint included. — No receipts need be taken from the above parties. Abr. Miller is advised to call on you.

3. Our stock of Silver dollars is exhausted. Parties will insist on making deposits, even though fully informed that they would do better to send their silver to the Mint & sell it at \$1.22½ per ounce. Mr. Ciss says he needs at least \$10,000 in silver dollars.

4. The locked pans sent from Phila. are of no use to us and it is needless to send more. Owing to the construction of our buildings, (the Weigh room being in a different building & on a different floor from the Melting room & Vault,) we find it impossible to transport so great a weight as a chest of these pans. In addition to this the pans work so stiffly that the grains are spilled in the effort to open them; and finally they afford no security, as by beginning at the bottom they can be opened without a key. We have had a quantity of copper lined boxes fitted with covers & spring locks. These answer a much better purpose.

Very respectfully,

Wm. H. Snowden,
Director of the Mint.

Saml. F. Patterson
Supt.

P.S. Yours of the 1st. respecting form of report will receive immediate attention. G. F. D.

From To November 4th 4

Sir,

I have your favor of yesterday. I have called the attention of Mr. Freeman to the remarks you make in reference to the large balance in the weight room. He will go over to your city on Wednesday and make an examination of it and correct any defects which may appear.

The check for \$32 ⁵⁰/₁₀₀ enclosed to me will be applied as requested. There are some further bills due the Mint from your office, - for porcelain pots &c. to which I have signed checks as made out and forwarded to you.

I am sorry to learn that the locked pans are not satisfactory. If pans, when used as a nest covered with the objection you speak of as to the weight be in great part removed? It was certainly not intended that they should be removed from the bottom without the keys. The samples I have in my office are not liable to that objection. As to their working stiffly, I suppose that would be removed by use. But as you regard the cups and boxes with covers and the spring locks as more secure and convenient in view of the delicate situation of the ^{weight room} deposit room and vault, I will omit to send you any more of the pans, and will rely upon your own arrangement for the security of the bottom and the permanent disposition of the deposits.

I will consider the subject of supplying you with silver
dollars, and will perhaps be able to say something ^{more} definite on
Monday or Tuesday next. I believe I have already expressed
the idea to you that it seems impolitic to strike a coin
which is no longer used in circulation, and that we
should discourage such demands as much as we
can. But I am anxious to oblige you and will
re-examine the subject.

I am, Sir, Respectfully

James R. Snowden,
Director.

Saml J. Buttnerth Esq,
Supt. Army Office,
New York.

P.S. I think it will be convenient for
us to furnish you, in the melting & refining
department, with one or two or perhaps
three, experienced hands if you desire them.
I may say to you that I have already seen
what reduces the price employees and think
perhaps makes for the reduction. If you
need any workmen I will be glad to
send them.

J. R. S.

United States Assay Office.

New York, ~~Nov 4~~ 1854

Sir,

You will oblige me if you will
obtain the consent of the Secy of the Treasury
for the employment of Mr. C. De Forest at
this office for the purpose of calculating
stamping fine bars at the same compensation
which he has heretofore received at the Mint for
like service.

Respy
Saml. F. Plattinuth
Supt.

Wm. J. R. Snodden
Director

Racine County Bank.

Racine, Wis. Nov 6th 1854

To James R. Snowden Esq
Director of the

Dear Sir:

I have received your letter
of the inst. with enclosures as stated.

Enclosed please find for collection and my accounts, bills
as stated below.

I am, very respectfully,

Your ob^l serv^t.

Geo. Northrop Esq

My Dft to

Please return me silver, $\frac{1}{4}$ Dols.

Dimes — \$150, $\frac{1}{2}$ Dime 100

3 Cts. say about

by express &c

\$1000

700 — 100 $\frac{1}{4}$

250 — 100 $\frac{1}{4}$

50. 200 $\frac{1}{4}$

Mint of the United States.
Phil^a Nov. 8. 1853.

It is directed that in making
out the warrants and paying the
same, the value of the silver contained
in the gold shall be included
in the value of the gold, and paid
as such. The memorandums shall
state as heretofore the value of
the silver paid for the benefit of the
depositor. Saml R. Snowden
Director.

P.S. The silver will be calculated
at 1.21 cents per oz. standard
fine.

Nov. 8th 4

Sir,
I have been disappointed in
not receiving the biller which you
stated was to be sent in past payment
of the draft for \$500,000.

In regard to the mode of
transportation I have to say that in
consultation with the authority here, you
please to send the biller by Adams
Co. Express, I have this morning received
a letter from the Sec. of the Treasury,
in which he states, "I have to say
that it is deemed advisable to continue
the employment of Messrs Adams & Co. in
transporting specie."

I trust you will regard this authority
as sufficient on this point.

I remain, Sir, very
respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
J. M. Smith

The following is a list of the
names of the persons who have
been made up of the committee
the day after the 1st.

with the name of the
Persons who are under
consideration.

Sam. W. H. H. H. H.
Capt. H. H. H.
New York.

No. 2 and 3 are the
for the employment of the
person at your office.

November 8, 4.

Sir,

In reply to your letter of the 3^d inst. I have to state that to obviate the inconvenience experienced by Storekeepers and others in your City for want of "Silver Change", we will with great pleasure send silver coin in exchange for gold in any amount and in mixed denominations. ^{of the same} The gold coin desired to be exchanged may be sent to the Mint by any of the Express Co's, and silver coins as above will be returned by the same means.

I send you a copy of my last Annual Report to the President of the U. States, in which you will find my opinion on the subject of issuing small bills by our Banks.

I am, very Respectfully,
Saml. R. Knickerbocker.
Director.

Wm. Thompson,
New York City

EAST AND WEST INDIA DOCK COMPANY.

Western Dock.—Warehouse No. *11*
9 day of *November* 18*54*
Order No. List No.

12 Weighed ~~and~~ *after* *Bull's* *70* *lbs* of *Long* *and* *Short* *Put*
To the Order of
Per *Anna* Captⁿ *Esper*
From *Philadelphia* Rotⁿ. No. *54*
2940

Mark and Number.	Weight.			Mark and Number.	Weight.		
	Cwt.	qrs.	lbs.		Cwt.	qrs.	lbs.
<i>CFS</i>	<i>CFS</i>				<i>True</i>		
<i>1</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>.</i>	<i>18</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>22</i>	
<i>2</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>10</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>14</i>	
<i>3</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>.</i>	<i>5</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>15</i>	
<i>4</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>.</i>	<i>24</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>26</i>	
<i>5</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>.</i>	<i>14</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>20</i>	
<i>6</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>.</i>	<i>18</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>25</i>	
<i>7</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>.</i>	<i>13</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>18</i>	
<i>8</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>17</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>22</i>	
<i>9</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>5</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>19</i>	
<i>10</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>.</i>	<i>18</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>19</i>	
<i>10</i>	<i>30</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>23</i>		<i>4</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>4</i>
<i>11</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>.</i>	<i>20</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>22</i>	
<i>2</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>2</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>16</i>	
<i>3</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>18</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>23</i>	
<i>4</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>.</i>	<i>16</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>22</i>	
<i>5</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>9</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>22</i>	
<i>6</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>4</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>25</i>	
<i>7</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>7</i>		<i>2</i>	<i>1</i>	
<i>8</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>.</i>	<i>17</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>25</i>	
<i>9</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>.</i>	<i>18</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>13</i>	
<i>10</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>3</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>23</i>	
<i>10</i>	<i>32</i>	<i>.</i>	<i>23</i>		<i>4</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>24</i>
<i>20</i>	<i>65</i>	<i>.</i>	<i>18</i>		<i>8</i>	<i>3</i>	

Foreman.
Examined Clerk.

EAST AND WEST INDIA DOCK COMPANY.

Mutiny Dock.—Warehouse No. *44*
9 day of *November* 18*84*

Order No. List No.

Weighed and *70 Bells* of *Snuff* *British*
To the Order of
Per *James* Capt. *Carl?*
From Rot. No. *54*

Mark and Number.	Weight.			Mark and Number.	Weight.		
	Cwt.	qrs.	lbs.		Cwt.	qrs.	lbs.
<i>ES</i>	<i>Co. 0.5</i>				<i>None</i>		
<i>21</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>14</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>18</i>	
<i>2</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>2</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>17</i>	
<i>3</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>26</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>22</i>	
<i>4</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>23</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>17</i>	
<i>5</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>5</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>18</i>	
<i>6</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>7</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>19</i>	
<i>7</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>1</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>21</i>	
<i>8</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>22</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>21</i>	
<i>9</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>15</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>15</i>	
<i>30</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>8</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>18</i>	
<i>10</i>	<i>31</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>11</i>		<i>4</i>	<i>18</i>	
<i>31</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>16</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>18</i>	
<i>2</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>9</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>6</i>	
<i>3</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>26</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>21</i>	
<i>4</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>25</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>24</i>	
<i>5</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>5</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>19</i>	
<i>6</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>3</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>15</i>	
<i>7</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>12</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>21</i>	
<i>8</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>1</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>24</i>	
<i>9</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>5</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>20</i>	
<i>40</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>8</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>16</i>	
<i>11</i>	<i>30</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>25</i>		<i>4</i>	<i>16</i>	
<i>20</i>	<i>62</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>9</i>		<i>8</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>6</i>
<i>20</i>	<i>63</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>18</i>		<i>8</i>	<i>3</i>	
<i>49</i>	<i>125</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>27</i>		<i>17</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>6</i>

Foreman.

Examined Clerk.

EAST AND WEST INDIA DOCK COMPANY.

Mustang Dock.—Warehouse No. *11*

7 day of *Sept* 18*54*

Order No.

List No.

Weighed and *70 Bbls* of *Crude Oil*

To the Order of

Per *Anna* Capt.

From Rot. No. *54*

Mark and Number.	Weight.			Mark and Number.	Weight.		
	Cwt.	qrs.	lbs.		Cwt.	qrs.	lbs.

<i>CF 5</i>	<i>CF 55</i>				<i>CF 5</i>		
<i>41</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>15</i>			<i>1</i>	<i>22</i>	
<i>2</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>3</i>		<i>2</i>	<i>1</i>	
<i>3</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>24</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>18</i>	
<i>4</i>	<i>3</i>		<i>2</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>24</i>	
<i>5</i>	<i>3</i>		<i>3</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>25</i>	
<i>6</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>18</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>18</i>	
<i>7</i>	<i>3</i>		<i>4</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>25</i>	
<i>8</i>	<i>3</i>		<i>12</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>21</i>	
<i>9</i>	<i>3</i>		<i>21</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>23</i>	
<i>10</i>	<i>3</i>		<i>1</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>18</i>	
<i>10</i>	<i>30</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>22</i>		<i>4</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>27</i>
<i>57</i>	<i>3</i>		<i>3</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>20</i>	
<i>2</i>	<i>3</i>		<i>4</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>21</i>	
<i>3</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>25</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>18</i>	
<i>4</i>	<i>3</i>		<i>15</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>21</i>	
<i>5</i>	<i>3</i>		<i>16</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>24</i>	
<i>6</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>2</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>21</i>	
<i>7</i>	<i>3</i>		<i>14</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>20</i>	
<i>8</i>	<i>3</i>		<i>25</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>25</i>	
<i>9</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>2</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>24</i>	
<i>10</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>1</i>			<i>1</i>	<i>21</i>	
<i>10</i>	<i>31</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>22</i>		<i>4</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>19</i>
<i>20</i>	<i>62</i>		<i>16</i>		<i>8</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>18</i>
<i>40</i>	<i>125</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>24</i>		<i>17</i>		<i>6</i>
<i>60</i>	<i>187</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>15</i>		<i>25</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>24</i>

Foreman.

Examined

Clerk.

EAST AND WEST INDIA DOCK COMPANY.

Western Dock. — Warehouse No. *11*

9 day of *June* 185*4*

Order No.

List No.

Weighed and *70 Bbls* of *Imp. Mustine*

To the Order of

Per *Anna* Capt.

From Rot. No. *54*

Mark and Number.	Weight.			Mark and Number.	Weight.		
	Cwt.	qrs.	lbs.		Cwt.	qrs.	lbs.

<i>Gross</i>				<i>Net</i>			
<i>61</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>.</i>	<i>21</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>.</i>	<i>20</i>	
<i>2</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>7</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>.</i>	<i>17</i>	
<i>3</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>.</i>	<i>21</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>.</i>	<i>21</i>	
<i>4</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>.</i>	<i>24</i>	
<i>5</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>.</i>	<i>17</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>.</i>	<i>20</i>	
<i>6</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>.</i>	<i>8</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>.</i>	<i>18</i>	
<i>7</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>.</i>	<i>21</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>.</i>	<i>18</i>	
<i>8</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>.</i>	<i>16</i>	
<i>9</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>16</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>.</i>	<i>17</i>	
<i>70</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>.</i>	<i>27</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>.</i>	<i>20</i>	
<i>10</i>	<i>32</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>4</i>	<i>.</i>	<i>23</i>	
<i>60</i>	<i>187</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>15</i>	<i>25</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>24</i>	
<i>70220</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>.</i>	<i>17</i>	<i>30</i>	<i>.</i>	<i>19</i>	

Examined

Thos. Jones
Clerk.

Sir,

I hold a Ground Rent of the year 1803, payable in Sp. Pistols, and which I should therefore be obliged to you, if you would annex their value as determined at the Mint - and return it back to me, per Mr. Dods, his patch, with your appreciation annexed hereto -

The reading of the Deed is, -
"On a Yearly rent charge of twelve Spanish Pistols, of fine gold, each weighing 4 penny weight, & 6 grains, or so much lawful money of Penn^a. as shall be sufficient to purchase the same."

Yrs very respectfully

John L. Watson
Treas^r of Rail Road co. of Greenfield
Philad. Nov 17/54

of 1803, of full weight,
3.90 at the mint; but
in the deed, 4 dwt. 6 grs.
what worn by circulation,
equal in our states;
I be worth \$3.82.

A Spanish pistole of 1803, of full weight,
would now yield \$3.90 at the mint; but
the weight specified in the deed, 4 dwt. 6 grs.
implies a piece somewhat worn by circulation,
such as was then usual in our states;
such a piece would be worth \$3.82.

Treasury Department
Nov. 5. 1854.

Sir

In reply to yours of the 1st
instant which was duly received I have to
say, that, under all the circumstances it is
deemed advisable to continue the employment
of Messrs. Adams & Co. in transporting specie
for the Department.

You will be pleased to
take the security as proposed in such a sum
as you may deem proper.

I am very Resp^{tly}
Yours
Sec^y of the Treasury

J. R. Snowden Esq
Director of the Mint
Philad^a.

Nov. 16. th

4

Sir, I have your letter of the 14th inst with the
enclosures stated. I have to request that you will
present plans and an estimate of the probable ex-
pense which may be incurred in remedying the in-
conveniences presented by Messrs Coseo and Kent. When
these are received I will present the subject to the
Treasury Department. I would suggest that it is
advisable to postpone any attention in the basement
hall or other change in the structure of the building
until the approval of the Department is obtained.

I am, very Respectfully
James Ross Snowden
Director.

Saml H. Butcher & Co.
Supt. of Pa. Office
New York.

P.S. David Corbett will report himself
to me for duty on Monday next.

Nov. 16.th 4

Sir,

I have prepared, with the approbation of the Secretary of the Treasury, General regulations for the Mint, its branches and the assay office. A copy of which I herewith send you, and have to request that you will cause them to be observed and enforced in your institutions.

These regulations are not intended to exclude the adoption of such further orders and securities in respect to the Custody of the precious metals and the operations of the assay office, as your experience may suggest, or such as the peculiar arrangement of your office may render necessary. On the contrary I recommend the adoption of such further regulations as may, in your judgment, tend to insure faithfulness and accuracy in the operations of your office, and guard the public interests - embracing also that of each depositor - committed to your Superintending charge.

I am very Respectfully,

Saml. H. Butterworth Esq.
Supt. Assay Office
New York.

Saml. R. Cherriden
Director.

Treasury Department

November 16th 1854 -

Sir - Your letter of the 11th Inst, was duly received. A difficulty arises in the payment of the bill of Messrs Maher & Landis, from the fact that there is to the credit of the Appropriation for the incidental and contingent expenses of the Branch Mint at San Francisco, a balance of less than \$4,000.

The only mode which suggests itself to the Department, by which the account can be settled is, to authorize the payment of the amount from the contingent funds of the Mint proper, for the present, to be restored to that appropriation, at some future period.

If therefore you see no objection to this course, you are authorized to cause the amount to be paid to Messrs Maher & Landis from that appropriation.

I return herewith the papers received, with your letter above referred to -

J. Rep Snowden Esq
Director of the Mint
Philadelphia -

I am

Very Respectfully
James Buchanan
Secretary of the Treasury

Number 16 4

I have received your favor of the 14th inst,
and the box containing a specimen of ore from
near the bridge of Lane's Canal to be examined by
me. It has many special characteristics of
which it is unusually rich in this State (Penn.)
and known as the Tropic Iron Ore. It is
a very rich ore of iron, and contains
a very small amount of lime, often carries a little
about amount of iron ore fluxing. During some
a stratified ore of tolerably uniform thickness
in quantity can be calculated under a given
surface of ground. Different beds are usually
found in the same rock formation. Some are
in iron, others in limestone. The specimens sent
are of Reddish quality. It is scarcely necessary
to add that they are entirely free from the preceding
metals.

I have the honor to be
with great respect,
your faithful servant,

James R. Buchanan
Director.

Hon. James Guthrie
Sec. of the Treasury
Washington City.

Treasury Department

Nov 15 1874

Sir

I have duly received your letter of the 14th instant, with its enclosure the table of coinage, I herewith return, as I do not find in it any notice of the coinage at San Francisco. Please correct this omission if you have the means and again transmit the statement.

I have offered my approval to the regulations prepared by you and you will therefore transmit copies for the observance of the assay office and Branch Mints.

I am bound to say however in doing so that the regulations are ^{in my opinion} defective in several particulars

Sincerely Respy

James Snowden Esq. ^{Chief} Inspector of the San Francisco Mint

P.S. Please bring the coinage statement down to 30 Sept.

$\frac{1}{2}$
ampl. 1743
R 169.78

$\frac{1}{2}$
4/69.72
1743

$\frac{1}{2}$
4/69.00
1743

$\frac{1}{2}$
1743
69.72

Mint of the U. S. Philad. Nov.

Dear Sir

In conformity with a suggestion from yourself, I desire to submit some views in relation to that branch of the public service, which is placed under my peculiar supervision as Engraver of the Mint.

The duty assigned by law to my office is the "preparation and engraving of all the dies, with the legal devices and inscriptions used in the coinage" &c. In the apportionment of this duty according to its proper and obvious responsibilities, it affords me pleasure to believe that your views concur entirely with my own: and this assurance has made me ambitious so to regulate the operations required, as to give the greatest efficiency, and to introduce every improvement of which this department can be fairly regarded as susceptible.

In this connection I have felt that the preparation and finish of the working dies, required a closer and more constant supervision than I was able to give under the position assigned me, as determined by other duties.

It would be of advantage to the appearance of the coinage in my view, if the dies could be finished under the inspection generally of one possessed of sufficient skill as an engraver to see and decide that no detriment to their artistic character should be sustained in the grinding and polishing, required to fit them for the coining press. Heretofore there has been no person attached to my department, or to the mint, qual-

ified, officially or practically, to whom I could have entrusted such a charge, even if I had been authorised or instructed so to do.

The laws governing the Mint, provide that, "whenever any officer of the Mint shall be temporarily absent from ~~the~~ on account of sickness or any other sufficient cause, it shall be lawful for the Director, with the consent of the said officer, to appoint some person attached to the Mint to act in the place of such officer during his absence." &c. Since my occupation of the office of engraver, I have been so favoured as not to have required the application of this legal provision, to supply my absence; but had it been otherwise, I know not how it could have been carried into effect, there being no person attached to the Mint qualified to discharge the duties of the engraver; and to whose appointment temporarily to fulfil those duties, I could consistently and legally have consented. The possibility, however, of such a contingency, in the present increased operations of the Mint; seems to call for some provision by which it can be promptly met; by attaching to the establishment some person having the requisite qualifications.

That more labour in the department of the engraver will hereafter be required; appears to me a conclusion inevitable from the present state of the general operations of the Mint: The number of working dies, called for

during the present year, is more than four hundred beyond any previous year, and may be regarded as sufficiently indicative of the coming demand.

Apart therefore from any demands likely to be made upon the engraver for the execution of any new designs for the regular coinage; or any new denominations that may be required: there appears to me sufficient reason for the employment of some person attached to the department of the engraver, possessing the skill required for the duties and contingencies to which I have adverted.

If after due consideration, you should see cause to concur in this view: for such a position as I have designated, I should take great pleasure in recommending for permanent employment in the Mint, Mr. Peter F. Cross of Williamsburg N.Y. as a professional engraver; and as being better acquainted with, and skilled in the kind of work required for the coinage than any other person, whose services would be available, with whom I am acquainted: and I have every reason to believe him of unexceptionable moral character.

With regard to the other persons, already employed in the work of preparing or finishing dies; there appears an obvious propriety in placing them, at least while so employed, under the more immediate direction of the engraver, as the officer who is legally

responsible for the operations in which they are engaged.

And so in regard to the machinery and apparatus specially applicable to those operations: Such as the furnaces, tubs &c. required for hardening and tempering, the press required for hubbing; the basins and other fixtures used for grinding and polishing the dies: and the lathes with the tools and implements necessary for forming or reducing the dies. These being essential to the duty devolved upon the Engraver, of "preparing and engraving" the dies.

If the views thus submitted strike you as sufficiently reasonable and expedient — it will gratify me to aid in any way that I can in carrying them out with the least possible disturbance of, or interference with, any arrangements already existing: and should your estimate of their propriety coincide with my own it will be a source of peculiar satisfaction.

With very sincere respect &c
I remain —

J. R. Snowden Esq. { James B. Longacre
Director of the Mint } Engraver

Mint of the United States.

Philad^a. Nov. 14. 1853.

Dear Sir,

I have duly considered your letter of
— inst. Concurring in the view you express of
authorizing me to employ Mr. Peter H. Cross of
Williamstown, N.Y. to assist you in the drawing
pertaining to your office of Engraver. I propose
to fix his compensation at \$300 per day, per month
month. He may so stand on the rolls as your
foreman or such other designation as you think proper,
subject to my sanction.

As the Law enjoins upon you the duty
of preparing and engraving all the dies used in
the Coinage of the Mint, it is proper that the work
done upon them should be under your official
supervision. I have also to say that the workmen
employed in preparing the dies may be considered as
acting under your orders and subject to your directions.
I have to request that you will keep a register of
the dies, as well those turned to the Chief Coiner

of the Mint as those prepared for the Branch
Mints. The registers of the Mississippi gold
bars. No working dies shall be used except
such as have been approved by the Mint. You will
please make a report to me at the end of
the year, of the operations of your department espe-
cially the number and denomination of dies
made and used in the Mint and the Branch
Mints.

I am, very Respectfully,
Yours ob^t Servant

and friend,
James B. Longacre
Director

James B. Longacre
Engraver Mint of the U. S.
Present.

From Supdt. Assay office.
Nov. 14, 1854.

Rec. NOV. 15.

Enclosing letters from Treasurer
& Melter & Refiner to himself.

Difficulty & danger attending
transfer from weigh room to the
melting room at this office - the
remedy - and generally thereon.

U. S. Assay Office, Treasurer's Department.

New York, November 13 1854

Sir

The California Steamers now arrive weekly. Each steamer is likely to bring to this Office from thirty to sixty thousands ounces of bullion.

These deposits are received upon us on the day of their arrival, and as soon as weighed in the weigh-room, have now to be carried by hand across an alley and up a flight of stairs, in the open air, to the melting room, then returned to the weigh-room after melting, and again transported in the same manner to the Treasurer's vault, which is located in the melting room.

The great weight of metal to be thus transported, renders necessary some other means than the employment of workmen. These men are generally occupied with their proper duties just when their services are required in the weigh-room.

Delay is thus occasioned, and even when the men can be spared for this service, much time is required of Officers & Clerks to guard the metal in its transit from one office to the other.

But in addition to the inconvenience of this mode of transferring bullion, I do not consider it safe. Already an accident has occurred to the deposits in transit, by which several

distinct parcels of dust were mixed together,
and nearly an ounce of gold was lost.

In winter, when the alley and stairway
are encumbered with snow and ice, such acci-
dents will be much more likely to occur.

It is absolutely necessary, therefore, that
some method be devised for the safe, convenient
and expeditious transfer of the bullion between
the front and back buildings.

Very Respectfully
Yours etc etc

S J Buttermore Esq

Superintendent

US Assay Office.

John J. Allen
Treasurer.

U. S. Assay Office
Melter & Refiners Department
New York Nov 15th 1854

Sir,

I beg leave to call your attention to the want of some suitable means for taking heavy goods or bullion, in and out of the back building connected with this office. At present it is necessary to lower all the Carboys of Nitric Acid through the Area to the cellar floor, by means of a rope passed through the handles of the Carboys, and as the handles are made of rope and continually become weaker by nitric acid which accidentally gets upon them, accidents occasionally occur of a serious nature. A few days since the handle of ^{the} Carboy broke out while being lowered down, and consequently the Carboy was broken and the acid lost. Fortunately the men who were receiving it below had at the moment stepped aside, otherwise they would doubtless have lost their lives or been seriously injured by the corrosive acid. The quantity of acid which has now to be taken into the building is from 20 to 30 Carboys per day, and you will thus perceive the necessity of some improvement on this method of getting it on to

the platform of the hoistway. The same inconvenience is felt, in regard to all other heavy goods which pass in and out of the building, and I consider it highly important that we should have direct access to the hoistway from the yard without being obliged to first take them up one flight of stairs, or lower them to the floor below, and I know of no plan by which this could be effected with so little expense and so great convenience, as by cutting a small door through three courses of the granite base which is under the south wall of the hoistway. The upper course of granite would not have to be disturbed, and as this is very heavy I have no doubt but that it has abundant strength to support the wall above. This however should be determined by competent architects, and if in their judgment it will be safe to make this alteration, it is highly important that it should be made at the earliest moment.

Very Respectfully
Your obt. Servt

Edward W. Kent
Melter & Refiner

United States Assay Office.

New York, Apr. 14, 1854.

Sir,

I enclose a communication made to me by the Treasurer of this Office, setting forth the inconveniences and risk under which the transfers of bullion have now to be made between the Weigh-room & the melting-room. In accordance with the 5th regulation, I have, in conjunction with the Treasurer and the Melters & Refiner, made a careful examination of the premises, & have satisfied myself that the difficulties stated by Mr. Cress are serious, and that a remedy must be provided.

I am also satisfied, from my own observation & from the statement of the Melters & Refiner, that the three furnaces of the Deposit-melting room are insufficient to perform the melting with that dispatch which the interest of our depositors requires. To remedy all these evils, I have therefore determined upon the following arrangement.

* I also enclose a letter from the Melters & Refiner giving the results of an attention in the Weighing.

The deposit-melting is to be performed in the three furnaces heretofore used for fine gold and two additional one to be erected on the same wall, viz. the West wall of the third floor. The present deposit-melting furnaces, are to be used for fine gold.

The middle window of the Weigh-room opening upon the yard is to be converted into a door, through which the cars, loaded with locked pans & boxes containing the deposits, will be drawn to the hoistway. The only opening to the hoistway, however, being on the level of the basement floor, nine or ten feet below the flagging of the yard, I have, after consulting Mr. Conover the Mason who erected the building, directed an opening to be cut through the side of the hoistway, sufficient to permit the loaded cars to be drawn upon the platform for the purpose of being hoisted to the Melting room on the third floor. I may add that by this arrangement an expense of at least \$600 will be saved, by dispensing with separate hoisting machines.

To save the labor and delay of returning the melts from the 3^d floor to the Weigh-room, & bringing them back for delivery to the Melter

& Refiner, and also for the purpose of having a proper supervision of the melting of deposits and of the loss accruing thereon, I propose that an additional clerk be allowed to the Treasurer to be styled Clerk of the Melting room, who shall take charge of all deposits received from the Weigh-room, deliver the same for melting, superintend the casting of the ingots, the gathering the grains, & the stamping the ingots with their proper numbers. I propose that this clerk shall be stationed in the Melting-room; that he be furnished with a balance, upon which he shall make the second weighing of deposits, & that this weighing shall be in the presence of the Melter & Refiner (or his Assistant,) to whom the bullion is thereupon delivered, - each entering the weights in separate books & comparing results as is done at the Mint on deliveries of ingots & clippings. - With each deposit received by the Clerk of the Melting-room from the Weigh-room will be a card containing number name & weight, from which he will transcribe to his weigh-book, and to these cards he will add the weight after melting & return them to the Weigh-clerk who will transcribe the second weight to his weigh-book. These clerks will compare their books daily.

I have spoken above of the Clerk of the Melting-room as an additional clerk to the Treasurer. In point of fact no increase of Clerks would be necessary. There are now two clerks in the Way-room; but with the arrangement proposed one of them could without detriment be transferred to the Melting-room. It will be necessary however to increase the force of Melters, and three or four additional hands will be required. An increase in the capacity of our deposit-melting room is the more necessary as, owing to the arrival of the Californian Steamers immediately at this port, the bullion is all pressed upon us in one day, each depositor being anxious to realize the proceeds at the earliest possible moment.

I apprised the Department some time since of the necessity of putting iron gratings to the lower windows of the Custom House through which there is now free access to the Alley & yard of the Army Office. Until this is done I am obliged to keep on duty two extra door-keepers.

Very respectfully,

Your obt. Servt.

Wm. M. Snowden,

Director of the Mint,

Philadelphia.

Sam. F. Butterworth

Supt

Franklin Bank of Portage County,

Franklin Mills, Ohio Nov 1854

James B. Smith Esq. Director

Dear Sir,

Your favor of the is received with Enclosure.

I have your my of 1000 \$2000 New York
for which please send me at your earliest
convenience Gold

20 1500
10 4 5 500

Very Resp Chas. P. Kelly

Office Assistant Treasurer U.S.
Boston Nov 14. 1854

Sir

Yours of the 11th is recd.
The silver coin sent by you was very
well assorted and is perhaps as
convenient as it would have been
if divided as I requested.

Your Obedt Servt

James H. Snowden Esq }
Supt of U.S. Mint }
Philadelphia Pa }

William W. Brand
Assistant Treasurer
U.S.
Boston

Treasury Department
Nov. 14. 1854.

Sir

I send by this mail
a Box containing a specimen of ore with a
note from the person from whom it was received.
I will thank you (unless it be inconvenient to do
so) to comply with the wishes of the party and
to return his note to this office with the
result of the assay.

I am very Resp^t,
James Guthrie
Sec Treasury.

J. R. Snowden
Director of the Mint
Philad^a

Statement of Deposits and Coinage
At the Branch Mints at New Orleans, Pahloniga & the Assay Office N.Y. for October 1854
of Charlotte Deposits

Description of Bullion	Branch Mint New Orleans	Branch Mint Savannah	Branch Mint Charlotte	Assay Office New York (from Oct. 10 th)
Foreign Coin				
Foreign Bullion	\$3,435.59			\$4,869.00
U. S. Bullion	26,140.12	\$21,132.70	\$61,228.26	1594,511.02
Total Gold	\$29,576.01	\$21,132.70	\$61,228.26	\$1,599,380.02
Silver				
Foreign Coin	\$5,745.15			\$5,419.16
Foreign Bullion	4,022.33			
U. S. Coin (standard)	14,728.86			
U. S. Bullion	175.34			12,253.31
Total Silver	\$24,671.58			\$17,674.47
Denomination	Coinage			
	Pieces value	Pieces value	Pieces value	Pieces value
Half Eagles		3,687 \$18,435	3,261 \$16,305	
Three Dollar	11,000 \$33,000			
Bars				100 \$369,780.78
Total Gold	11,000 \$33,000	3,687 \$18,435	3,261 \$16,305	100 \$369,780.78
Half Dollars	500,000 250,000			
Quarter Dollars	300,000 75,000			
Total Silver	800,000 \$225,000			
Total Gold & Silver	811,000 \$358,000	3,687 \$18,435	3,261 \$16,305	100 \$369,780.78
payable in Bars				\$1,517,203.92
payable in Coin				77,850.57
				1,617,054.49

November 13, 4

Sir, The enclosed Statement exhibits the
operations of the Branch Agents at New Orleans,
Leakewega, Charlotte and the Adm. Office at
New York, for the month of October 1854.

I have the honor to be,
With great respect,
Your faithful servant,
Samuel R. McCallen,
Director.

Hon James Guthrie,
Sec. of the Treasury,
Washington City,

U. S. Assay Office,
New York, Nov 18 1854

Sir

We need the services of an
experienced granulator; Prof
Kent informs me that David
Cornell has recently been discharged
from the Mint and that he would
prefer him to any other person.
If you can ascertain the
whereabout of Cornell you will
oblige me if you will send him
on, let him come prepared to
remain. Our melting furnaces
are unequal to the public demand.
I have directed two additional to
be put up which I hope may
meet your approval.

Respy
Wm. F. Patterson
Supt.
Hon^d Jas. Ross Snowden }
Director }

Nov 13 9

My dear Sir,

I wished to see you this morning in order to say that on a re-consideration of the question of the bonds, it seems to be expected that security should be given. I have therefore concluded to wait until your return from New York when we can have a Conference on the subject. I send home, for your information and that of your partners, the tract which I signed on Saturday. After you have had some understanding with the other gentlemen concerned we will be able to arrange the matter satisfactorily on your return.

I am, my dear Sir, Very truly,
Samuel R. Mendenhall

E. C. Sanford Esq.

William 3rd St.

New York

Post. Please return the bond.

Mint of the United States Philad.^a Nov. 13. 1854

Dear Sir

Having examined the Reducing Lathe offered to the Mint by the executors of the late Mr. Wright of New York; I am able to state that it appears to be in perfect order, and well adapted to aid the engraver in the execution of original dies for coins or medals; It ought however to be cleaned and packed by a skillful mechanician, which will cost about \$20. — The person who was engaged in its construction and who appears to be competent and reliable, is willing to undertake this duty.

The price at which it is offered to the Mint (\$250.) is certainly much below its original cost; which I am satisfied could not have been much less than \$500. —

The Mint is in possession of a similar machine; but as this possesses some advantages; I deem its acquisition by the government, of importance, in view of any work requiring its employment hereafter; and should it pass into other hands, there is no probability that it could be obtained on terms so favourable as those now offered.

J. R. Snowden Esq.
Director

Very Respectfully
Your obt. Servt. &c.

James B. Longacre
Engraver

Directed Mr. Longacre
to purchase the lathe as required.
J. R. S.

Frampton Nov 13th 1834.

Saml. Hays Esq.

Treas. U.S. Mint.

Sir

We have received
your esteemed favor of the 10th inst. - and
take note thereof.

Owing to the falling off of the demand
for Copper Coin, we have now on hand
a large amount, nearly \$15,000.

We therefore prefer to wait awhile,
until you can remit the amount of
our bills unpaid, to increasing our
stock of coin -

There has been no reduction in the
price of raw copper for more than a
year past - until within a short time, since
we believe, our last shipment of planchets.

It has been an intention to reduce
the price of planchets, on the decline in
the raw copper, & now propose to charge
38 cents, for what you may order, until
a further decline may warrant a

am making a still further reduction.
Hoping the foregoing propositions may
meet your approval -
All remain.

Very Respectfully

Yours.

Geo. W. D. L.

U. S. Assay Office, Treasurer's Department.

New York, November 13 1854

Sir

I forwarded to you on the 9th
inst. per Adams Express Company, two boxes of
gold bullion and two boxes of silver bullion, val-
ued at One hundred thousand one hundred & seventy
seven 26/100 Dollars, the receipt of which you will
please acknowledge, and enclose me the usual Mint
Receipts therefor.

Very Respectfully
Yours Obedt Servt.

Daniel Sturgeon Esq
Treas^r U.S. Mint
Philadelphia

Wm. J. Cicer
Treasurer.

Sir a copy of ap. of the
new book you sent us has
been made & I am
happy to state that the
scritts work as good
& convenient as practical
operation & speaking with
allowance

Yours truly
J. P. V.

N. A. S.
Nov 11. 1834

V. F. Butterworth
New York
N. Y.

Clerk

November 20, 1861

Sir,
I have received your letter of the 10th inst.
with the enclosed letter. The terms of your
monthly and weekly report are very pleasant
and satisfactory.

I have this day received a letter from the
Secretary of the Treasury in which he states
that the Commission on the subject of the
to be established and that the Commission
in New York, at a salary of \$4 per day, Sundays
excepted, is hereby authorized.

I am, very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
John P. Thompson

John P. Thompson & Co.
Dept. of the Treasury
New York

It will be in accordance with your
request with the Department to issue a draft on the Mint in
favor of your office for \$1000 payable in full, which when presented
will be paid in full.

U. S. Assay Office,
New York, Nov. 11, 1854.

Sir, I send enclosed a
report of the business of
this office for the week
ending this day.

Very respectfully

Yours obt. servt.
Saml. F. Bitterworth
Supt.

Hon. J. R. Snowden,
Director of the Mint.

Nov 11. 4

Sir,
Your letter of the 9th inst. stating
that you had notice from the Secretary of
the Treasury of his having received some
silver coin sent to your office, and requesting
the same to be sent in certain denominations
was received this morning, to late however
for a compliance with your request, and
the same was sent to your office on the
day on which your letter is dated.

If you write in future let not
time run out as to the denomination of
coin desired, we will with great pleasure
comply with your request.

I am, Sir, Very Respectfully,
Your Obedt Servt
Director

Wm. H. Boardman, Esq
Asst. Treasurer U.S.
Boston.

Nov. 11th 4.

Sir. By the request of the Sec^y of the Treasury, I have ordered the construction of a large balance for your Office. It will be completed in a few days. As it requires considerable skill to put up such balances, my present object in writing to you is to inquire whether you can in your City, obtain the services of a person accustomed to such a duty or one who would be competent to do it. In order the better to guard against any injury by transportation, it will, of course, be taken apart and separately packed, hence the necessity of having a competent mechanic to put it up and arrange it for use. If necessary, I can send a proper person from this City, but I suppose this expense may be avoided.

The balance I will send you will be

Post. 11. 2

Dr.

By the receipt of the
instrument, I have received the contents
of a large balance for your office. I will
be happy to see you in a few days. It is
impossible for me to visit you at present
as I am at present in a very bad state of
health. I am, however, very anxious to
see you and to hear of your success in
your business. I am, very respectfully,
Dear Sir,
Yours,
J. H. H.

a beautiful and accurate one, calculated
to weigh from 2500 to 5000 lbs., or any
less amount.

I intend to send it by canal and
Steamboat; that mode of transportation
is better for an article of so much delicacy of
manufacture.

I am, very respectfully,

Directed

Isaac R. Sturgeon, Esq.,
Mlt. Treasurer, &c.,
St. Louis,
Mo.

B.S. when adverting to the estimates
of this Mint, for the next fiscal
year, I should have explained
that the appropriation for Salaries
is greater than that at Rec for
heretofore in consequence of the
increase in the Salaries of the
clerks of the Mint authorized by
the last general appropriations
bill and since fixed by the
President Pro. at the rate
estimated for.

Nov. 11. 4

an intendant of the Spain office informs me that it will be necessary for that office to be supplied with say \$10,000 in Spanish currency in May, and that deposits of Spain who have acted against that office. I have endeavored as much as possible to avoid the striking of the coin, as it is no longer one of circulation, but an operation, under the existing laws known & right to act for it. I have to regret that you will cause a loss deeper to be incurred in favor of the Dea union of the Spain office on the Dea union of the Spain office for the also union (100,000) in Spain, which it will cause to be paid in Spain Spain.

I have the honor to be
With great respect,
Your obedient servant,

James D. Richardson
Director.

Hon. James Smith.
 Sec. of the Treasury.
 Wash. D. C.

Nov 20, 4.

Sir,

In compliance with the Act of March 4, 1863
1877, I present herewith a quarterly statement of the
expenditures of the Branch Mint San Francisco for
the 3rd Q. 1877.

The statements of the expenses of that B^{ch}
of the Mint for the 1st & 2nd Q. of the year not having
been properly prepared, have been retained & the
Supt. has been instructed to furnish corrected
statements for which as soon as received will
be transmitted to you.

In transmitting the enclosed statement
the Superintendent states that it does not
include the amount paid by the balance.

I have the honor to be,
With great respect,
Your faithful servant,
James W. Patterson.
Supt.

Wm James Guthrie
Sec. of the Treasury
Washington City.

Nov 10th 9.

Sir, Your letter of the 8th inst. enclosing
a draft for ~~10000~~ has been received and
the amount returned to you per Express in
the denomination of ten guineas in
your letter.

I am, Very Respectfully,
Yours &c. &c. &c.
James Wolfeenden

Genl. Northrup Esq
Cash Account &c.
Nassau St
N.Y.

March 18th 930.00
June 26 200.00

Treasury Department,
First Auditor's Office,
Nov 11. 1854.

Sir

I will thank you to inform me whether any
payments were made by you to Isaiah Bird, on
account of articles furnished by him for the Assay
Office at New York, and if so, the amounts and
dates of such payments.

Very respectfully, &c.

J. L. Smith
First Auditor

James R. Snowden Esq
Director of the U. S. Mint
Philadelphia

November 13th 4.

Sir,
Your letter of the 11th inst has been received.
In reply, I have to state that two payments were
made by me to Isaiah Bird on account of
the Army office at New York, of the following ^{least} amounts.
By March 18th 1854, \$950. June 26th \$200 (on a/c) making
\$1150, in all.

I have the honor to be,

With great respect,

Your obedient servant,

Samuel R. Snodden
Lieut. Col.

J. L. Smith, Esq.
First Auditor
Treasury Department,
Washington City.

Yours ever truly affectionate friend
Wm. Lloyd Garrison

Yours ever truly affectionate friend
Nov. 11. 4
My dear Sir,
I have read with surprise,
and I may say some indignation, that
part of a recent article in the Evening
Post of your late intimation "An hour
at the Agency office" which mentions
my name in connexion with that
office.

As you have full knowledge of
my anxious and successful efforts
to carry into effect the laws establishing the
Agency office and put it into successful
operation - and to furnish you with a
large amount of free land to enable
you to make your first payments, I
have to ask you to state, in such form
as you may think proper, to the Editor
of that paper that he has misinterpreted
my action on this subject.

I put great confidence that

Nov. 29th 4

Sir,

I have your favor of yesterday
relating the proposed changes in your office
which I have transmitted to the Depart-
ment. Also your communication in regard
to the transmission of fine bars instead of
unpainted callions. As soon as I hear
from Washington on either of these points
I will write to you.

The enclosed bill of Messrs H. Butterfield
ought to be paid. Will you please attend to it.
I would be glad also if our Treasurer had
been reimbursed the amt paid for wages &
the bill of which I believe have been
forwarded to you.

I will send to morrow the bill left
here by Mr. Manning with a receipt.

Very Respectfully
Yours at command,

Sam H. Butterfield Esq
Capt & Surg. Major
New York

Samuel R. Knickerbocker
Director

To. Oct, 31,

1,599,350.12

Am't of deposits Payable in Bars

1,517,203.92

4 Ar

45,960.00

11th Ar

~~9,120.00~~

830,000.00

19

209,812.00

28

2,602,975.92

Payable Coin 1,000,000

250,000

9120

99,850.57

\$1,398,970.57

Nov. 10th

4

Sir,

I have prepared a bond to be signed by the persons concerned in the "Adams & Co. Express", but in consequence of the temporary absence of Mr. Sandford, who represents the House here, the arrangements have not been completed.

I write this line to account for the delay and to state that on his return to the city the matter will be attended to.

I have the honor to be
with great respect,
Your faithful servant,

James R. Venable.
Secretary.

Hon. James Guthrie
Sec. of the Treasury
Washington City.

Received of The Treasurer of The
U.S. Assay Office, New York, Two boxes of
gold bullion, and Two boxes of Silver bullion,
valued at One Hundred Thousand One hundred
& Twenty Seven 26/100 dollars, which we agree
to deliver to The Treasury of The U.S. Mint,
Philadelphia, at ...
we insuring against loss.

Gold \$ 94,648.74
Silver 5,528.52

100,177.26

U.S. Assay Office
New York Nov 9, 1854

Wm. Adams & Co. per pay
by *[Signature]*

Boston Nov. 10. 1854

Dear Sir,

I send herewith the page of the American Almanac for 1854, containing the names of the Principal Officers of Mint & Branches, the Coinage &c. Will you be kind enough to have the list corrected & returned to me for publication in the volume for 1855? And will you also send me a copy of your report for the year 1853, from which I can get the deposits & coinage for that year? I should also be much obliged to you for the Amount of the coinage from Jan. 1854 to 30 Sept. 1854. as in the foot note last year. I have on the reverse page left in a similar note, blanks for the figures.

Robert Patterson Esq. last year & in former years, was kind enough
J. R. Snowden Esq.
Director, U. S. Mint. Phila.

to furnish this information
for the Almanac, & perhaps,
he may be at liberty to do
the same for me this year.

With many thanks for your
courtesy of last year

I am,

Yours obt. servt

Glo. P. Sanger
Ed. Am. Almanac.

I would add. that the
Printer is hurrying me, & that
it would confer an additional
favor upon me, to have the sheet
& document sent me at an early
day.

Nov 13th 4

Dear Sir,

In compliance with the
request contained in your letter of the
10th inst. I send you two copies of
my report to the President of the U.S.
on the operations of the mint and
branches for the year 1853. Together with
my reports on the value of certain
foreign coins. I also have prepared,
and herewith enclose, a statement
showing the amt. ~~of deposits~~ ^{of deposits}
received of the mint and branches, for
Jan. 1. 1854 to Sept 30. 1854.

I am, very respectfully,

Your obedient,

Samuel R. Knickerbocker

Mint.

Jos. Peabody Esq

Esq. New York

Wm. P. M.

Summary of the Coinage executed at the
Mint of the U. States and its Branches from Jan 1st to Dec 31st 1834.

<u>Species</u>	<u>Pieces</u>	<u>Value</u>
Double Eagles	750813	\$ 15,016.260
Eagles	177374	1,773.740
H. Eagles	514,697	2,573,485
Three Dollars	129,998	389.994
Dr. Eagles	667,759	1,669,397.50
Dollars	1,002,303	1,002,303
Gold Bars		9,476.546.62
Unminted Bars		4,086.479.
<u>Totals</u>	<u>3,243,144.</u>	<u>\$35,990,203.12</u>

<u>Specie</u>	<u>Value</u>	<u>Value</u>
Dollars	33,140	33,140
H. Dollars	6,68,000	3,384,000
Dr. "	11,796,000	2,944,000
Three Dollars	3,530,000	380,000
H. Dollars	3,800,000	290,000
Three Dollars	400,000	12,000
<u>Total</u>	<u>28,627,140</u>	<u>\$7,051,140</u>
<u>Specie</u>	<u>3,777,559</u>	<u>37,775.89</u>
<u>Total Coinage</u>	<u>32,404,699</u>	<u>\$40,077,121.12</u>

From January 1, 1854 to September 30, 1854.
double eagles; eagles; half-eagles;
quarter eagles; gold dollars, and in fine bars \$
were coined. The total gold coinage in value for the nine months was \$
; silver coinage \$; copper \$. The
whole number of pieces coined in the nine months was . Val-
ue, \$

any three dollar gold pieces?

From
E. P. Sawyer
Ex Am. Museum
Boston
Information
re to coinage
Jan. 13, 1854

New York Assay Office
S. F. Butterworth, Superintendent

1854.]

MINT.

203

Officers of the Mint at Philadelphia.

	Salary.		Salary.
J. R. Snowden, Director,	\$ 3,500	James C. Booth, Melter and Refiner,	\$ 2,000
Daniel Sturgeon, Treasurer,	2,000	Jas. B. Longacre, Engraver,	2,000
Franklin Peale, Chief Coiner,	2,000	W. E. Dubois, Assist. Assayer,	1,500
Jacob R. Eckfeldt, Assayer,	2,000		

Officers of the Branch at New Orleans, La.

Charles Bienvenu, Superint.,	\$ 2,500	A. J. Guivot, Coiner,	\$ 2,000
Howard Millsapugh, Assayer,	2,000	James Brewer, Treasurer,	4,000
M. F. Bonzano, Melter & Refiner,	2,000		

Officers of the Branch at Dahlonega, Ga.

J. M. Patton, Sup. and Treas.,	\$ 2,000	John D. Field, Jr., Coiner,	\$ 1,500
Isaac L. Todd, Assayer,	1,500		

Officers of the Branch at Charlotte, N. C.

G. W. Caldwell, Sup. & Treas.,	\$ 2,000	Emmor Graham, Coiner,	\$ 1,500
John H. Gibbon, Assayer,	1,500		

Officers of the Branch at San Francisco.

L. A. Birdsall, Superintendent,	\$ 4,500	J. Hewston, Melter & Refiner,	\$ 3,500
---------------------------------	----------	-------------------------------	----------

1. Statement of the Deposits for Coinage, at the Mint of the United States and its Branches, in the Year 1852.

GOLD.			
Coins of the United States, old standard,	\$ 13,323		
Foreign Coins,	878,806		
United States Bullion,	54,606,963		
Foreign Bullion,	218,396		
Total of Gold,		\$ 53,717,488	
SILVER.			
United States Bullion,	\$ 404,494		
Foreign Bullion,	132,086		
Foreign Coins,	534,411		
Total of Silver,		1,070,991	
Total of Gold and Silver,		\$ 54,788,479	

2. Statement of the Coinage of the Mint of the United States and its Branches in the Year 1852.

Denominations.	Pieces.	Value.	Denominations.	Pieces.	Value.
GOLD.			SILVER.		
Double Eagles,	2,213,036	\$ 44,850,920	Dollars,	1,000	1,000
Eagles,	981,106	2,811,060	Half Dollars,	921,130	110,563
Half Eagles,	737,927	3,689,635	Quarter Dollars,	973,060	68,263
Quarter Eagles,	1,313,331	3,283,827.50	Dimes,	1,983,500	196,350
Dollars,	2,201,145	2,201,145	Half Dimes,	18,683,500	233,175
Total Gold,	6,176,735	\$ 56,846,187.50	Total,	21,134,190	1,309,563
COPPER.			Total Coinage.		
Cents,	5,063,004	50,630.94			
Gold and Copper Coins,	11,839,829	\$ 56,896,818.44			

From Jan. 1, 1852, to Sept. 30, 1852, 2,233,935 double eagles, 1,000,000 eagles, 1,004,675 half eagles, 2,700,140 quarter eagles, 9,267,071 gold dollars, and in fine bars, \$ 44,788,070.50, were coined. The total gold coinage in value for the 9 months was \$ 44,788,070.50; silver \$ 1,309,563; copper \$ 50,630.94. The whole number of pieces coined in the nine months was 11,839,829. Value, \$ 56,896,818.44.

See over

United States Assay Office.

New York, Nov. 10, 1854.

Sir,

I send enclosed a corrected report of the business of this Office for the month of October, and also a report from Nov. 1 to 4th inclusive; - both of which have been prepared conformably with your suggestions of the 1st inst. If the form of these reports meets your approval, I will adopt it in my future weekly & monthly returns.

The weekly reports, made up on Saturday, can only be approximately correct. The monthly reports I propose to render after the calculations shall have been completed, so that they may exhibit the amounts correctly.

Very respectfully,

Yours obt. Servt.
Sam^l F. Butterworth
Supt.

Hon. J. R. Snowden,
Director of the Mint
Philadelphia. }

Treasury Department
November 10th 1854.

Sir:

Your letter of the 8th instant is received, and in reply I have to state that the temporary employment of M^r. O. De Forest to Calculate and Stamp Vails at the Assay Office in New York, at a salary of \$4 per day, Sundays excluded, is hereby authorized.

Very Respectfully
Yours Obedt. Servt.
James Guthrie
Secretary of the Treasury.

J. R. Snowden Esq
Director U. S. Mint
Philadelphia
Pa.

Sir,

November 9. 4.

In November last I sent Mr James McTunk to California to be engaged as a workman in the Branch. It was then under a stipulation that his necessary expenses to and from his residence should be paid and that he should receive a per diem allowance of \$3, from the time of his arrival there until his actual employment at the Branch. Mr Tunk arrived there on the 16th December and commenced work at the Branch on the 23rd January following. He was 88 days awaiting work and is therefore entitled to receive the sum of \$93. The Superintendent states that this sum was not paid him, in consequence of his name not having been included in the list of Workmen sent out in November last. Mr Tunk has lately returned from California and has called on me for the above amount, to which he is entitled by the terms of our agreement. As it will be inconvenient and cause some delay for the Superintendent to transmit to Mr Tunk the amount due, it is desirable that ^{some} ~~the~~ should be paid here, and I will thank you to cause a draft to be issued in my favor for the above amount (\$93) for that purpose.

I have the honor to be, with great respect,

Your faithful servant,
James Roper, Receiver.

Handwritten signature,
Sec. of the Treasury,

3257
6500
1750
TAS-00

Mint of the United States,

Philadelphia, November 10th 1854.

Copy

Sir,

I enclose a bill of Mr. Schively for porcelain
Pots, which is properly payable at your office.

The Treasurer of the Mint has received the
bullion sent over by the Treasurer of your office in
payment of the transfer draft for \$500,000.

I am, very Respectfully,

(Sign) Wm. R. Brown

Director

Sam. F. Bullenworth, Esq.,
Supt. Assay Office,
New York.

Office Assistant Treasurer
U.S. Boston Nov 9. 1854

J. H. Snowden Esq

I have just
rec'd notice from the Secy of the
Treasury that he has ordered some
silver coin sent here. He found
what we had before inconveniently
selected for our use. Will you
please send when you forward to
us Thirtyfive Thousand Dollars in
halves & quarters each and twenty
Thousand in dimes & the balance
in half dimes.

Yrs truly
Othamar W. Beard

U. S. Assay Office, Treasurer's Department.

New York, November 9 1854

Sir

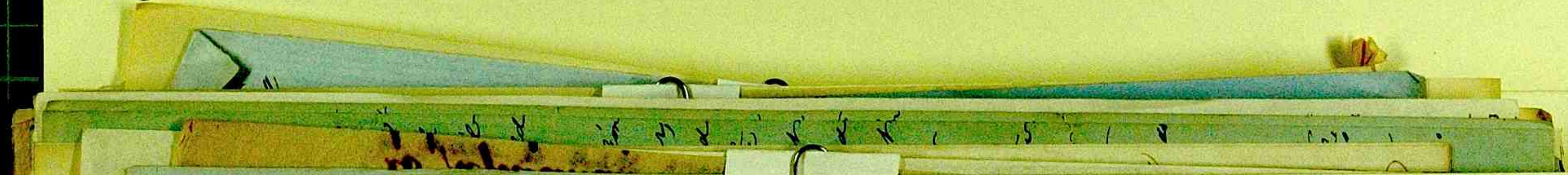
I have this day forwarded by
Adams & Co. express, per instructions received
from the Secretary of the Treasury, Ten bars
of Gold bullion, valued at \$ 4,448.74
and Ten bars of Silver bullion, valued at
\$ 5,522.52 per their receipt and my state-
ment enclosed.

Very Respectfully
Yours Obedt

Treasurer of U. S. Mint
Philadelphia.

Wm. J. Miller
Treasurer

U.S. MINT GENERAL CORRESPONDENCE 1854/DECEMBER



Examiner should advise branch interest on demand or time loans should be collected at least every six months; and that mere payment of interest is not considered a renewal of the formal extension agreement is signed by all parties or the laws of the State provide otherwise. A new note, if practicable, at each maturity date is preferable.

SLOW AND DOUBTFUL PAPER AND LOSSES ON LOANS

List here all paper, including overdue paper, called for by this schedule. State briefly in each case the reason for the classification, and such further information as may be deemed appropriate. Give maturity dates of "bad debts" and other overdue paper subject to classification.

[illegible]

Use Form 1425-R for continuation of list.

December 14, 4

Sir,

For the purpose of providing as far as possible, an effectual check on the "High Clerk" of the Assay Office at New-York, the Superintendent has employed Mr. B. D. Osborne as Foreman of Deposits at a compensation of \$8.50 per day. As the employment of a suitable person in this capacity is required by the General regulations lately prescribed with Your approval for the government of that Office, and as Mr. Osborne is represented to be a competent and reliable person, I have to ask your approval of his employment as above.

I have the honor to be,
With great respect,
Your faithful servant,
James R. Thompson
Director.

Hon. James Guthrie,
Secy. of the Treasury,
Washington City,

Treasury Department
Dec^r. 14. 1838.

Sir,

It is appears, that there is the sum of \$10,557.39
in your hands - being the bal. of the profits of the Copper
account - I will thank you to deposit the amount in
the Mayamensing Bank to the credit of the Treasurer of
~~the Treasury~~ of the United States in special account.

I remain very Respy
Yours Obedt. S^t

Wm. Woodbury
Sec. of the Treasury

The Treasurer of the Mint
Philad^a.

From - Secretary of Treasury
Dec. 14. 1838.

Requesting the Treas. of the
Mint to deposit \$10,551.37
to the credit of the T. U. S.
being balance of profits
on copper coinage, ~~as~~ ^{3d} ~~set~~
prior to new law 18th Jan 1837

Enclosed is a Certificate
from the Comptroller of the
Mint that the above amount
has been deposited as
directed.

Secretary of the Treasury
Dec 14 1838
A duplicate of the certificate
of these deposits referred to
by the drawing enclosed

Philadelphia Dec: 14 - 1854

Dr Sir

We agree severally to
furnish the United States
Mint with Sulfuric acid as
specified in your favor of
yesterday, presuming that
the Sulfuric acid will be
equally divided between us two
as heretofore. The contract
to commence 1st January of
next then year & terminate on first
of July 1854, ^{ie. forty months}
Very respectfully
Nicolas Farley & Co

Permes Wrightman

G. P. O'Connor & Co
admiral

Extract. from the letter of

From A. Leung & Co.
" Powers & Weightman

Contract for supply of acids
for the alkalis from Jan 1st 1853
for six months

Recd Dec 16th 1853

Dear Sir

We accept contract to
supply the alkalic acids for
month as you proposed.

Very respectfully
A. Leung & Co

J. R. Snowden Esq
Director U. S. Mint

Filed Dec: 14-1853

Mont of the United States.

Philadelphia, December 18th, 1854.

Sir,

In compliance with the request contained in your letter of the 11th inst., I have caused to be struck, and herewith forward, one hundred specimens of the bronze cent therein referred to, and have the honor now to recapitulate the various points of information on that subject, which have heretofore been communicated to the Department. In so doing, it will perhaps best subserve the wishes of the Department, and of Committees in Congress, if I should present the project of a Law, in several sections, with explanatory remarks appended each section.

An act relating to the coinage of cents:

Sec. 1. Be it enacted, &c., that from and after the passage of this Act the standard weight of the cent coined at the Mint of the United States shall be ninety six grains, or two tenths of one ounce Troy, with no greater deviation than four grains in single piece; and that the coinage of half-cent shall cease.

Remarks: The present weight of the cent is 168 grains; at the current price of copper, the government is barely saved from loss the coinage, and is every day liable to become an actual loser. By the experience of every country has settled this point, that the denominations of coin are not made acceptable on account of the market value, but on account of the government stamp, and the

inconvenience of having such pieces for small transactions. For the proposed reduction of the weight of the cent, we have abundant precedents. In 1792, the legal weight was 264 grains; early in 1793, it was reduced to 208 grains; in 1796, in pursuance of legal authorization, President Washington issued a proclamation reducing the cent to 168 grains, the present legal standard. In France at this day, the piece of ten centimes, say two cents of our money, weighs less than our cent, yet it passes freely. Dealers all over the country will feel obliged for such an unloading of copper as the change from 168 to 96 grains would produce. The allowance of four grains for deviation is a customary "remedy of the mint," and is necessary for practical operations. The omission of the half-cent scarcely needs a remark. It is useless. People will not take the trouble to make a cent with two pieces of money.

Sect. 2. Be it further enacted, that the said cent shall be composed of copper with any admixture not exceeding five per cent in weight, of metals which may render it more suitable for the purposes of coin. And the devices upon said cent shall express its coinage denomination and date of coinage.

Remarks: In regard to the various experiments recently made here, as to the desirableness of introducing a german silver cent, I presume it will not be necessary here to recapitulate the correspondence which is already in the possession of the department, and which I presume will be laid before the Committee in Congress, to whom it is your desire to refer this subject. A decided preference for the copper coin, if its weight can be reduced to 96 grains, is ^{the} sensation to which my mind is brought after a careful consideration of the advantages

and objections on both sides. The allowance of one per cent for the admixture of other metals - tin and zinc being intended - is to make an alloy which will improve the color and reduce the liability to corrosion and foulness. It is the same as the French and used for coinage under the name of bronze, but I have avoided that term as being vaguely applied among us to very different metallic mixtures and colorings.

Sec. 8. Be it further enacted that it shall be at the discretion of the Director of the Mint, with the concurrence of the Secretary of the Treasury, to cause the planchets for the cent coinage to be prepared at a private manufactory, as heretofore provided by law, or at a mint, under the supervision of the Director or such officer of the mint as he may designate, and the profits arising from the sale and distribution of said coinage, after deducting expenses of transportation as provided for in the 30th section of the Act of March 3, 1837, relative to the Mint, shall be paid from time to time to the Treasury of the United States.

Remarks - It seems quite obvious that the mint ought not to be compelled to prepare planchets, to procure the supply of planchets for coinage from a private or private manufactory, as the mint is not a manufactory. It is better to leave the planchets to be prepared at a definite place, and that location will only confer the honor upon the Director, with the approbation of the Secretary of the Treasury, of having this business done under his own direction. It is not to be supposed that any fault with the present manufacture of planchets, unless in fact it is quite satisfactory.

Sec. 11. Be it further enacted that it shall be at the discretion of the Director of the Mint, with the concurrence of the Secretary of the